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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

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First Named Inventor or Application Identifier			
TOSHIAKI IGARASHI ET AL.			
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APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, DC 20231

1. [X] Fee Transmittal Form *(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)*
2. [X] Specification — *Total Pages* 291
3. [X] Drawing(s) *(35 USC 113)* — *Total Sheets* 87
4. [ ] Oath or Declaration — *Total Pages*
   a. [ ] Newly executed (original or copy)
   b. [ ] Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) *(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)* ***[Note Box 5 below]***
      i. [ ] DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed Statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. [ ] Incorporation By Reference *(useable if Box 4b is checked)* The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
6. [ ] Microfiche Computer Program *(Appendix)*
7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission *(if applicable, all necessary)*
   a. [ ] Computer Readable Copy
   b. [ ] Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
   c. [ ] Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. [ ] Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
9. [ ] 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement *(when there is an assignee)* [ ] Power of Attorney
10. [ ] English Translation Document *(if applicable)*
11. [ ] Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 [ ] Copies of IDS Citations
12. [ ] Preliminary Amendment
13. [X] Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) *(Should be specifically itemized)*
14. [ ] Small Entity Statement(s) [ ] Statement filed in prior application Status still proper and desired
15. [ ] Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) *(if foreign priority is claimed)*
16. [X] Other: Transmittal Letter Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53 and M.P.E.P. 601.01

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, *check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:*
[ ] Continuation [ ] Divisional [ ] Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. ___/_____

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CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
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19. Small entity status
    - a. ☐ A Small entity statement is enclosed
    - b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
    - c. ☐ Is no longer claimed.

20. ☒ A check in the amount of $ 3,384.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.

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    - b. ☐ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.17.
    - c. ☐ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.18.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED	
NAME	Abigail F. Cousins, Registration No. 29,292
SIGNATURE	Abigail Cousins
DATE	January 30, 1998

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PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	)	
	:	Examiner: Unassigned
TOSHIAKI IGARASHI ET AL.	)	
	:	Group Art Unit: Unassigned
Application No.: Unassigned	)	
	:	
Filed: Herewith	)	
	:	
For: NETWORK DATA BASE CONTROL DEVICE AND METHOD THEREOF	)	Date: January 30, 1998

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

TRANSMITTAL LETTER UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.53
AND M.P.E.P. § 601.01

Sir:

Enclosed herewith for filing is a specification under 37 C.F.R. § 1.71; claims under 37 C.F.R. § 1.75; and drawings under 37 C.F.R. § 1.81 for a patent application for NETWORK DATA BASE CONTROL DEVICE AND METHOD THEREOF on behalf of the inventor under 37 C.F.R. § 1.41(c), TOSHIAKI IGARASHI, having a post office address of 321-1-305, Kimihirama, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa-ken, Japan; AKIRA SUGIYAMA, having a post office address of 1447-1-606, Suenaga, Takatsu-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa-ken, Japan; YOSHIO IIZUKA, having a post office address of 4-20-302, Denenchofu 2-chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo, Japan; and MINORU TORII,

having a post office address of 985-1-3-204, Matsumicho 4-chome, Kanagawa-ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa-ken, Japan.

Priority is based upon Japanese Patent Application Nos. 9-034338 filed February 3, 1997; and 9-034340 filed February 3, 1997.

The undersigned is authorized to file the subject application on behalf of the inventor.

Applicants' undersigned attorney may be reached in our New York office by telephone at (212) 758-2400. All correspondence should be directed to our below listed address.

Respectfully submitted,

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TITLE OF THE INVENTION

NETWORK DATA BASE CONTROL DEVICE AND METHOD THEREOF

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a network control device and method including network control software.

In recent years local area networks (LAN) for connecting computers together have become widespread. These type of local area networks are capable of connecting computers in the same floor of a building or the entire building, a group of buildings, a district or even larger areas and can even connect to networks on a worldwide scale. Each of these mutually connected local area networks (LAN) may utilize diverse hardware connection technology or a plurality of network protocol.

Other isolated local area networks (LAN) of simple structure can be supervised by individual users. In other words, the user can replace equipment, install software and diagnose problems.

However, large-scale complex LAN and large, mutually interconnected LAN groups require management referred to here as "Management". This "Management" means

both a person to act as the network administrator and the software used by the network administrator. In this document, the term "management" signifies control utilizing software to manage the entire system, and the term "user" signifies the person utilizing the network control software. The user usually acts as the system control administrator. The user can make use of the network control software to obtain control data on the network and change this data.

Large-scale network systems are usually required to be active systems that must constantly perform equipment expansion or removal, software updating and problem detection, etc. Generally, such systems are owned by various persons or exist as various systems supplied by various operators.

Several methods have been attempted with numerous standards systems as methods for controlling devices on networks comprising a large-scale network system. The International Standards Organization (ISO) has proposed a general-purpose standards framework called the Open System connection (OSI) model. The network control protocol for the OSI model is called the Common Management Information Protocol. The Common Management Information Protocol or CMIP is a common network control protocol from Europe.

Also from the USA, a network management protocol for greater common use is known as Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) which is a complete change from the CMIP associated with it. (See "Introduction to TCP/IP Network Management - For Practical Network Control" by M.T. Rose, translated by Takeshi Nishida, First edition Aug. 20. 1992 Toppan.)

This Simple Network Management Protocol has at least one network management station (NMS) in the network management system. Each station has a plurality of management nodes including agents, as well as a network protocol so that the management stations and agents can exchange management information. The user can therefore obtain data on the network and also make changes to this data by utilizing electronic communication (modem) and the agent software for the management node via this network management software on NMS (network management station).

The agent here, refers to the software running as a background process of the target devices. When the user requests management data for equipment on the network, the management software places the object identification information in a management packet frame and sends this object information to the target agent. The agent interprets this object identification information, extracts data

corresponding to this object identification information, places this data back in the packet and sends this packet back to the user. In some cases, a process corresponding to the data that was extracted, may be called up.

This agent also maintains data regarding its own status in a data base configuration. This data base is called a Management Information Base (MIB)). Fig. 4 shows a concept view of the MIB configuration. As shown in Fig. 4, the MIB has a tree type data structure and all nodes are affixed with a number. The number inside the parentheses in Fig. 4 is an identifier for that node. For instance, the identifier for node 401 is "1". The identifier for node 402 is a "3" under node 401 and therefore listed as "1 · 3". In the same way, the identifier for node 403 is listed as "1 · 3 · 6 · 1 · 2". The identifier for these nodes is known as the object identifier.

The structure of this MIB is called the Structure of Management Information (SMI) and conforms to the "RC1155 Structure and Identification of Management Information for TCP/IP-based Internets".

Only a fraction of the MIB specified as a standard has been extracted and shown in Fig. 4.

In Fig. 4, the numeral 404 is a node representing the peak of the object group and referred to as a standard MIB provided as a standard feature in equipment managed by

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). The detailed structure of the objects ranked below this node are specified in "RFC1213 Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets: MIB-II. The numeral 405 is a node at the peak of the object group called the printer MIB and is provided as a standard item in printers managed by Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). The detailed structure of the objects ranked below this node are specified in "RFC1759 Printer MIB. Further, the numeral 406 is referred to as a private MIB and is a peak node for defining autonomous MIB such as used by companies and organizations. The numeral 407 is called a company expansion MIB and is a peak node for autonomous expansion of a company within the private MIB. The Canon Corporation has been assigned "1602" as a company number for definition as an autonomous entity and the peak node 408 for defining Canon MIB which is a Canon autonomous MIB and "408" is ranked at a position below the node 407 which signifies companies. The object identifier "1・3・6・1・4・1・1602" is for the peak node of the Canon MIB.

However, on starting up the network management software, and acquiring all the MIB objects controlled by the network management software, a massive quantity of SNMP packets flow through the LAN at nearly the same time. This flow places a large burden on the channels and at the same

time also places an extremely heavy load on the printer and the network boards that process those SNMP packets.

Also, along with this increased load, the startup of the network management software also requires more time (initial menu display) which causes the user to feel stressed.

Further, the network printer management software is constantly writing the MIB data with the same process sequence. Therefore, when the user directs the network printer software to write MIB data, the network printer software of the conventional art constantly writes all of. the directed MIB data. However writing all of the MIB data each time is not always necessary and the process is redundant. In other words, the network printer software generally displays a plurality of information for the user simultaneously (information matching the MIB data) and even if the user only rewrites just a fraction of all this information, all of the displayed information of the overwrite is processed as items specified by the user.

Among the MIB data specified for rewriting by the user, items for which write is requested from the network management software for SNMP agents on the network printer, represent only the MIB data actually rewritten by the user. There is therefore no need to request write via SNMP agents

on the network printer of MIB data which the user has not rewritten. Not only is such writing unnecessary but reducing the quantity of MIB data subject to write request via SNMP agents on the network printer from the network printer management software is also essential in order to reduce the load (amount of work) assigned to the network traffic (data quantity) and the network printer.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In view of the above circumstances, it is therefore an object of this invention to provide a network data base control device and method thereof which does not simultaneously acquire all MIB object information controlled by the network management software and therefore will have no simultaneous flow of a large volume of SNMP packets, and along with reducing the load on the device channels, the load on devices such as the printer which process the SNMP packets and load on the network board will be small.

A further object is to provide a network data base control device and method thereof wherein, by making the load on the LAN, printer and network boards small, the time required to start up (display initial menu) the network

management software will be shortened and the user will thus be provided with an easier operating environment.

Still another object is to provide a network data base control device and method thereof wherein, in network printer management software utilizing the SNMP protocol, no processing change or write requests are made for unnecessary MIB data, while write requests for necessary MIB data for SNMP agents of the device (such as printers) on the network matching write-specified information from the user will be processed, thus allowing the amount of network traffic (data flow rate) and the load (amount of work) applied to the network printer to be reduced.

In order to achieve the above objects, the network device control method of this invention is provided with the following configuration. Namely, a network device control method having;

an initial sheet information acquisition and display step for acquiring and displaying initial sheet information on the initial menu of a device window and the device window is a window for managing and controlling a network device and applicable windows are assigned one each to each network peripheral device and,

a separate initial sheet information acquisition and display for acquiring and displaying applicable separate

initial sheet information on a device window when determined that an input from the user is requesting display of sheet information of certain type.

Further, in accordance with the preferred embodiment of this invention, the network printer control program product is provided with the following process steps. In other words, in a network printer control program product having a window for displaying an icon of a list of peripheral network equipment connected to the current network wherein;

the network printer control program product is provided with a device window open step for opening windows (hereafter called "device windows") assigned one each to each piece of network peripheral equipment for managing and controlling peripheral network equipment; an initial sheet information acquisition and display step for acquiring information (hereafter called "initial sheet information") for displaying the initial menu of a device window opened in the device window open step; a device window close check step for determining if the user has performed input for closing a device window opened by means of the device window open step; a sheet switch request check step to check if the user has performed input for requesting display of a certain type of sheet information for a device window opened by means of the device window open step after a check reveals by means

of the device window close check step that the user did not perform input for closing the window; a separate initial sheet information acquisition and display step for acquiring and displaying separate type sheet information on a device window opened by means of the device window open step when revealed by means of the sheet switch request check step that the user has performed input requesting separate type initial sheet information (hereafter called "separate sheet information"); and storage of the program in response to the device window close step in order to close the device window once a check reveals by means of the device window close check step that the user has performed input for closing the window.

Yet still, the network device control method of this invention also comprised of the following process steps in a network device control method utilizing SNMP protocol and characterized by having a step to identify write requests for unnecessary MIB data and write requests for necessary MIB data in SNMP agents of the network device within MIB data corresponding to write information specified by the user.

Further, in accordance with the preferred embodiment of this invention; provision of a step to store MIB data loaded from the MIB data read-out process into the MIB data cache; and a step to compare MIB data corresponding to write information specified from the user in the MIB data

write process versus data stored in the MIB data cache in the aforementioned step, in order to be able to identify write requests for necessary MIB data and write requests for unnecessary MIB data from among the MIB data matching write information specified from the user in SNMP agents of the network printer.

Alternatively, provision of a step to store data written in the MIB data write process into the MIB data cache; and a step to compare MIB data corresponding to write information specified from the user in the MIB data write process versus data stored in the MIB data cache in the aforementioned step, in order to be able to identify write requests for necessary MIB data and write requests for unnecessary MIB data from among the MIB data matching write information specified from the user in SNMP agents of the network printer.

Or still further, provision of a step to store MIB data loaded from the MIB data read-out process into the MIB data cache; a step to store data written in the MIB data write process into the MIB data cache; and a step to compare MIB data corresponding to write information specified from the user in the MIB data write process versus with MIB data stored in the MIB data cache in either of the steps, in order to be able to identify write requests for necessary MIB data

and write requests for unnecessary MIB data from among the MIB data matching write information specified from the user in SNMP agents of the network printer.

This invention also is capable of reducing the network traffic (data volume) and reducing the load (work load) applied to the network printer.

Other features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which reference characters designate the same or similar parts throughout the Fig.s thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a drawing showing network boards for connecting the printers to the network when connected to printers having open style architecture.

Fig. 2 is a cross sectional fragmentary view of the configuration for connecting to the printer, a network board mounted with an agent.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing the electrical connections of the network board, printer and LAN.

Fig. 4 is a concept view showing the configuration of the management information base (MIB).

Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing the computer configuration capable of being operated by the network management software.

Fig. 6 is a block view of the network management software module.

Fig. 7 is a chart showing window transition during startup of NetSpot in controller mode.

Fig. 8 is a chart showing window transition during startup of NetSpot in controller mode.

Fig. 9 is a drawing illustrating the exclusive limit concept in the controller mode.

Fig. 10 is an illustration showing one example of the NetSpot password dialog box.

Fig. 11 is an illustration showing a message displayed when a mistake in the NetSpot password was entered.

Fig. 12 is an illustration showing one example of the NetWare server password dialog box.

Fig. 13 is an illustration showing a sample message when a error was made in log-in to the NetWare file server.

Fig. 14 is an illustration showing a sample message when the "CANCEL" button of Fig. 12 was pressed.

Fig. 15 is an illustration showing one example of a device list window.

Fig. 16 is an illustration showing a sample message when the device opened with the device window cannot be detected.

Fig. 17 is an illustration showing a sample message when the protocol has been changed and the device window was opened in controller mode.

Fig. 18 is an illustration showing a sample message when the protocol has been changed and the device window was not opened in controller mode.

Fig. 19 is an illustration showing a sample message when the device window has been opened in the controller mode or the device window when work is in progress after NetSpot has been quit in the controller mode.

Fig. 20 is an illustration showing a sample message when the device window has been opened in the controller mode or the device window when work is in progress after NetSpot has been quit in the general user mode.

Fig. 21 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when quitting NetSpot is possible.

Fig. 22 is an illustration showing the new device dialog box (1-1).

Fig. 23 is an illustration showing the new device dialog box (1-2).

Fig. 24 is an illustration showing the new device dialog box (1-3).

Fig. 25 is Fig. 22 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when an entry outside the allowable limit was entered in "IP Address(A)" of the new device dialog box (1-3).

Fig. 26 is an illustration showing the new device dialog box (1-4).

Fig. 27 is an illustration showing the new device dialog box (1-5).

Fig. 28 is an illustration showing the new device dialog box (2-2).

Fig. 29 is an illustration showing the display option dialog box .

Fig. 30 is an illustration showing the device search range dialog box.

Fig. 31 is an illustration showing the device display dialog box.

Fig. 32 is an illustration showing the device list auto change dialog box.

Fig. 33 is an illustration showing the sample message displayed when an entry outside the allowable limit was entered in "Change Interval(1)" of the device list auto change dialog box.

Fig. 34 is an illustration showing the NetWare log-in dialog box.

Fig. 35 is an illustration showing the message displayed when log-in to the NetWare file server failed.

Fig. 36 is an illustration showing the NetWare log-out dialog box.

Fig. 37 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the "Log-out(0)" button of Fig. 36 is pressed.

Fig. 38 is an illustration showing the NetSpot password dialog box.

Fig. 39 is an illustration showing the message displayed when a mistake was made in the NetSpot password entry with "Old Password (0)" of Fig. 38.

Fig. 40 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the new password and the password check entry do not match.

Fig. 41 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the NetSpot password has been changed by means of the correct entry.

Fig. 42 is an illustration showing the NetSpot version information dialog box.

Fig. 43 is an illustration showing the device window.

Fig. 44 is an illustration showing the message displayed when time is required for registering the controller on the manager information table.

Fig. 45 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when time is needed for canceling the controller registration on the manager information table.

Fig. 46 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when time is needed for acquiring information when first displaying the sheet dialog box of Fig. 43.

Fig. 47 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when time is needed for setting information in the sheet dialog box of Fig. 43.

Fig. 48 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when time is needed for resetting the printer and resetting the network interface board.

Fig. 49 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when time is needed for executing commands other than resetting the printer and resetting the network interface board.

Fig. 50 is an illustration showing the device password entry dialog box.

Fig. 51 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when a mistake was made by the user in entry of the device password.

Fig. 52 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when a previously opened device window was detected by means of another terminal in controller mode.

Fig. 53 is an illustration showing a sample message displayed when automatic opening of the device window was not selected in controller mode.

Fig. 54 is an illustration showing the status sheet.

Fig. 55 is an illustration showing the error information dialog box.

Fig. 56 is a sample message display showing when the "Reset (R)" button of Fig. 55 was pressed.

Fig. 57 is an illustration showing the paper feed-eject dialog box.

Fig. 58 is an illustration showing the paper feed-eject setting sheet.

Fig. 59 is an illustration showing the shared printer environment basic setting sheet.

Fig. 60 is an illustration showing the sample message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made for "Copy Sheet Count (P)" of Fig. 59.

Fig. 61 is an illustration showing the sample message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made for "Bind Width (B)" of Fig. 59.

Fig. 62 is an illustration showing the sample message displayed when an entry not in a 0.5 segment was made for "Bind Width (B)" of Fig. 59.

Fig. 63 is an illustration showing the shared printer expanded environmental setting dialog box.

Fig. 64 is an illustration showing the sample message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made for "Job-Time Out (T)" of Fig. 63.

Fig. 65 is an illustration showing the sample message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made for "Vertical Correct (U)" - "Horizontal Correct (Y)" in Fig. 63.

Fig. 66 is an illustration showing the sample message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range not in 0.5 segments was made in "Vertical Correct (U)" - "Horizontal Correct (Y)" in Fig. 63.

Fig. 67 is an illustration showing the print adjust dialog box.

Fig. 68 is an illustration showing the print operating mode dialog box.

Fig. 69 is an illustration showing the sample display for the LIPS print environment basic setting sheet.

Fig. 70 is an illustration showing the LIPS print expanded environment dialog box.

Fig. 71 is an illustration showing the sample message when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Line Count (L)" of Fig. 70.

Fig. 72 is an illustration showing the sample message when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Row Count (L)" of Fig. 70.

Fig. 73 is an illustration showing the sample message when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Start-Up Macro" "Overlay1" "Overlay2" in Fig. 70.

Fig. 74 is an illustration showing the LIPS utility dialog box.

Fig. 75 is an illustration showing the sample message displayed when the printer is in on-line status when the "Status Print" "Overlay Print" "Overlay List" "Font List" or "Macro List" buttons are pressed.

Fig. 76 is an illustration showing the N201 print environment basic setting sheet.

Fig. 77 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Upper Border (W)" "Paper Position Fine Adjust (B)" in Fig. 76.

Fig. 78 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Font ID".

Fig. 79 is an illustration showing the N201 print expansion environment 1 dialog box.

Fig. 80 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Dotted Line Skip (M)" of Fig. 79.

Fig. 81 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Paper Length (D)" of Fig. 79.

Fig. 82 is an illustration showing the N201 print expansion environment 2 dialog box.

Fig. 83 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Fixed Line Count (E)" - "Fixed Row Count (N)" in Fig. 82.

Fig. 84 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Start-Up Macro (M)" in Fig. 82.

Fig. 85 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "System Overlay (0)" in Fig. 82.

Fig. 86 is an illustration showing the N201 utility dialog box.

Fig. 87 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the printer is on-line when the "Status Print (S)" - "Overprint(0)" buttons are pressed in Fig. 86.

Fig. 88 is a sample display showing the ESC/P print environment basic setting sheet.

Fig. 89 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Upper Border (W)" "Paper Position Fine Adjust (B)" in Fig. 88.

Fig. 90 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Font ID (E)" in Fig. 88.

Fig. 91 is an illustration showing the ESC/P print expansion environment 1 dialog box.

Fig. 92 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Continuous Paper Length (L)"-"Single Form Length (S)" of Fig. 91.

Fig. 93 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Dotted Line Skip (M)" of Fig. 91.

Fig. 94 is an illustration showing the ESC/P print expansion environment 2 dialog box.

Fig. 95 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Fixed Line Count (E)" - "Fixed Row Count (N)" in Fig. 94.

Fig. 96 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "Start-Up Macro (M)" in Fig. 94.

Fig. 97 is an illustration showing the message displayed when an entry outside the allowable range was made in "System Overlay (0)" in Fig. 94.

Fig. 98 is an illustration showing the ESC/P utility dialog box.

Fig. 99 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the printer is on-line when the "Status Print (S)" - "Overprint(0)" buttons are pressed in Fig. 98.

Fig. 100 is an illustration showing the Jobs sheet.

Fig. 101 is an illustration showing the printer queue change dialog box.

Fig. 102 is an illustration showing the information sheet.

Fig. 103 is an illustration showing the controller information dialog box.

Fig. 104 is an illustration showing the network sheet.

Fig. 105 is an illustration showing the NetWare sheet.

Fig. 106 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the user made an entry outside the allowable range in "Printer No.(U)" in Fig. 105.

Fig. 107 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the user made an entry outside the allowable range in "Form No.(0)" in Fig. 105.

Fig. 108 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the user made an entry outside the allowable range in "Polling Interval(1)" in Fig. 105.

Fig. 109 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the user made an entry outside the allowable range in "Buffer Size (B)" in Fig. 105.

Fig. 110 is an illustration showing the message displayed when any of the settings in Fig. 105 was changed and the "OK" button was pressed.

Fig. 111 is an illustration showing the message displayed when any of the settings in Fig. 105 was changed and the "Update(A)" button was pressed.

Fig. 112 is an illustration showing the message displayed when any of the required software resets of the network interface board in Fig. 105 was changed and the

"Update (A)" button was pressed when the changes were completed.

Fig. 113 is an illustration showing the message displayed when a software reset of the network interface board was selected and the NetSpot has triggered the NetWare protocol.

Fig. 114 is an illustration showing the TCP/IP setting sheet.

Fig. 115 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the user made an entry outside the allowable range in "IP Address (P)" - "Subnet Mask (M)" - "Gateway Address (G)".

Fig. 116 is an illustration showing the message displayed when any of the settings of Fig. 114 was changed and the "OK" button pressed.

Fig. 117 is an illustration showing the message displayed when any of the settings of Fig. 114 was changed and the "Update (A)" button was pressed.

Fig. 118 is an illustration showing the message displayed when any of the required software resets of the network interface board in Fig. 114 was changed and the changes were completed.

Fig. 119 is an illustration showing the message displayed when a software reset of the network interface

board of Fig. 114 was selected and the NetSpot has triggered the TCP/IP.

Fig. 120 is an illustration showing the AppleTalk setting sheet.

Fig. 121 is an illustration showing the message when a prohibited character code was entered in "Name (E)" of Fig. 120.

Fig. 122 is an illustration showing the message when any of the settings in Fig. 120 was changed and the "OK" button was pressed.

Fig. 123 is an illustration showing the message when any of the settings in Fig. 120 was changed and the "Update (A)" button was pressed.

Fig. 124 is an illustration showing the message displayed when any of the required software resets of the network interface board in Fig. 114 were changed and the changes were completed.

Fig. 125 is an illustration showing the message displayed when "Eject (E)" of 817 of Fig. 43 was selected and the printer was on-line.

Fig. 126 is an illustration showing the message displayed when "Printer Reset (R)..." of 817 of Fig. 43 was selected.

Fig. 127 is an illustration showing the message displayed when "Printer Initialize (1)" of 817 of Fig. 43 was selected.

Fig. 128 is an illustration showing the message displayed when "Network Interface Board Reset (B)" of 817 of Fig. 43 was selected.

Fig. 129 is an illustration showing the message displayed when "Network Interface Board Initialize (D)" of 817 of Fig. 43 was selected.

Fig. 130 is an illustration showing the message when operation returns to the factory default settings set with the network interface board.

Fig. 131 is an illustration showing the message when printer is on-line and "Test Print (P)" "Status Print (S)" "Font List (F)" were selected I 821 of Fig. 43.

Fig. 132 is an illustration showing the trap report condition dialog box.

Fig. 133 is an illustration showing the device auto change dialog box.

Fig. 134 is an illustration showing the message displayed in "Change Interval (I) when the user made an entry outside the allowable range in Fig. 133.

Fig. 135 is an illustration showing the printer information dialog box.

Fig. 136 is an illustration showing the controller information dialog box.

Fig. 137 is an illustration showing the device password change dialog box.

Fig. 138 is an illustration showing the message displayed when a mistake was made in the password entered with the "Old Password (O)" of Fig. 137.

Fig. 139 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the password entered with "New Password (N)" and the "New Password Check Entry (F)" do not match.

Fig. 140 is an illustration showing the message displayed when the device password has been changed by means of the correct entry by the user.

Fig. 141 is an illustration showing the device information dialog box.

Fig. 142 is an illustration showing the error pop-up window.

Fig. 143 is an illustration showing the printer environment setting dialog box.

Fig. 144 is an illustration showing the protocol setting dialog box.

Fig. 145 is an illustration showing the user mode device window.

Fig. 146 is an illustration showing the device list window (large icon) when the device window has been opened in controller mode.

Fig. 147 is an illustration showing the device list window (small icon) when the device window has been opened in controller mode.

Fig. 148 is an illustration showing the device list window (large icon) when there is no response from the previously detected device.

Fig. 149 is an illustration showing the device list window (small icon) when there is no response from the previously detected device.

Fig. 150 is a flowchart showing the operation process when the network printer management software is started and the printer for control has been selected.

Fig. 151 is a flowchart for describing the details of step 15100 in Fig. 150.

Fig. 152 is a flowchart for showing the process started for performing device window display operation in network management software in the embodiment.

Fig. 153 is a flowchart showing the contents of step 15300 of Fig. 152.

Fig. 154 is a flowchart showing the contents of step 15400 of Fig. 152.

Fig. 155 is a flowchart showing the contents of step 15500 of Fig. 154.

Fig. 156 is a flowchart showing the contents of step 15600 of Fig. 155.

Fig. 157 is a flowchart showing the contents of step 15500 of Fig. 154.

Fig. 158 is a flowchart for showing the process started for performing device window display operation in network management software in the second embodiment.

Fig. 159 is a flowchart for showing the MIB data read-out method of the network printer management software.

Fig. 160 is a flowchart for showing the MIB data write method of the network printer management software.

Fig. 161 is a flowchart for showing the MIB data read-out method of the network printer management software in the embodiment.

Fig. 162 is a flowchart for showing the MIB data write method of the network printer management software in the embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Hereafter, the embodiment of the invention will be described while referring to the accompanying drawings.

A large-scale network requiring management by the embodiment of this invention will first be described.

Fig. 1 shows a network board (NB) for connecting the printer to the network, connected to a printer 102 having an open-style architecture. The NB101 is connected to the local area network (LAN) 100 by for instance an LAN interface such as Ethernet interface 10Base-2 having a coaxial connector or 10 Base-T having RJ-45.

A plurality of personal computers (PC) such as a PC103 or PC104 are also connected to the LAN 100. The PC103 and PC104 can communicate with NB101 within the network operating system. One personal computer such as the PC103 can be directed to function as the network controller. Also, a printer 105 connected to the PC104 can be connected to the PC103.

A file server 106 is connected to the LAN 100. This file server 106 controls access to files stored in a large-capacity (for example 10 billion byte) network disk 107 . A printer server 108 performs printer on the connected printers 109a, 109b or with printer 105 in a remote location, etc. Other peripheral equipment not shown in the drawing may also be connected to the LAN100.

More specifically, the network shown in Fig.1 can utilize network software such as Novell or Unix software for

achieving efficient communications between the various network members. Any network software is capable of being used such as NetWare (commercial trademark of the Novell Company, omitted hereafter). A detailed explanation relating to this software package may be found by referring to the on-line documentation enclosed with the NetWare package. This explanation can also be purchased along with the NetWare package from the Novell Company.

In a simplified description of the layout of Fig.1, a file server 106 fulfills the function of file manager for receiving data files, storing, queueing, caching and transmission of data files with the LAN members. For instance, files made on the PC103 and PC104 are respectively sent to the file server 106 which sorts these files in order, and in compliance with commands from the print server 108, sends these ordered data files to the printer 109a.

The data files created on the PC103 and PC104 are sent to the LAN100 and files received from the LAN100 or such kind of files are labeled and processed on a computer conFig.d to perform such tasks. The computer equipment is shown in Fig. 1, however other computer equipment suitable for running the network software may also be included. For instance, when using UNIX software, a UNIX workstation can be incorporated

into the network and under appropriate conditions, can be used along with the computers shown in the Fig..

Usually, a local area network such as the LAN100 provides services to a certain number of local user groups such as on one floor of a building, or a plurality of connected floors in a building. For instance, a wide area network (WAN) can be formed to handle users isolated from other users such as users in other buildings or in other prefectures, etc. The WAN is fundamentally an aggregate consisting of high-speed digital lines such as telephones lines of high-speed digital networks (ISDN) to connect a plurality of LAN. Accordingly, as shown in Fig. 1, the LAN100, LAN110 and LAN120 form WAN connected by modulators/demodulators (modem) and a transponder 130 and a backbone 140. These are simple electrical connections implemented by several bus lines. Each LAN incorporates a custom personal computer. Though not always needed, a file server and a print server are normally incorporated into the LAN.

Therefore, as shown in Fig.1, the LAN110 incorporates a PC111, a PC112, a file server 113, a network disk 114, a print server 115, a printer 116 and a printer 117. In contrast, the LAN120 incorporates only a PC121 and PC122. The equipment connected with the LAN100, LAN110 and

LAN120 can access other LAN equipment functions by means of WAN connections.

Installing agents on network boards

Agents are installed on network boards for connecting the printer to the network. This process allows the printer to be controlled by the network management software. The user can acquire or change the status of the information for the printer subject to control by the network control software. More specifically for instance, the characters shown on the liquid crystal display of a printer can be acquired or the default paper feed cassette changed. Hereafter, a sample connection to a printer, of a network board (NB) mounted with an agent will be described.

As shown in Fig.2, the NB101 is preferably mounted in the internal expansion slot of the printer 102. The NB101 becomes a "built-in" network node having a data storage function and performing the processing shown below. The structure of this NB101 has the merit of possessing special auxiliary functions for integrating and controlling a large multi-area WAN network. These auxiliary functions for instance, include printer control and status monitoring of remote network locations (for instance offices of network coordinators) and automatic control and printer load

characteristics of the printer for providing a guaranteed initial printer environment for the next printer user once the current printing job is finished or may include access through the network for setting a schedule for toner cartridge replacement and incorporating a printer log or statistical records.

An essential element in this NB design is the function for accessing printer control status from NB101 by way of a two-way interface such as the shared memory 200. Besides this shared (or joint) memory, an interface such as an SCSI interface can also be used. Thus, print operation information for a plurality of convenient auxiliary function programs can be sent to the NB101 or to external network nodes. The print image data and control information blocks are formed by a microprocessor 301 on the NB101, listed in the shared memory 200 and then loaded into the printer 102. At the same time, the printer status information is sent from the printer 102 to the shared memory 200 and then loaded by means of the microprocessor 301 on the NB.

Fig. 2 shows a fragmentary view of the NB101 installed in the printer 102. As shown in Fig.2, the NB101 is comprised of a print circuit board 101a installed on a faceplate 101b for making the network connection and connected to the printer interface card 150 by means of the

connector 17. The printer interface card 150 directly controls the printer engine of the printer 102. The printing data and the printer commands are input to the printer interface card 150 by way of the connector 170 from the NB101, while the printer status information is acquired by way of the connector 170 from the printer interface card 170. The NB101 communicates this information to the LAN100 by way of the network connector of the faceplate 101b. At the same time, the printer 102 can also receive printing data from the serial port 102a and the parallel port 102b, etc.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing the electrical connections of the NB101, the printer 102 and the LAN100. The NB101 is directly to the LAN100 by way of the LAN interface and connected by way of the printer interface card 150 to the printer 102. The NB101 is comprised of a microprocessor 301 to control the NB101, a ROM 303 to store the operating program for the microprocessor 301, a RAM 302 for utilizing the program run by the microprocessor 301 as work, and a shared memory 200 for exchanging data between the NB101 and the printer interface card 150 and these various components are mutually connected by internal buses. The program used by the NB101 for operating the SNMP agent is stored in the ROM303. The microprocessor 301 performs operation in compliance with the program stored in the ROM303 and utilizes the RAM 302

as the work area. The shared memory 200 is utilized as the buffer zone for communication with printer interface card 150.

The microprocessor 151 on the printer interface card 150 performs data access with the NB101 by way of the shared memory 200 installed in the NB101. The microprocessor 151 of the printer interface card 150 also performs communication with the printer engine 160 for actually moving the printer mechanism.

PC Configuration

The configuration of the personal computer operating the network management software is described as follows.

Fig. 5 is a block diagram showing the configuration of the PC capable of being operated by the network management software.

The reference numeral 500 in Fig. 5 denotes the PC operated by the network management software and is equivalent to numeral 103 in Fig. 1. The PC500 is controlled by a network management program executed by a CPU501 supplied with the program from a floppy disk drive (FD) 512 or stored in a ROM 502 or in a hard disk (HD) 511. Devices connected to the system through the system bus 504 are driven by this network management program in a coordinated manner. The

numeral 503 is a RAM which functions as the main memory of CPU 501 or the work area and the like. The numeral 505 denotes a keyboard (KBC) controller for performing control via instructional inputs from a keyboard (KB) 509 and a pointing device not shown in the Fig.. The numeral 506 is a CRT controller (CRTC) which controls the display on the CRT (510). The numeral 507 denotes a disk controller (DKC) which controls access with a floppy disk controller (FD) 512 and a hard disk (HD) 511 for storing boot programs, various applications, edit files, user files and network management programs, etc. The numeral 508 denotes a network interface card (NIC) which performs two-way data exchanges between the agent or the network equipment by way of the LAN100.

One example of a read-out/write method for the MIB data of the network printer management software will be explained while referring to Figs. 159 and 160.

The start of MIB data readout is shown in Step S15900.

In Step S15901, the MIB data readout request is performed for the network printer management software from the SNMP agent of the network printer.

Then in Step S15902, the requested MIB data for the network printer management software from the SNMP agent of the network printer is read-out and reported.

Finally, in Step S15903 the process in Fig. 159 ends.

Next, the MIB data write method in the network printer management software will be explained while referring to the flowchart in Fig. 160.

The start of MIB data write is shown in Step S16000.

In Step S16001, the MIB data write request is performed for the network printer management software from the SNMP agent of the network printer.

Then in Step S16002, the requested MIB data for the network printer management software from the SNMP agent of the network printer is written and reported.

Finally, in Step S16003 the process in Fig. 160 ends.

However, in writing of MIB data as stated previously, all of the specified MIB data is written and on some occasions, unnecessary data is also written so that a large load is applied in terms of network traffic volume and network printer work.

Whereupon, this invention resolves this problem by controlling operation so that only necessary MIB data is changed.

Next, in a large-scale network system such as shown in Fig. 1, a more detailed explanation is given for cases

where network management software operated by a personal computer (hereafter PC) is controlling a device (such as a printer) subject to network management.

Fig. 150 shows the operation when the user starts the network management software and the network management software operation is performed when the desired printer is selected.

First of all, the "START" button is clicked on Windows95 (operating system from Microsoft USA, hereafter omitted) and after selecting "Select and Run File Name", when the file name is chosen and the network management software starts up, a list of all the MIB objects controlled by the network management software is made in Step S15001.

Step S15002 determines if all acquisition of all the object information for the list made in Step S15001 is now complete.

If acquisition of all the object information is complete, then the initial menu of this network management software is displayed and this flowchart ended by means of Step S15003.

If however, acquisition of all the object information in Step S15002 is not complete, then Step S15100 cause the process to return to printer information acquisition in Step S15002.

Step S15100 is explained in detail while referring to Fig. 151.

First, in Step S15101 an inquiry utilizing the SNMP is made to the printer and network board of a portion of the items on the MIB object list made in Step S15001. Upon which, the value of the MIB object list for which inquiry was made, is returned by the SNMP to the network management software operated on the PC.

Step S15102 determines if the SNMP communication is being performed correctly. If communication is not being performed correctly an MIB object inquiry is again made to the printer and the network board utilizing the SNMP. If communication is correct, then the process in this flowchart ends.

However, even with the above process, when all the MIB objects controlled by the network management software are acquired, a massive amount of SNMP packets flow through the LAN. Investigation has found that along with a large load placed on the channels, an extremely large load is also placed on the printer and network boards which process these SNMP packets.

In this embodiment therefore, all the MIB objects controlled by this network management software are not acquired. Consequently, there is no simultaneous heavy flow

of SNMP packets through the LAN, and along with reducing the load on the channels, the load placed on the printer and network boards which process these SNMP packets is also reduced.

Network Management Software Modular Structure

The configuration of the network management structure will next be described.

The network control device of this embodiment is attained by a PC conFig.d as shown for a network control unit in Fig. 5. The hard disk (HD) 511 stores the network management program performing the main operation of this embodiment as is described later on. In all explanations related from hereon, the CPU501 will serve as the main element of the hardware unless otherwise stated. However, the main item in software control is the network management software stored in the hard disk (HD) 511. The operating system (OS) of this embodiment is assumed to be Windows95 (Microsoft) however the OS need not be restricted to Windows95. The network management program relating to this embodiment may be provided in a form stored on a recording medium such as floppy disks or a CD-ROM, etc. In such a case, a floppy disk controller (FD) 512 such as shown in Fig. 5 or a CD-ROM drive not shown in the drawing may be utilized to load the program

from the recording medium and install the program in the hard disk (HD) 511.

Fig. 6 is a block diagram view of a modular structure of the network management software relating to the embodiment of this invention. This network management software is stored in the hard disk 511 of Fig.5 and the software is run by means of the CPU501. In such cases, the CPU501 uses the RAM 503 as the work area.

The numeral 601 in Fig. 6 denotes the device list module which is a module for displaying on a list, all the devices connected to the network (this list is given in more detail in Fig. 15 as explained later). The numeral 602 denotes the overall control module which serves to coordinate the other modules based on instructions from the device list. The numeral 603 denotes the configurator which is the module that performs special processing relating to network settings for the agent. The numeral 604 denotes the search module which searches for a device connected to the network. Devices that the module 604 searches for are displayed on a device list 601. The numeral 605 is a network job module for acquiring print job status from the network server by utilizing the NetWare API616. (For details on NetWare API refer for instance, to the "NetWare Programmer's Guide for C" issued by the Novell Company. This text may be purchased

from the Novell Company.) The numerals 606 and 607 denote the UI module for displaying the device window as related later. A UI module is provided for each model displaying detailed information. The numerals 608 and 609 denote the control modules which handle special control of models acquiring detailed information. These control modules, just as with the control modules are provided for each model displaying detailed information. The control A module 608 and the control B module 609 acquire MIB data from the device subject to net control by utilizing the MIB module 610 and then convey this data to the corresponding UI A module 606 or the UI B module 607.

An MIB module 601 performs object identifier and object key conversions. Here, the object key is a 32 bit integer matching the object identifier in a one to one relationship. The object identifier is an identifier of variable length. This variable object identifier is difficult to handle when installed as is in the network management software so the network management software of this document utilizes an object identifier and fixed length identifier internally in a one to one relationship. The host module for the MIB module 610 handles the MIB information utilizing this object key and this arrangement allows easy use in the network management software.

The numeral 611 denotes the SNMP module for sending and receiving the SNMP packet. The numeral 612 denotes the shared transport module that absorbs differences in lower ranked (downstream) protocol for transporting the SNMP data. During actual operation, the IPX handler 613 or the UDP handler 614 has the role of transporting the data. The UDP handler utilizes WinSock 617 for installation. (Refer to specifications for instance for Windows Socket API v1.1 for details on WinSock. This document can be procured from a plurality of locations and comes enclosed with Visual C++ a compiler of the Microsoft Corporation.) The numeral 615 denotes the current protocol utilized by the configurator 603 and during operation shows either the IPX protocol or the UDP protocol selected by the user. In the following explanation, the network management software of this document is called "NetSpot" (A commercial trademark of the Canon Corporation.)

NetSpot Install

The files required for install of NetSpot are usually taken from a recording medium such as a floppy disk (FD) or a CD-ROM or else may be transferred by way of the network. After the user has obtained the files needed for NetSpot install by one of these methods, the NetSpot install is commenced in compliance with the specified install

procedure. This NetSpot install procedure is similar to other general software installation procedures. Namely, in that the user starts up the NetSpot installer on the personal computer (PC) and the installer then automatically performs the install. The installer copies the necessary files from the hard disk of the PC and when needed also has the user input required information so that the necessary files for NetSpot operation are edited or created.

The information entered by the user during this NetSpot install includes selection of the following two types of operating modes (controller mode (administrator mode) and general user mode).

NetSpot Operating Mode

NetSpot has the following two types of operating modes; a controller mode and a general user mode. One of these two modes is specified. Basically, the NetSpot install must be corrected in order to change the NetSpot operating mode.

Controller Mode (Administrator Mode) : A mode utilized by users have specially designated rights (for instance, the network administrator or network peripheral equipment administrator).

General User Mode (User Mode) : A mode utilized by a general user having no specially designated rights.

Functions that support the general user mode are functions supported with limits applied in the controller mode. In other words, the functions supported in the general user mode are equivalent to a portion of the functions supported in the controller mode.

A list of functions supported by NetSpot are related below for both the controller mode and the general user mode.

CONTROLLER (ADMINISTRATOR) MODE FUNCTION :

(1) Device list window

List of devices connected to network

Device information display (per each device)

Tool bar display

Status bar display

(2) Device list window menu

Device window display menu

New device window menu

Printer driver install menu

Quit NetSpot

Display select menu

Icon order display menu

Updated information menu

Display option menu

Protocol select menu

Error report select menu

Device search range set menu

Device display set menu

Display auto change set menu

NetWare server menu

Password change menu

Help menu

Version information display menu

(3) Device window menu

Printer control

Network interface board control

Quit device window

Display menu

Trap report condition set menu

Display auto change set menu

Printer information set menu

Controller information set menu

Printer environment set menu

Protocol set menu

Device window password change menu

Common utility menu

Help menu

Version information display menu

(4) Error pop-up window

Report occurrence of device errors

(5) Status sheet

Printer external bitmap display

Operating panel status display

Paper feed status display

Paper eject status display

Error information display

Online help display for errors

Error reset operation

(6) Printer environment dialog box

Printer paper eject settings

Common print environment basic settings

Common print environment expansion settings

Print adjust settings

Print operating mode settings

LIPS custom print environment basic settings

LIPS custom print environment expansion settings

LIPS custom utility

N201 custom print environment basic settings

N201 custom print environment expansion1 settings**

N201 custom print environment expansion2 settings

N201 custom utility

ESC/P custom print environment basic settings

ESC/P custom print environment expansion1 settings

ESC/P custom print environment expansion2 settings**

ESC/P custom utility

(** indicates only when option is installed)

(7) Jobs sheet

Monitoring of all jobs

Job execute control held by the logged-in user

Control of all jobs (administrator only)

Changes in printer queue settings

(8) Information sheet

Printer information display

Environmental setting information display

Controller information display

(9) Network sheet

Network interface board information display

Network information display

TCP/IP information display

AppleTalk information display

SNMP information display

(10) Protocol setting dialog box

NetWare settings

TCP/IP settings

AppleTalk settings

GENERAL USER MODE FUNCTIONS :

(1) Device list display window

Device list display of devices connected to network

Device information display (per each device)

Tool bar display

Status bar display

(2) Device list window menu

Device window display menu

Printer driver install menu

Quit NetSpot

Display select menu

Icon order display menu

Updated information menu

Display option menu

Protocol select menu

Error report select menu

Device search range set menu

Device display set menu

Display auto change set menu

NetWare server menu

Help menu

Version information display menu

(3) Device window menu

Quit device window menu

Display menu

Display auto change set menu

Help menu

Version information display menu

(4) Error pop-up window

Report occurrence of device errors

(5) Status sheet

Printer external bitmap display

Operating panel status display

Paper feed status display

Paper eject status display

Error information display

Online help display for errors

(6) Jobs sheet

Monitoring of all jobs

Job execute control held by the logged-in user

Control of all jobs (administrator only)

Changes in printer queue settings

(8) Information sheet

Printer information display

Environmental setting information display

Controller information display

The above mentioned functions are all explained in detail later on.

NetSpot Start-Up and Password Approval

When NetSpot is installed in the general user mode, the user can start NetSpot just by executing the NetSpot file. However, when NetSpot is installed in the controller mode, entry of the NetSpot password is requested after the user executes the NetSpot file. The NetSpot cannot start at this time in controller mode, unless the user enters the correct password. In NetSpot controller mode, the user can make all types of network peripheral equipment (device) settings. A mistake in these settings can cause misoperation or equipment breakdowns. So during startup in controller mode in NetSpot, the user is requested to enter the NetSpot password in order to prevent using controller mode by the general user. However, when entry of the NetSpot password is requested, the user can start up NetSpot in the general user mode without entering the password. This process is described in detail later on in the description of the NetSpot password entry dialog box (Fig 10).

During install of NetSpot in controller mode, the user performing the install can set the NetSpot password during controller mode startup.

Further, after the user has started up NetSpot in controller mode, the NetSpot password can be set or changed at controller mode startup. Details are related later on, in the explanation of the NetSpot password change dialog box (Fig. 38).

The NetSpot password which has been set or changed is used from the next time NetSpot is started in controller mode. NetSpot controller mode will start if the NetSpot password entered during controller mode startup matches the actual entry but will not start if the two passwords do not match.

In NetSpot controller mode, instead of requesting the NetSpot password from the user during start-up, a check can be made in the NetWare file server for log-in by the administrator. In other words, during start-up in NetSpot controller mode, the request for entry of the NetSpot can be omitted if the user has previously logged-in to the NetWare file server as the administrator.

In actual network operation, there may be a plurality of administrators in one network environment and the administrator may vary with each piece of network peripheral equipment (device). So in NetSpot controller mode, a device password can be set as an option for each network interface board, in addition to the NetSpot password during

start-up of the controller mode. This allows approval of a device password for each piece of network peripheral equipment selected by the user from the device list display window (Fig. 15) described later on.

The controller can set a device password as needed for each network interface board during selection of network peripheral equipment. When a device password has been set in the network interface board, at the time of new selection of network peripheral equipment by the user in NetSpot controller mode from the device list display window (Fig. 15) or in other words when the device window has been opened again, the device password set by the controller for each network interface board is approved.

Entry of the device password during new selection of network peripheral equipment from the device list display window in the NetSpot controller mode can be omitted if the user sets the NetSpot password during controller mode start-up as equivalent to the device password at the time of network peripheral equipment selection.

This process is related more specifically, in the explanation for the device password entry dialog box (Fig. 50) and the device password change dialog box (Fig. 137).

In password approval as described above, approval of the device password during the latter selection of network

peripheral equipment is performed by implementing the Canon MIB for the network interface board so this function is not supported for network interface boards not implementing the Canon MIB.

NetSpot Exclusive Control

A conflict may possible occur between the network peripheral equipment (device) settings and the network settings, when a plurality of NetSpot controller modes are started up for one piece of network peripheral equipment. Therefore, the number of NetSpot controller modes that can be started versus one piece of peripheral equipment are restricted to one mode. In other words, the same piece of network peripheral equipment cannot be selected by a plurality of NetSpot controller modes. In contrast, a plurality of general user modes can be started for one piece of network peripheral equipment. In other words, the same piece of network peripheral equipment can be selected on more than one NetSpot general user mode.

In the exclusive control in the type of controller mode related above, the network interface boards are implemented by a Canon MIB so this exclusive control function is not supported on network interface boards not implemented by a Canon MIB. When exclusive control is not implemented then network peripheral equipment on the same network can

be selected by more than one NetSpot controller mode just the same as in the NetSpot general user mode.

An illustration demonstrating the concept of exclusive control in the controller mode is shown in Fig. 9.

Transition Chart of Windows displayed by NetSpot

Fig.s 7 and 8 are window transition drawings showing in sequence the NetSpot changes in response to user instructions when the user has started NetSpot in controller mode. However, the windows shown in Fig.7 and Fig. 8 do not represent all the windows that NetSpot displays. Even when NetSpot receives no instructions from the user, all types of windows are automatically displayed according to the NetSpot operating status and information acquired from the network. These windows are however explained later on so a description is omitted here. A screen transition view of NetSpot when started in general user mode is omitted and fractional views are shown respectively in Fig. 7 and 8.

The user can monitor the network peripheral equipment status (device) by viewing the information displayed on the respective window shown by NetSpot and can set a suitable value in these windows in order to control the network peripheral equipment (device).

When NetSpot is started in controller mode a list on a dialog box as shown in Fig. 7 is called up from each sheet related later on.

The numeral 701 in Fig. 7 denotes the device window shown in Fig. 43. This window 701 has four sheets consisting of a status sheet 702 shown in Fig. 54, a job sheet 703 shown in Fig. 100, an information sheet 704 shown in Fig. 102 and a network sheet 705 shown in Fig. 104.

Here, from status sheet 702, is the error information display dialog box 706 shown in Fig. 55, and the printer environmental setting dialog box 709 shown in Fig. 143. The printer paper eject select dialog box 707 shown in Fig. 57 is selected from this error information display dialog box 706.

Further, the printer environmental set dialog box 709 contains five sheets consisting of : the printer eject set sheet 701 shown in Fig. 58, the shared printer environment basic set sheet 711 shown in Fig. 59, the LIPS print environment basic set sheet 715 shown in Fig. 69, the N201 print environment basic set sheet 718 shown in Fig. 76, and the ESC/P print environment basic set sheet 722 shown in Fig. 88. Here, the LIPS, N201, ESC/P are respectively one type of printer descriptive language.

The shared printer environment expansion dialog box 712 shown in Fig. 63, the print adjust set dialog box 713 shown in Fig. 67 and the print operation mode dialog box 714 shown in Fig. 68 are called up from the shared printer environment basic set sheet 711.

The LIPS printer environment expansion dialog box 716 shown in Fig. 70, and the LIPS utility dialog box 717 shown in Fig. 74 are called up from the LIPS print environment set sheet 715.

The N201 print environment expansion 1 set dialog box 719 shown in Fig. 79, N201 print environment expansion 2 set dialog box 720 shown in Fig. 82, and the N201 utility dialog box 721 shown in Fig. 86 are called up from the N201 print environment basic set sheet 718.

The ESC/P print environment expansion 1 set dialog box 723 shown in Fig. 91, the ESC/P print environment expansion 2 set dialog box 724 shown in Fig.94 and the ESC/P utility dialog box 725 shown in Fig. 98 are called up from the ESC/P print environment basic setting sheet 722.

Next, the printer queue set dialog box 726 shown in Fig. 10 is called up from the job sheet 703, the NetWare dialog box 727 shown in Fig. 34 is called up from the printer queue set dialog box 726. The controller information dialog box 728 shown in Fig. 103 is called up from the information

sheet 704. Finally, the protocol set dialog box 729 shown in Fig. 144 is called up from the network sheet 705.

The protocol set dialog box 729 contains the three sheets consisting of the NetWare setting sheet 730 shown in Fig. 105, the TCP/IP set sheet shown in Fig. 114 and the AppleTalk set sheet 733 shown in Fig. 120. The NetWare dialog box 727 shown in Fig. 34 is called up from the NetWare set sheet 730. The description for the device list window 801 is associated with the description for Fig. 8 and so is apportioned here.

Fig. 8 is a block diagram showing the list of dialog boxes called up from the menus related later, when the NetSpot is started in controller mode.

The numeral 801 in Fig. 8 denotes the device list window shown in Fig. 15. The device list window 801 contains four menus consisting of the device menu 802, display menu 803, setting menu 804 and help menu 805. Among these, the new window device dialog box 806 shown in Fig. 22, the (standard) printer driver install window 807 in the operating system is called up from the device menu 802. Next, the display option dialog box 808 shown in Fig. 29 is called up from the display menu 803. Further, the device search range dialog box 809 shown in Fig. 30, the device display setting dialog box 810 shown in Fig. 31, the device list auto change setting

dialog box 811 shown in Fig. 32, the NetWare log-in dialog box 727 shown in Fig. 34, the NetWare log-out dialog box 813 shown in Fig.36, and the NetSpot password change dialog box 814 for changing the password utilized in running the NetSpot shown in Fig. 38 are called up from the setting menu 804. Finally, the help file window 815 showing the NetSpot help, the NetSpot version information dialog box 816 for displaying the NetSpot version shown in Fig. 42 are called up from the help menu 805.

Next, the menu for the device window 701 explained in Fig. 7 is described.

The device window 701 contains the five menus consisting of : the device menu 817, the display menu 819, the set menu 820, the test menu 821, and the help menu 822. The trap report condition set dialog box 823 shown in Fig. 132, the device display auto change dialog box 824 shown in Fig. 133, the printer information set dialog box 825 shown in Fig. 135, the controller information dialog box 826 shown in Fig. 136, the device password change dialog box 827 shown in Fig. 137 are called up from the setting menu 820. Next, the help file window 828 for showing the NetSpot help, the device version information dialog box 829 shown in Fig. 141 are called up from the help menu 822.

Hereafter a detailed explanation of each of the above mentioned windows as well as a detailed explanation of NetSpot functions associated with each window are given.

NetSpot Password Entry Dialog Box (See Fig. 10)

When NetSpot is started in controller mode, the NetSpot password entry dialog box shown in Fig. 10 is displayed only in cases when the NetSpot password has been set. The NetSpot password entry dialog box is a dialog box for the user to enter the NetSpot password at start-up of NetSpot. The NetSpot password entry dialog box does not appear in the NetSpot general user mode. Also, when ON has been selected in "Substitute NetWare server controller password" in the NetSpot password change dialog box (Fig.38), the controller mode then starts up if the user has logged-in as the controller in the NetWare file server so that the NetSpot password entry dialog box does not appear. On the other hand, when the user has not logged-in as the controller in the NetWare file server, the NetSpot password entry dialog box will appear.

Detailed Specifications

Password (P) : A NetSpot password entered by the user in a character string of 0 to 15 spaces.

User Mode Start (U) : Only valid when OFF is selected here. Large letters and small letters are separated.

User Mode Start (U) : The user selects here whether or not to start in general user mode. The user selects either ON or OFF.

OK button : The user selects this button to enable the current dialog box setting and close the dialog box.

CANCEL button : The user selects this button to disable the current dialog box setting and close the dialog box. (Quits NetSpot)

HELP (H) button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations : When the user made a mistake in the NetSpot password entry, the message in Fig. 11 is displayed and the NetSpot password entry dialog box is again displayed.

NetWare Server Password Entry Dialog Box (See Fig. 12)

When the NetSpot password entry process is complete, a check by NetSpot is made as to whether the user has logged-in to the NetWare file server. If the NetWare server is available for use at this time and if the user has not logged in to the NetWare file server, then the NetWare server password entry dialog box of Fig. 12 is displayed. This NetWare server password entry dialog box is for entry by the user, of the NetWare file server password during

NetSpot start-up, which is required for logging in to the NetWare file server.

Detailed Specifications

User Name (U) : The user enters his name here in order to log in to the NetWare file server. When the user has previously logged in to NetWare file server by means of this dialog box, then the user name entered from the previous log-in has been stored.

Password (P) : A password entered by the user in order to log-in to the NetWare file server.

NetWare Server (S) : Here, the user selects the NetWare file server that should be logged into. The user makes a selection from the NetWare file servers registered in the bindery.

OK button : The user selects this button to enable the current dialog box setting and close the dialog box.

CANCEL button : The user selects this button to disable the current dialog box setting and close the dialog box. (Quits NetSpot)

HELP (H) button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations : When the user made a mistake in the NetWare file server log-in, the message in Fig.13 is

displayed and the NetWare log-in dialog box is again displayed.

When the user selects the "Cancel" button in the NetWare server password entry dialog box, the message of Fig.14 is displayed with a caution note for the user.

Device List Window (See Fig. 15)

The device list window appears as shown in Fig. 15 when the NetSpot start-up process is complete. This device list window is an icon with a list showing network peripheral equipment (devices) connected to the current network.

In controller mode and general user mode, the device list window (of Fig. 15) offers the functions shown in Table 1.

Table 1

List of functions supported by the device list window

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Display list of devices connected to network · Display [Large icon] for each device · Display [Small icon] for each device	○	○
2	Display information for each device · Display user defined name · Display device product name · Display product name of network interface board · Display MAC address display	○	○
3	Display tool bar · [Open] tool bar · [Update latest information] tool bar · [Large icon] tool bar · [Small icon] tool bar	○	○
4	Display status bar · Display number of device	○	○

The icon design indicates the type of device and device operation status. Devices shown on NetSpot are only network devices implemented for SNMP/Canon-MIB. Network devices other than this cannot be displayed. Devices not connected to the network or devices whose power is off are also not displayed. Further, devices not triggered by network protocol used by NetSpot are also not displayed.

A user defined name is also displayed along with the icon showing the device. The Japanese language can also

be used for this user defined name. The user can change the user defined name only in controller mode in the device window (Fig. 43) described later.

The list of devices can be periodically updated and this change in device operating status reflected in the icon by polling the device connection status and operating status at fixed intervals. When a device is newly detected, that device icon is added to the device list.

When there is no response from a device that has been detected up until now and that device window (Fig. 43) did not open, then a red X is displayed on the line connecting to the device icon. Also, when there is no reply from the device after a fixed number of tries, that device icon is deleted.

Detailed Specifications (see Fig. 15)

[Open] Tool Bar 1501 : Selection of this by the user opens the device window (Fig. 43) for the device selected by the user. This is only displayed when the menu function [Display] - [Tool bar] menu of the menu function of device list window 801 has been selected. A device that has been selected is only valid when there is no red X mark on the device.

[Update latest information] tool bar 1502 : Updates the latest information on the device list display

when this item is selected by the user. This is only displayed when the menu function [Display] - [Tool bar] menu of the menu function of device list window 801 has been selected.

[Large Icon] tool bar 1503 : Displays the device list on a large icon when this item is selected by the user. This is only displayed when the menu function [Display] - [Tool bar] menu of the menu function of device list window 801 has been selected.

[Small Icon] tool bar 1504 : Displays the device list on a small icon when this item is selected by the user. This is only displayed when the menu function [Display] - [Tool bar] menu of the menu function of device list window 801 has been selected.

Large icon display : When the [Large Icon] tool bar 1503 is selected, an item specified in the option display dialog box (Fig. 29) is displayed relating to the device display setting dialog box (Fig. 31) along with the large icon. In such a case, items specified from among the large icon, name, device product name, product name for network interface board, and MAC address are displayed. When the device window (Fig. 43) is open in the controller mode, a mark appears on the device icon (Fig. 146). When there is no reply from a previously detected device, a red X is displayed on the line that connects the device icon (Fig.

148). Also, when there is no reply from the device after a fixed number of tries, that device icon is deleted.

Small icon display : When the [Small Icon] tool bar 1504 is selected, an item specified in the option display dialog box (Fig. 29) is displayed relating to the device display setting dialog box (Fig. 31) along with the large icon. In such a case, items specified from among the small icon, name, device product name, product name for network interface board, and MAC address are displayed. When the device window (Fig. 43) is open in the controller mode, a mark appears on the device icon (Fig. 147). When there is no reply from a previously detected device, a red X is displayed on the line that connects the device icon (Fig. 149). Also, when there is no reply from the device after a fixed number of tries, that device icon is deleted.

Status bar display 1505 : Displays the number of displayed devices.

Other operations : The message in Fig. 16 appears when a device is not detected with the opened device window (Fig. 43). The "Chinese" in the message on Fig. 16 is the device name (attached beforehand by the user) for the device which cannot be detected, but is displayed on the device list of Fig. 15. When the user selects the [OK] button in response to the displayed message, along with deleting the icon

showing the device that cannot be detected in the device list window 801, the device window (Fig. 43) is closed for the device that cannot be detected. However, when the user selects the [CANCEL] button, the icon displays for the device that cannot be detected, and the display of the device window (Fig. 43) for the device that cannot be detected, is continued.

Device List Window Menu Function (see Fig. 15)

NetSpot provides menu functions shown in Table 2 through Table 4 for menu bars (802 - 805) of the device list window (Fig. 15).

Table 2

List (1) of menu functions supported on device windows

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Device window menu ・Open selected device window ([Device]-[Open] or [File]-[Open]) ・Close selected device window ([Device]-[Close] or [File]-[Close]) ・Close all device windows ([Device]-[All Close] or [File]-[All Close])	○	○
2	New device menu ・Setup new device in device list ([Device]-[Add New])	○	
3	Printer driver install menu ・Printer driver install ([Device]-[Printer driver install])	○	○
4	Quit NetSpot ・([Device]-[Quit NetSpot] or [File]-[Quit])	○	○
5	Display select menu ・Select tool bar display ([Display]-[Tool bar]) ・Display status bar ([Display]-[Status bar]) ・Constant display ([Display]-[Display Near Operator]) ・Select large icon ([Display]-[Large icon]) ・Select large icon ([Display]-[Small icon])	○	○
6	Icon sequence menu ([Display]-[Icon sequence]) ・In name sequence ・In type sequence ・In MAC address sequence	○	○

Table 3

List (2) of menu functions supported on device windows

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
7	latest information display menu · Update icon to latest information ([Display]-[Change To Latest Information])	○	○
8	Option menu ([Display]-[Option...]) · Select item for large icon display · Select item for small icon display · Select chip help display	○	○
9	Protocol select menu · Select protocol for use next time NetSpot starts (NetWare or TCP/IP) ([Set]-[Select protocol]	○	○
10	Error report method menu ([Set]-[Error report method]) · Select error pop-up window display · Select beep tone sound	○	○
11	Device search range menu · Set range of device search (TCP/IP and AppleTalk only) ([Set]-[Device Search Range])	○	○
12	Device display set menu · Select device for display ([Set]-[Device display])	○	○
13	Display auto change set menu · Auto change select and change interval of device list window ([Set]-[Display Auto change...])	○	○
14	NetWare server menu · Log-in to file server ([Set]-[Log-in...]) · Log-out from file server ([Set]-[Log-out...])	○	○
15	Password change menu · Change NetSpot password · ([Set]-[Change NetSpot password])	○	

Table 4

List (3) of menu functions supported on device windows

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
16	Help menu · Index ([Help])--[Index]) · Search keyword ([Help])--[Search by keyword])	○	○
17	Version information menu ([Help])--([Version information]) or ([Apple menu)]-[For NetSpot]) · NetSpot version · Canon MIB version used by NetSpot · SNMP version used by NetSpot	○	○

Detailed Specifications (See Fig. 15)]

[Device (D)]-[Open (O)] : The user selects this item to open the device window (Fig. 43). The selected device is only valid when no red X mark has been attached to this device.

[Device (D)]-[Close (C)] : The user selects this item to close the device window (Fig. 43). In a selected device, and further a device selected with an opened device window (Fig. 43) this is only valid when the device window (Fig. 43) is not already being used (direct operation possible of device window (Fig.43).

[Device (D)]-[All Close (A)] : The user selects this item to close all device windows (Fig. 43). This item

is valid when a device is present in open device window (Fig.43). The device window (Fig. 43) cannot be closed during operation.

[Device (D)]-[Add New (N)] : The device selected by the user is setup and a add new device setting dialog box (Fig. 22) is opened in order to add a device for display. (Controller mode only)

[Device (D)]-[Printer driver install (D)] : The user selects this item to install the printer driver. This calls up the printer menu on the control panel.

[Device(D)]-[Quit NetSpot (X)] : The user selects this item to quit NetSpot.

[Display (V)]-[Tool bar (T)] : The user selects this item to select whether to display the tool bar or not. The user can set either ON or OFF.

[Display (V)]-[Status bar (B)] : The user selects this item to select whether to display the status bar or not. The user can set either ON or OFF.

[Display (V)]-[Display Near Operator(P)] : The user selects this item to constantly display the device list window nearby. The user can set either ON or OFF.

[Display (V)]-[Large icon (G)] : The user selects this item to display large icons on the device list. When

the user sets [Large icon] to ON, the [Small Icon] sets to OFF simultaneously.

[Display (V)]-[Small icon (M)] : The user selects this item to display small icons on the device list. When the user sets [Small icon] to ON, the [Large Icon] sets to OFF simultaneously.

[Display(V)]-[Icon sequence (S)] : The user selects this item to display the devices in sequence. The user selects from "Name Sequence (N)" "Type Sequence (T)" and "MAC Address (M)".

[Display (V)]-[Change To Latest Information (R)] : The user selects this item to change the latest information on the device list display.

[Display (V)]-[Option (O)...] : The user selects this item to open the display option.

[Set (S)]-[Select protocol (P)] : The user selects this item to choose the protocol to operate NetSpot. The user selects from "NetWare"" and "TCP/IP".

[Set(S)]-[Error report method (E)] : The user selects this item to specify the error report method. The user selects either ON or OFF in "Open pop-up window (P). The user selects either ON or OFF for "Sounding beep tone (B)".

[Set(S)]-[Device Search Range (S)...] : The user selects this item to open the device search range dialog box (Fig.30) in order to specify the search range for the device. The currently used network protocol is only valid for TCP/IP.

[Set(S)]-[Device display (V)] : The user selects this item to open the device display set dialog box (Fig.31) in order to specify the device for display from the devices searched for.

[Set(S)]-[Display Auto Change (A)...] : The user selects this item to open the device list auto change dialog box (Fig.32) in order to specify the automatic change interval for device list display.

[Set(S)]-[Log-in(I)...] : The user selects this item to open the NetWare log-in dialog box (Fig.34) for logging in to the NetWare file server. This function is only valid when the NetWare service is usable.

[Set(S)]-[Log-out(0)...] : The user selects this item to open the NetWare log-out dialog box (Fig.36) in order to log out from the NetWare file server. This function is only valid when the NetWare service is usable.

[Set(S)]-[Change NetSpot password (W)...] : The user selects this item to open the NetSpot password change dialog box (Fig.38) in order to change the password at start-up of NetSpot. (Controller mode only)

[Help(H)]--[Index (C)] : The user selects this item to display the index for the NetSpot online help.

[Help](H))--[Search by keyword (S)...] : The user selects this item to display the NetSpot online help keyword search.

[Help(H)]--([Version information (A)] : The user selects this item to open the NetSpot version information dialog box (Fig. 42) in order to display the NetSpot version information.

Other operations :

When the user changes the operating protocol with [Set (S)]-[Select protocol (P)], the message shown in Fig.17 is displayed advising the user to restart NetSpot if the device window is open in controller mode. When the device window (Fig.43) is open in controller mode, the restart of NetSpot cannot be selected so after the user has closed all device windows (Fig. 43) in controller mode, protocol can again be selected or NetSpot must once again be started after quitting NetSpot.

When the user changes the operating protocol with [Set (S)]-[Select protocol (P)], if the device window (Fig.43) is not open in controller mode, the message in Fig. 18 appears advising the user to restart NetSpot. Here, if the user selects the [Yes(Y)] button then NetSpot restarts.

If the user selects the [No(N)] button then the display status returns to the device list window of Fig. 15.

When [Device(D)]-[Quit NetSpot (X)] is selected in controller mode and the device window (Fig.43) is opened in controller mode or an operation is in-progress on the device window (Fig.43) (So that Fig.43 cannot be directly used) then the message in Fig. 19 appears urging the user to quit the operation in all device windows (Fig.43) and to close all controller mode device windows (Fig.43)

When [Device(D)]-[Quit NetSpot (X)] is selected in general user mode and the device window (Fig.43) is opened in controller mode or an operation is in-progress on the device window (Fig.43) (So that Fig.43 cannot be directly used) then the message in Fig. 20 appears urging the user to quit the operation in all device windows (Fig.43) and to close all controller mode device windows (Fig.43)

When the user selects [Device(D)]-[Quit NetSpot (X)] or [File]-[Quit], the message in Fig. 21 appears if it is possible to quit NetSpot. Here, NetSpot is quit if the user selects the [OK] button. If the user selects the [Cancel] button then the display returns to the device list window with no other action performed.

The display on the new device add dialog box may differ according to the network protocol currently used in

the user network environment. Whereupon the following explanation for both (1) NetWare and (2) TCP/IP is given.

(1) Add new device dialog box for NetWare

[Add new device dialog box (1-1) (See Fig. 22)

When the currently used network protocol is NetWare, the user can select the device list window (Fig. 15) of the [Device (D)]-[Add New (N)] menu in order to display the add new device dialog box (1-1) shown in Fig.22. When the currently used network protocol is NetWare, this add new device dialog box (1-1) serves as a dialog box allowing the user to select a network interface board for new devices displayed in the device window (Fig.15).

Detailed Specifications

[Network Interface Board (N)] : The user uses this to select the network interface board connected to the add new device. In Fig.22, "EB-1" and "NB-1" are displayed as product names for network interface boards connected to the add new device.

[<Return (B)] button : The user selects this button to return to the device list window (Fig.15) and close the current dialog box (1-1) (Fig. 22) however usually this is disabled (a state where user cannot select this button).

[To Next>] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (1-1) (Fig. 22) after storing

the information displayed in (Fig. 22) in this dialog box (1-1) and display the add new device dialog box (1-2) (Fig.23).

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box (1-1) (Fig. 22) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

[Add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23)]

When the user selects the network interface board per the add new device dialog box (1-1) (See Fig.22) and then selects the [To Next] button, the add new device dialog box (1-2) shown in Fig.23 is displayed. Hereafter, the network interface board mounted in the network printer subject to NetSpot control is called the "NB-1 board". This add new device dialog box (1-2) is a dialog box for specifying the address held by the NB-1 board connected to the new add device displayed in the device list window (Fig. 15) when the currently used network protocol is NetWare. Here, when the user finishes inputting the address and selects the [To Next] button, detection of the device with the specified address is performed. At this time, a display shows the detection

of the device in the add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23) is in progress.

Detailed Specifications

[MAC address (M)] : The user enters the 12 digit base 16 MAC address here.

[Network No. (N)] : The user enters the 8 digit base 16 network number here.

[<Return (B)] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (1-2) (Fig. 23) without saving the information displayed in this dialog box (1-2) (Fig.23) and to return to the add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23). At this time, the display contents of add new device dialog box (1-1) (See Fig.22) are the previously displayed contents.

[To Next] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (1-2) (Fig. 23) after saving the information displayed in this dialog box (1-2) (Fig. 23) and detecting the device based on this information. The add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23) is then displayed. This [To Next] button is only valid when all the digits in the [MAC address (M)] and the [Network No. (N)] have been entered.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and

close this dialog box (1-2) (Fig. 23) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

[Add new device dialog box (1-3) (See Fig.24)]

If the device detection ends correctly in add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23), then the add new device dialog box (1-3) is displayed. This add new device dialog box (1-3) is a dialog box for the user to set the protocol information of the NB-1 board connected to the new add device shown in the device list window (Fig. 15) when the currently used network protocol is NetWare. Here, when the user completes entry of the protocol information and selects the [To Next] button, the specified protocol information for the NB-1 board is set.

Detailed Specifications

[NetWare frame type (N)] : The user selects this item to choose the NetWare frame type. The user selects from among : "Invalid" "Auto Detect" "Ethernet II" "Ethernet 802.2" "Ethernet 802.3" and "Ethernet Snap".

[Priority (R)] : The user selects this item to choose the frame type to have priority when using auto detection for the NetWare frame type. This is only valid when "Auto Detect" is selected in "NetWare Frame type (N)". The

user selects from among : "Ethernet II" "Ethernet 802.2" "Ethernet 802.3" and "Ethernet Snap".

[TCP/IP frame type (T)] : The user uses this item to select the TCP/IP frame type. The user selects from among : "Invalid" and "Ethernet II".

[IP address (A)] : Here, the user enters a base 10×4 item IP address from 0 - 255 digits.

[AppleTalk phase (P)] : The user uses this item to select AppleTalk phase. The user selects from among : "Invalid" and "Phase2".

[<Return(B)] button : The user selects this item to close the current dialog box (1-3) (Fig. 24) without saving the information displayed in this dialog box (1-3) (Fig. 24) and to return to the add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23). At this time, the contents of the add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23) from the previous display are retained.

[To Next] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (1-3) (Fig. 24) after saving the information displayed in this dialog box (1-3) (Fig. 24) and setting the protocol information for the network interface board based on this information. The add new device dialog box (1-4) (See Fig.26) is then displayed.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting, then close this dialog box (1-3) (Fig. 24) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

When the user enters a value of 256 or more in [IP address (A)], the message shown in Fig. 25 is displayed and the display returns to add new device dialog box (1-3) (See Fig.24)

[Add new device dialog box (1-4) (See Fig.26)]

When the setting of protocol information in the add new device dialog box (1-3) (See Fig.24) has ended, the add new device dialog box (1-4) of Fig. 26 is displayed. When the currently used network protocol is NetWare, this add new device dialog box (1-4) serves as a dialog box for the user to set protocol information on the NB-1 board connected to the new add devices displayed in the device list window (Fig. 15). In the case of the NB-1 board, when the user selects the [End] button, the network interface board automatically resets and the new settings are now valid.

Detailed Specifications

[<Return (B)] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (1-4) (Fig. 26) and to return to the add new device dialog box (1-3) (See Fig.24). This button is however usually invalid (a state where the user cannot select this button).

[End] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (1-4) (Fig. 26) after resetting the network interface board, and return to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box (1-4) (Fig. 26) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15) without resetting the network interface board.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

[Add new device dialog box (1-5) (See Fig.27)]

If the device detection did not end correctly in the add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23), then the add new device dialog box (1-5) is displayed. When the currently used network protocol is NetWare, this add new device dialog box (1-5) serves as a dialog box to show that new add devices displayed in the device list window (Fig. 15) connected to the NB-1 port cannot be detected.

Detailed Specifications

[<Return (B)] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (1-5) (Fig. 27) and to return to the add new device dialog box (1-2) (See Fig.23). At this time, the contents of the add new device dialog box (1-2) (Fig.23) from the previous display are retained.

[Close] button : Same function as the [Cancel] button.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box (1-5) (Fig. 27) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15) after invalidating all settings relating to the add new device window.

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

(2) Add new device dialog box when using TCP/IP)

[Add new device dialog box (2-1) (See Fig.22)]

When the currently used network protocol is TCP/IP the user can select the device list window (Fig. 15) of the [Device] - [Add New] menu in order to display the add new device dialog box (2-1) shown in Fig.22. When the currently used network protocol is TCP/IP, this add new device dialog box (1-1) serves as a dialog box allowing the user to select a network interface board connected to the new device displayed in the device list window (Fig.15). In the case of TCP/IP,

only devices existing in the same subnet as NetSpot can be added.

Detailed Specifications

[Network Interface Board (N)] : The user uses this to select the network interface board connected to the new device. In Fig.22, "EB-1" and "NB-1" are displayed as product names for network interface boards connected to the add new device.

[<Return (B)] button : The user selects this button to return to the device list window (Fig.15) and close the current dialog box (2-1) (Fig. 22) however usually this is disabled (a state where user cannot select this button).

[To Next>] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (2-1) (Fig. 22) after storing the information displayed in (Fig. 22) in this dialog box (2-1) and display the add new device dialog box (2-2) (Fig.28).

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings made in the add new device setting, and close this dialog box (2-1) (Fig. 22) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

[Add new device dialog box (2-2) (See Fig.28)]

When the user selects the network interface board per the add new device dialog box (2-1) (See Fig.22) and (here related for when "NB-1" is selected") then selects the [To Next] button, the add new device dialog box (2-2) shown in Fig.28 is displayed.

This add new device dialog box (2-2) is a dialog box for specifying the address held by the NB-1 board connected to the new add device displayed in the device list window (Fig. 15) when the currently used network protocol is TCP/IP. Here, when the user finishes inputting the address and selects the [To Next] button, detection of the device with the specified address is performed. At this time, a display shows that detection of the device in the add new device dialog box (2-2) is in progress.

Detailed Specifications

[MAC address (M)] : The user enters the 12 digit base 16 MAC address here.

[IP address (A)] : Here, the user enters a base 10×4 item IP address from 0 - 255 digits. The IP address is entered for setting in a device to be newly added or an IP address that has already been set is entered. The actual search is performed with [MAC address (M)] but search may not be possible if the user does not enter the correct IP address.

[<Return (B)] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (2-2) (Fig. 28) without saving the information displayed in this dialog box (2-2) (Fig.28) and to return to the add new device dialog box (2-1) (See Fig.22). At this time, the display contents of add new device dialog box (2-1) (See Fig.22) are the previously displayed contents.

[To Next] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (2-2) (Fig. 28) after saving the information displayed in this dialog box (2-2) (Fig. 28) and detecting the device based on this information. The add new device dialog box (2-3) (See Fig.24) contents are then displayed. This [To Next] button is only valid when all the digits in the [MAC address (M)] have been entered.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box (2-2) (Fig. 28) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

When the user enters a value of 256 or more in [IP address (A)], the message shown in Fig. 25 is displayed and

the display returns to the add new device dialog box (2-2) (See Fig.28)

[Add new device dialog box (2-3) (See Fig.24)]

When device detection in the add new device dialog box (2-2) (See Fig.28) has ended correctly, the add new device dialog box (2-3) of Fig. 24 is displayed. When the currently used network protocol is TCP/IP, this add new device dialog box (2-3) serves as a dialog box for the user to set protocol information on the NB-1 board connected to the add new devices displayed in the device list window (Fig. 15).Here, when the user finishes entry of the protocol information, and selects the [TO NEXT] button, the new settings specified by the user as protocol information for the NB-1 board are now valid.

Detailed Specifications

[NetWare frame type (N)] : The user selects this item to choose the NetWare frame type. The user selects from among : "Invalid" "Auto Detect" "Ethernet II" "Ethernet 802.2" "Ethernet 802.3" and "Ethernet Snap".

[Priority(R)] : The user selects this item to choose the frame type to have priority when using auto detection for the NetWare frame type. This is only valid when "Auto Detect" is selected in "NetWare Frame type (N)". The user selects from among : "Ethernet II" "Ethernet 802.2" "Ethernet 802.3" and "Ethernet Snap".

[TCP/IP frame type(T)] : The user uses this item to select the TCP/IP frame type. The user selects from among : "Invalid" and "Ethernet II".

[IP address (A)] : Here, the user enters a base 10×4 item IP address from 0 - 255 digits.

[AppleTalk phase (P)] : The user uses this item to select AppleTalk phase. The user selects from among : "Invalid" and "Phase2".

[<Return(B)] button : The user selects this item to close the current dialog box (2-3) (Fig. 24) without saving the information displayed in this dialog box (2-3) (Fig. 24) and to return to the add new device dialog box (2-2) (See Fig.28). At this time, the contents of the add new device dialog box (2-2) (See Fig.28) from the previous display are retained.

[To Next] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (2-3) (Fig. 24) after saving the information displayed in this dialog box (2-3) (Fig. 24) and setting the protocol information for the network interface board based on this information. The add new device dialog box (2-4) (See Fig.26) is then displayed.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting, then

close this dialog box (2-3) (Fig. 24) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

When the user enters a value of 256 or more in [IP address (A)], the message shown in Fig. 25 is displayed and the display returns to add new device dialog box (2-3) (See Fig.24)

[Add new device dialog box (2-4) (See Fig.26)]

When the setting of protocol information in the add new device dialog box (2-3) (See Fig.24) has ended, the add new device dialog box (2-4) of Fig. 26 is displayed. When the currently used network protocol is TCP/IP, this add new device dialog box (2-4) serves as a dialog box for the user to check protocol information set on the NB-1 board connected to the new add devices displayed in the device list window (Fig. 15). In the case of the NB-1 board, when the user selects the [End] button, the network interface board automatically resets and the new settings are now valid.

Detailed Specifications

[<Return(B)] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (2-4) (Fig. 26) and to return to the add new device dialog box (2-3) (See Fig.24). This

button is however usually invalid (a state where the user cannot select this button).

[End] button : The user selects this button to close the current dialog box (2-4) (Fig. 26) after resetting the network interface board, and return to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box (2-4) (Fig. 26) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15) without resetting the network interface board.

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

[Add new device dialog box (2-5) (See Fig.27)]

If the device detection did not end correctly in the add new device dialog box (2-2) (See Fig.28), then the add new device dialog box (2-5) is displayed. When the currently used network protocol is TCP/IP, this add new device dialog box (2-5) serves as a dialog box to show that new add devices displayed in the device list window (Fig. 15) connected to the NB-1 port cannot be detected.

Detailed Specifications

[<Return(B)] button : The user selects this item to close the current dialog box (2-5) (Fig. 27) and return to the add new device dialog box (2-2) (See Fig.28). At this

time, the contents of the add new device dialog box (2-2) (See Fig.28) from the previous display are retained.

[Close] button : Same function as the [Cancel] button.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box (2-5) (Fig. 27) and return to the device list window (Fig. 15) after invalidating all settings relating to the add new device window.

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

[Display option dialog box (See Fig. 29)

When the user selects [Display]-[Option...] from the device list window (Fig. 15), the option dialog box shown in Fig. 29 is displayed. This is a dialog box to allow the user to select the display options in the device list window (Fig. 15). The printer names added by the user with the printer information set dialog box (Fig. 135) are always displayed in this device list window. When large icons are used, the user can select items besides the name by using the radio buttons. When small icons are used, the user can select items in addition to the name, by using the check box.

Detailed Specifications

[Large Icon] : The user selects this item to display large icons on the device list. In such cases, the

user selects from among : "Name only (N)" "Name & Device Product Title(R)" "Name & Network Interface Board Product Title(O)" "Name & MAC Address (A)".

[Small Icon] : The user selects this item to display small icons on the device list. In such cases, the user selects either ON or OFF for: "Device Product Title (P)" "Network Interface Board Product Title(B)" and "MAC Address (M)".

[Tip Help Display(T)] : The user selects whether or not to display the tip help item from the tool bar. The user selects either ON or OFF.

[OK] button : The user selects this item to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box.

[Help(H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

[Device search range dialog box (See Fig.30)]

When the user selects the [Set]-[Device search range...] menu from the device list window (Fig.15), the device search range dialog box shown in Fig.30 is displayed. This device search range dialog box is for allowing the user to set the device search range shown on the device list window

(Fig.15). The settings on the device search range dialog box are only valid when the currently used network protocol is TCP/IP. The user specifies the IP address for the device search or the broadcast address for each subnet as the device search range. When the user does not specify the device search range, a search of the NetSpot's own subnet is made with the broadcast. When a network device does not respond to the specifications of the broadcast of the network interface board, the user must clearly specify the IP address of the device to be searched, in the device list window, as the search range for the device.

Detailed Specifications

[Specify search range] : The user uses this item to select whether or not to specify the search range. The user selects from among : "Do not specify search range (N)" and "Specify search range (S)". When "Do not specify search range (N)" is selected, a search of the NetSpot's own subnet is made with broadcast. When "Specify search range (S)" is selected, the IP address specified with [Search IP address (I)] is searched for.

[Search IP address (I)] : Here, the user enters a base 10×4 item IP address from 0 - 255 digits. The user enters the IP address of the device to be searched or the broadcast address for each subnet. A list of the IP addresses

for search is displayed. The user selects the IP address from the IP address list of devices for search. This operation is only valid when "Specify search range (S)" is selected in [Specify search range].

[Add(A)] button : The user selects this item to add the IP address entered by the user, onto the IP address list of devices for search. This operation is only valid when "Specify search range (S)" is selected in [Specify search range] and when [Search IP address (I)] is input.

[Delete (D)] button : The user selects this item to delete the IP address selected by the user, from the IP address list of devices for search. This operation is only valid when "Specify search range (S)" is selected in [Specify search range] and when [Search IP address (I)] is input.

[OK] button : The user selects this item to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

When the user enters a value of 256 or more in [IP address (A)], the message shown in Fig. 25 is displayed and

the display returns to the device search range dialog box (See Fig.30)

[Device search range dialog box (See Fig.31)]

When the user selects the device list window (Fig. 15) of the [Set]-[Device Display] menu, the device dialog box shown in Fig.31 is displayed. The device display set dialog box is for allowing the user to set devices for display in the device list window (Fig.15).

Detailed Specifications

[Specify display] : Allows user to select whether or not to display the device. The user selects from among: "Display all devices (A)" and "Specify device for display (T)".

[Devices for display (S)] : Displays a list of devices for display. The user selects a device from among a list for display. This operation is only valid when user has selected "Specify device for display (T)" with [Specify display]. In this case, small icons, names and the MAC address are displayed.

[Do not display (E)] button : The user selects a device from the list of devices for display and moves this to the list of devices not for display. This operation is only valid when the user selects "Specify device for display

(T)" with [Specify display] and then selects the device from the Device for display list.

[Do not display device (I)] : Display a list of devices not for display. The user selects a device from the list of devices not for display. This operation is only valid when the user selects "Specify device for display (T)" with [Specify display] and then selects the device from the Device for display list. In this case, small icons, names and the MAC address are displayed.

[For display (W)] : When the user selects this (W) button, the device selected by the user from the Devices not for display list is moved to the Device for display list. This operation is only valid when the user selects "Specify device for display (T)" with [Specify display] and then selects the device from the Devices Not for Display List.

[OK] button : The user selects this item to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

[Device List Auto Change Dialog Box (See Fig. 32)]

When the user selects the [Set]-[Display Auto Change...] menu on the device list window (Fig. 15), the Device Auto Change dialog box shown in Fig.32 is displayed. The Device Auto Change dialog box (Fig. 32) is for allowing the user to set the auto change interval for the display on the device list window (Fig. 15).

Detailed Specifications

[Change display automatically (A)] : The user selects here whether or not to automatically change the device list display. The user selects ON or OFF.

[Change interval (I)] : The user enters a change interval unit in increments from 10 to 600 seconds. This function is only valid when the user has selected "ON" in [Change display automatically (A)].

[OK] button : The user selects this item to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

In [Change interval (I)] when the user enters a value outside the range of 10 to 600 seconds, the message

in Fig. 33 is displayed and the display returns to the device list Device Auto Change dialog box (Fig. 32).

[NetWare Log-In dialog box (See Fig. 34)

When the user selects the [Set]-[Log-In...] menu on the device list window (Fig. 15), the NetWare Log-In dialog box shown in Fig. 34 is displayed. The NetWare Log-In dialog box (Fig. 34) is for allowing the user to access the NetWare file server. This NetWare Log-In dialog box is only operable when the NetWare service is available for use.

Detailed Specifications

[User Name (U)] : The user enters the user name here in order to log in to the NetWare file server. When a previous log-in was made to the file server with the dialog box, the previous log-in is stored beforehand as the default user name.

[Password (P)] : The user enters the password here in order to log in to the NetWare file server.

[NetWare server (S)] : The user selects the NetWare file server for log-in with this item. The user selects the NetWare file server from the registrations in the bindery.

[OK] button : The user selects this item to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

When the log-in to the NetWare file server fails, the message in Fig. 35 is displayed and the display returns to the NetWare log-in dialog box (Fig. 34).

[NetWare Log-In dialog box (See Fig. 36)

When the user selects the [Set]-[Log-In...] menu on the device list window (Fig. 15), the NetWare Log-Out dialog box shown in Fig. 36 is displayed. The NetWare Log-Out dialog box (Fig. 36) is for allowing the user to log out from the NetWare file server. This NetWare Log-Out dialog box (Fig.36) is only operable when the NetWare service is available for use.

Detailed Specifications

[NetWare server during log-in (S)] : This is a list displaying the currently logged-in NetWare file servers. The user selects the NetWare file server from the list of currently logged-in NetWare file servers.

[Log-out (O)] button : The user selects this [Log-out (O)] button to log out of the NetWare file server

selected with [NetWare server during log-in (S)]. This function is only valid when the user has selected the NetWare file server with [NetWare server during log-in (S)].

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

When the user selects the [Log-out (O)] button, the message shown in Fig. 37 appears. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button, log-out from the specified NetWare file server is performed, and the display returns to the device list window (Fig. 15). When the user selects the [No (N)] button, the device list window (Fig. 15) returns with no other action performed.

[NetSpot Password Change Dialog Box (See Fig. 38)]

When the user selects the [Set]-[NetSpot password change...] menu on the device list window (Fig. 15), the NetSpot Password Change dialog box shown in Fig. 38 is displayed. The NetSpot Password Change dialog box (Fig. 38) is for allowing the user to change the NetSpot password entered by the user during start-up of NetSpot in controller

mode. The NetWare Password Change dialog box (Fig. 38) is only operable in controller mode.

Detailed Specifications

[Old password(O)] : The user enters here a character string of 0 to 15 digits used as the old NetSpot password during NetSpot start-up. This is grouped into upper or lower case letters.

[New password(N)] : The user enters here a character string of 0 to 15 digits used as the new NetSpot password during NetSpot start-up. This is grouped into upper or lower case letters.

[New password check entry (F)] : The user re-enters here a character string of 0 to 15 digits used as the new NetSpot password during NetSpot start-up. This is grouped into upper or lower case letters.

[Substitute NetWare server controller password (S)] : The user selects this item in order to check whether or not log-in to the NetWare file server has been made as a controller, instead of the user entering the NetSpot password at start-up of NetSpot. This is allowable when the same specifications are also set for the device password. This function is only operable when the NetWare service is usable. The user selects ON or OFF for this function.

[OK] button : The user selects this item to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

When a mistake was made in entering the NetSpot password with [Old password(O)], then the message in Fig. 39 appears. The NetSpot Password Change Dialog Box (Fig. 38) then returns.

When the new NetSpot password entered by the user with [New password(N)] does not match the password re-entered by the user with [New password check entry (F)], then the message in Fig.40 is shown and the NetSpot Password Change Dialog Box (Fig. 38) then returns. When the NetSpot password was changed with the correct user entry, the message in Fig. 41 then appears and the display returns to the device list window (Fig. 15).

[NetSpot Version Information Dialog Box (See Fig. 42)]

The user selects the [Help]-[Version Info] menu from the device list window (Fig. 15) to display the NetSpot

Version Information Dialog Box of Fig. 42. This NetSpot Version Information Dialog Box of Fig. 42 is for displaying the NetSpot version information.

Detailed Specifications

[Version Info] : This displays the NetSpot title and version. The copyright is displayed. The Canon-MIB used by NetSpot is displayed. The SNMP version used by NetSpot is displayed.

[OK] button : The user selects this item to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Device Window (See Fig. 43)]

The user double-clicks an icon displayed on the device list window (Fig. 15) to display the Device Window Dialog Box shown in Fig. 43. The number of device windows (Fig. 43) that can be opened by the user is limited to one for each device. The user clicks the tabs ([Status] [Job] [Info] and [Network] on the left side of the Device Window (Fig.43) to move the sheet for each tab to the leading edge of the Device Window (Fig. 43).

Hereafter, the process from selecting the device from a Device List Window 801 (Fig. 15) and displaying a device window 701 (Fig.43) is described while referring to the flowchart.

First Embodiment

Next, a first embodiment for display that will not cause the user stress is explained from the device list window 801 to the device window 701.

In Fig. 152, the flowchart shows the device window display operation for the network controller software (NetSpot) that the user is currently starting up.

The NetSpot program executed according to this flowchart is stored in a hard disk (HD) 511. A CPU501 is the main hardware element in running this NetSpot program. However, the main control element for the software is the NetSpot stored in the hard disk(HD) 511. In this embodiment, the operating system (OS) is assumed to be Windows95 however the OS is not limited to this.

A device window 701 shown in Fig. 7 opens when the user double-clicks the icon showing the device in Step S15201 in the NetSpot program. This device window 701 is shown on the CRT display of CRT 510 by ways of the CRT controller 506 by way of the PC500. However, at the completion of Step 15201, only the device window frame and the sheets for the status, job, information and network are displayed and there is no display of printer information on a sheet as shown in Fig. 43.

Next, in Step S15300, the initially displayed sheet information is acquired and shown.

Executing NetSpot in this step, completes acquisition of printer information on the initially displayed sheet in the device window 701 and as shown in Fig. 43, a display of the printer information on a sheet is possible. In Fig. 43, an example of the sheet showing the initial status sheet is shown but the job sheet, information sheet or network sheet may be shown. However, the job sheet as related later on, is provided by utilizing the NetWare service so that when acquiring printer information by means of the Step S15300, SNMP is not used.

The latter process of this step is explained in detail next.

When Step S15300 is executed and the initial sheet of the device window 701 is displayed, NetSpot implements Step S15202 and monitoring is performed to determine whether there was a request from the user to close the device window 701.

Here, if the user selects "Close" from the device menu 817 of Fig.8, when the user clicks the X mark at the upper right of the device window 701 of Fig. 43; NetSpot closes the device window 701 by means of Step S15204 and the flowchart then ends.

If the user does not perform the operation needed to close the device window 701, then the process moves to Step S15204.

In Step S15204, NetSpot performs monitoring to check for a request from the user to select a new (separate) sheet.

Here, if the user selects [Status] [Job] [Info] [Network] from the displayed menu 819 in Fig. 8, when one of the tabs ([Status] [Job] [Info] [Network]) is clicked on the device window 701 of Fig. 43, then NetSpot implements the Step S15400 and newly selected sheet information is acquired and displayed.

If, the user did not select a new sheet, the CPU returns control to the Step S15202 and control of the process as described above is repeated.

The above explanation and flowchart described display of the device window 701 by means of the user selecting a device from the device list window 801; and if no longer needed, closing the device window 701.

Next, the operation of the Step S15300 is described by utilizing the flowchart in Fig. 153.

In this flowchart, the process for acquiring and displaying the sheet for initial display is shown.

First of all, in Step S1530 the sheet for initial display is specified. This step utilizes a status sheet 702 as the sheet for initial display but in NetSpot any of the [Status] [Job] [Info] [Network] sheets can be specified for initial display.

Here, a variety of methods are available for specifying the first sheet for display from among the above mentioned four types of sheets.

These methods are listed below.

(1) Incorporating specification of initial file into the NetSpot program beforehand.

(2) The user specifies the initial file. NetSpot acquires the sheet name for initial display from the prior initialization file at program execution.

(3) The sheet name last displayed when NetSpot was previously used is retained in the prior initialization (reset) file. Next, the sheet name for initial display is acquired from the prior initialization (reset) file at execution of the NetSpot program.

(4) An item such as "Initialize display sheet select window" is displayed at execution of the NetSpot program and the user then specifies the initialization (reset) display sheet.

(5) More than one MIB object are acquired beforehand, and when a problem object is discovered, the information for that object is set as the sheet for initial display.

After determining the sheet for initial display by means of the Step S15301, NetSpot forms a list of MIB object required for display of the sheet by means of the Step S15302. Hereafter, this sheet is called the Sheet Information List.

Finally, NetSpot implements the Step S15500 and the process of this flowchart ends.

Next, the operation of the Step S15400 is described while referring to the flowchart in Fig. 154.

This flowchart performs the acquisition and display of newly selected sheet information by the user.

First of all, in the Step S15401, NetSpot determines again the sheet for display in accordance with the user's entry. Here, as the user entry, selection of the [Status] [Job] [Info] [Network] from the display menu of Fig. 8 or clicking of a tab of tabs ([Status] [Job] [Info] [Network]) at the left side of the device window 701 of Fig. 43.

After determining the sheet for initial display by means of the Step S15401, NetSpot forms the Sheet Information List by means of the Step S15402.

Finally, NetSpot implements the Step S15500 and the process of this flowchart ends.

Next, the operation of the Step S15500 is described while referring to the flowchart in Fig. 155.

This flowchart is a modified version of the flowchart in Fig. 2 so aside from the operation for acquisition of printer information, timer processing for auto change, and cache processing for improving image display speed are utilized.

First of all, whether or not to automatically acquire sheet information is determined in the Step S15501.

Here, "Auto Acquisition" is the process for acquiring printer information by means of SNMP without using the cache related later.

The criteria for performing auto acquisition or not is "Is this first time for this sheet" in the Step S15501. NetSpot erects a "Display Over" flag for a sheet that has been opened once so the criteria in the Step S15501 is whether the "Display Over" flag has been erected or not.

If auto acquisition is not performed in the Step S15501 (in other words if the "Display Over" flag has been erected) then the process proceeds to the Step S15600.

The operation of the Step S15600 is described while referring to the flowchart of Fig. 156.

First of all, in the Step S15601, whether to examine all the Sheet Information Lists or not is determined.

At this point, if an examination of all elements of the Sheet Information list is finished, then the process of this flowchart ends.

The process then proceeds to Step S15602 if examination of all elements is not finished.

In the Step S15602 whether or not the elements of the cache values currently being examined on the sheet information list are valid is checked.

This "Cache value" is explained later on while referring to Fig. 155.

If the cache value is not valid, the process returns to Step S15601 with no other processing performed.

If the cache value is valid, then NetSpot displays the cache value with device window 701 in Step S15603.

Next, in Step 15604, after acquiring the acquisition status of elements in the above Step 15603, the process returns to Step 15601.

The explanation of the Step S15600 is now complete.

NetSpot implements Step S15502 when "YES" is selected in Step S15501 if the above Step S15600 is complete.

In Step S15502, NetSpot determines whether or not acquisition of any elements is not complete in the sheet information list.

If some elements are present whose acquisition is not complete, the printer information is acquired by means of the previously related Step S15100.

Next, in the Step S15503, a check is made as to whether or not the information acquired in the above Step S15100 is already retained as a cache value in the RAM503 of Fig. 5.

Here, "cache" refers to printer information items acquired at least once and held in the RAM503 of Fig. 5. The "cache value" is that value.

Utilizing the "cache" allows the load on the printer 102, the network board 102 and the LAN100 to be held to a minimum amount.

If the cache value is not held in the RAM503 in the Step S15503, then the process proceeds to the Step S15505.

If the cache value is held in the RAM503 in the Step S15503, then the process proceeds to the Step S15504.

In Step S15504, a check is made as to whether the value of the information acquired in Step S15100 is the same as the cache value held in the RAM503.

If, in Step S15100, the value of the information acquired in Step S15100 is the same as the cache value held in the RAM503, then the process proceeds to Step 15506.

If, however in Step S15100, the value of the information acquired in Step S15100 is different from the cache value held in the RAM503, then the process proceeds to Step 15505.

In Step S1505, NetSpot retains the information acquired in the Step S15100 as a new cache value in the RAM503.

Next, in Step S15506, the cache value retained in the RAM503 is displayed on the device window 701. The display is shown on the CRT510 by way of the CRT controller 506 of Fig.5.

When the Step S15506 ends, NetSpot implements Step S15507.

In Step S15507, acquisition of currently processed element from the sheet information list is completed.

In the above explanation, the RAM503 was set at the location to retain the cache however this location can be substituted with the HD511.

When Step S15507 ends, NetSpot returns to Step 15502 and Steps S15502 through Steps S15507 repeat until all information from the sheet information list is acquired.

In Step S15502, if all element from the sheet information list are acquired, then NetSpot implements Step 15508.

In Step S15508, the printer status which occasionally changes over time is monitored and a decision made whether or not to automatically update the currently specified sheet information.

A plurality of methods are available for specifying whether or not to automatically update sheet information, two are listed below as examples.

(1) Set whether or not to automatically update, into the NetSpot program beforehand.

(2) The user specifies with the initialize file whether or not to automatically update sheet information. During program execution, NetSpot acquires information as to whether or not to automatically update from the initialize (reset) file.

Should the method in (2) be utilized, the user can set whether or not to automatically update (change) and the automatic change interval by means of the device display auto change dialog box 824 shown in Fig. 133.

If, in Step S15508, auto change is set then the process proceeds to Step S15509.

If auto change is not set then the flowchart ends.

In Step S15509, NetSpot sets an auto change timer to perform the automatic change. As explained previously in Step S15508, the device display auto change dialog box 824 can be used by the user to set the auto change interval.

Next, in Step S15510, a check is made as to whether the auto change time set in Step S15509 has now turned off.

If the auto timer has now turned off, then the process returns to Step S15502 for acquisition of information selected again by the current user.

If the auto timer has not turned off, then the process proceeds to Step S15511.

In Step S15511, the user monitors whether auto change has stopped or not. For instance, NetSpot stops the auto change timer when the user switches the sheet display.

If auto change (update) has not stopped, the process returns to Step S15510 and the Steps S15510 and S15511 are repeated.

If auto change has stopped then this flowchart ends.

Also, the flowchart shown in Step S15500 can be implemented as shown in Fig. 157.

Hereafter, Step S15500 is explained based on the flowchart of Fig. 157.

In Step 15701, operation is the same as in Step S15502 however when the sheet information list is not all acquired, then only the move to Step 15702 differs from the operation in Step S15503.

Next, in Step 15702, operation is the same as in Step S15503 however when the previous cache value is retained in the RAM503, the process proceeds to Step S15703 having the same operation as the Step S15501 and when previous cache values are not retained in the RAM503, the process differs by proceeding to Step S15100.

Next, Step S15703 is the same as Step S15501 but when sheet information is acquired, operation proceeds to Step 15100 and if sheet information is not acquired, the process differs by proceeding to Step S15706 having the same operation as Step S15506.

Hereafter, Steps 15704 to Step 15711 are completely the same as Steps S15504 through S15511.

The explanation of this flowchart is now complete.

Implementation of the flowcharts from Fig. 151 through Fig.157 by NetSpot opens the device list window 701 from the device window 801 to allow switching sheets and displaying various printer information.

Second Embodiment

Hereafter a working example in the second embodiment is given for displaying the device list window 701 from the device window 801 to prevent the user from feeling stress due to delays in operation.

In Fig. 158, the process in the flowchart starts by the user operating the device window for the network management software (NetSpot) during the current start-up.

The NetSpot program executed according to this flowchart is stored in a hard disk (HD) 511. A CPU501 is the main hardware element in running this NetSpot program. However, the main control element for the software is the NetSpot stored in the hard disk (HD) 511. In this embodiment, the operating system (OS) is assumed to be Windows95 (Microsoft Corporation) however the OS is not limited to this.

When the user double-clicks the icons displaying the devices, the device window 701 shown in Fig. 7 is opened in Step S15801. In this step, operation is completely the same as in Step S15201 of the first embodiment.

Next, NetSpot implements Step S15300, the initial sheet information is acquired and displayed on the device window 701.

Next, NetSpot implements Step S15802.

After the initial sheet is displayed, the Step S15802 is for NetSpot to make sheet information sheet for other sheets in order to acquire other sheet information as background.

Next, in Step S15803, determines the sheet to acquire of the sheet information list from among the sheet information lists formed in the above Step S15802.

If restrictions are not placed on the acquisition procedure for sheet information, for instance, if listed in the initialize file or determined at random, then this method will be fixed within the NetSpot program.

Next, Step 15804 and Step 15805 are exactly the same as Steps S15202 and Steps 15203 of the first embodiment so their description is omitted here.

Further, Step 15806 is the same as Step 15204 but when the user has not made entry for another sheet selection, the process differs by proceeding to Step 15807.

Next, in Step S15807, NetSpot checks whether or not acquisition of all information for other sheet information lists formed in Steps S15802 is complete.

If acquisition of all information is complete, the process proceeds to Step S15804 and the process repeats from Step S15804 to S15807 as well as S15400.

If acquisition of all information is not complete, then the process proceeds to Step S15808.

In Step S15808, NetSpot checks whether or not all of the information for the currently acquired sheets if finished.

If the information for the currently acquired sheets is finished, NetSpot proceeds to Step S15809, and the process returns to Step S15803 after the sheet information acquisition end flag was raised.

If the information for the currently acquired sheets is not finished, then NetSpot acquires the printer information by means of Step S15100 and then returns to Step S15804.

The above flowchart process is now complete.

By implementing the above process in the flowchart of Fig. 158, NetSpot was able to open the device window 701 from the device list window 801, switch the sheets, and display a variety of printer information.

Hereafter, the detailed functions of the device window are related.

The contents shown in the device window (Fig.43) differ according to the device model. Also, the contents shown in the device window (Fig.43) differ according to the controller mode or the general user mode. Basically, the

general user mode is limited in display items and changeable items compared to the controller mode. When an item or function cannot be supported due to the target model or mode being started or network protocol being used: then the screen is conFig.d with one of the following techniques.

(1) When item is grayed-out and display is invalid or not possible of being changed (basically there is a possibility the item is valid.)

(2) The item itself cannot be displayed (when basically there is no possibility item is valid.)

(3) When the sheet itself of the device window (Fig.43) is grayed-out and display is invalid or cannot be selected (When a particular tab does not support all items and basically there is a possibility the item is valid.)

(4) When the sheet itself of the device window (Fig.43) will not display (When a particular tab does not support all items and basically there is no possibility the item is valid.)

In controller registration onto the manager information table and time is required for registering the controller onto the manager information table for the device selected by the user; then the message in Fig.44 appears and the fact that the controller is currently being registered is reported to the user.

When canceling controller registration onto the manager information table, and time is required for canceling controller registration on the manager information table for the device selected by the user; then the message in Fig.45 appears and the fact that the controller registration is currently being canceled is reported to the user.

In cases where first displaying a sheet - dialog box on the device window (Fig. 43), and time is required for acquiring information from the device selected by the user, then the fact that information is currently being acquired is reported to the user and when information acquisition is capable of being canceled, the [STOP] is valid.

When time is required for setting information to the device selected by the user, in sheet - dialog box on the device window (Fig. 43), then the message in Fig.47 appears and the fact that information is currently being set is reported to the user. When this setting of information can be canceled, the [STOP] is valid.

Further, during reset of the printer or reset of the network interface board, and time is required for reset of the device selected by the user, the message in Fig. 48 appears and the user is informed that reset is in progress. When implementing commands other than printer reset or network interface board reset and time is required for

implementing commands for devices selected by the user such as printer online-off-line, paper eject, printer initialize, network interface board initialize and various utility commands, then the message in Fig. 49 appears and the user informed that the commands are currently being implemented.

[Device Password Entry Dialog Box (See Fig. 50)]

When the device window is opened (Fig.43) and the conditions below have been satisfied, the Device Password Entry Dialog Box shown in Fig. 50 is displayed.

(1) Controller mode

(2) The NetSpot password is not substituted with the NetWare file server controller password or if substituted, is not logged in as a controller to the NetWare file server. (NetSpot Password Change Dialog Box (See Fig. 38).

(3) Password is set with in device selected by the user

(4) Device password for device selected by the user does not match the NetSpot password.

The Device Password Entry Dialog Box (Fig. 50) is for entry by the user of the device password when the device window (Fig.43) has been opened. In the case of controller mode, after this entry, registration onto the manager information table of the device selected by user is performed.

Detailed Specifications

[Password (P)] : The user enters a device password here in a character string of 0 to 15 spaces. This function is only valid when the user has not selected ON in [Open in User Mode (U)]. Classified separately by large letters and small letters.

[Open in User Mode (U)] : The user selects in general user mode whether to open the device window (Fig. 43). The user selects either ON or OFF.

[OK] button : The user selects this item to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate all settings in the add new device setting and close this dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display online help.

Other operations :

When the user makes a mistake in entering the device password, the message in Fig. 51 appears and the display returns to the Device Password Entry Dialog Box (Fig. 50).

During registration onto the manager information table when the user has selected a device; and it is detected that the device window selected by the user (Fig.43) is

already open by means of NetSpot controller mode at another computer terminal, then the message in Fig. 53 appears. Here, when the user selects the [YES(Y)] button, the device window (Fig.43) is automatically opened in controller mode. When the user selects the [NO(N)] button, the device window (Fig.43) does not open in controller mode. Upon detecting that the device window (Fig.43) for a device selected by a user was already opened in NetSpot controller mode by another computer terminal; and when the user did not select automatically opening the device window (Fig.43) in controller mode, then the message in Fig. 53 appears. Here, when the user selects the [YES(Y)] button, the device window (Fig.43) is opened in general user mode. The situation on the device window for user mode is shown in Fig. 145. On the device window (Fig. 145) of user mode, a comparison is made with the device window (Fig. 43) of controller mode, the network sheet and printer set button are canceled, and the setting operation disabled as can be seen just by checking printer related information.

When the user selects the [NO(N)] button, in the situation shown by the message in Fig. 53, the display returns to the device list window (Fig. 15) without performing any other functions.

[Status Sheet (See Fig.54]

The Status Sheet shown in Fig. 54 appears when the user double-clicks the left side [Status] of the device window (Fig. 43) or appears as a default sheet on the leading edge when the user opens the device window (Fig. 43). This status sheet (Fig. 54) is for displaying the current status for devices selected by the user. Table 5 shows functions provided by the Status Sheet (Fig 54) in the controller mode and in general user mode,

Table 5

List of functions supported on status sheet (Fig. 54)

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Bitmap display of printer exterior · Unit design · Paper feed section design (equipment info.) · Paper eject section design (equipment info.) · Unit internal design per abnormal section (only in abnormality) · Cover design (only in abnormality)	○	○
2	Operating panel status display · Display contents · Online key LED status display	○	○
3	Paper feed section status display · Paper feed section types · Paper feed selected by user · Paper size · Remaining paper	○	○
4	Error information display · Count of currently occurring errors · List of error information of all occurring errors (only when error occurs) · Position where error occurred (only when error occurs)	○	○
5	Online help display for errors · Online help showing error message	○	○
6	Restoring operation after error · Select printer paper feed/eject · Operate online help · Operate soft reset for printer	○	

5

The "Bitmap display of printer exterior" is a bitmap displaying the design of the printer unit. Switching

to paper feed sections or paper eject section can be performed according to the option that is installed. When trouble occurs, a symbol indicating an error is displayed. The "Operating panel status display" shows display contents reported by the printer and also performs polling of operating panel status at fixed intervals to periodically update the operating panel status display.

When in "sleep" during an auto energy-saving function, the sleep condition is shown on the operating panel display. The "Error Info" button becomes active when an error including a warning level occurs. When in status where an error is not occurring, the "Error Info" button is inactive. The "Online help display for errors" and the "Restoring operation after error" are shown on Error Information Display Dialog Boxes by pressing the "Error Info" button.

Detailed Specifications

[Online LED] : Displays the status of the online LED. Display ON (green) and OFF (black).

[Display] : Displays the message and status in two lines of 16 characters each. During sleep status displays "Sleep".

[Printer Exterior] : Display the printer exterior. The printer exterior design may change according to the paper deck, envelope feeder, and steeplestacker options that are

installed. However option installations such as the dual-side unit, network interface board, expansion RAM, font ROM and control ROM do not affect the printer exterior design. When an error occurs in the printer unit (excluding warning level) a symbol mark indicating an error in the printer exterior design is displayed. A red "O" mark is affixed to the location of the error when discovered.

[Paper Feed section] : Displays the names of the paper feed section. Displays "Paper feed tray" "Upper cassette" "Lower cassette" "Paper Deck" and "Envelope Feeder". When not in auto paper feed, a check mark is displayed at the paper feed section selected by the user. A check mark is displayed at the feed section targeted for auto feed. The "Paper deck" and the "Envelope Feeder" are only valid when their respective options have been installed.

[Paper size] : Displays the paper sizes of each paper feed section. Displays "A5" "B5" "A4(R)" "B4" "A3" "Letter(R)" "Legal" "Executive" "Free" "User paper" "YOGATA 4GO" "KAKUGATA 2GO". The "YOGATA 4GO" and "KAKUGATA 2GO" indicate envelope sizes uniquely used in Japan.

[Remaining Paper] : Displays the remaining amount of paper for each feed section. In the case of the paper feed tray and envelope feeder, display is available in two stages

"YES" and "NONE". In the case of a cassette, displays in five stages of "0%" "25%" "50%" "75%" and "100%".

[Eject Paper Info (O)] button : Opens the eject section information dialog box for displaying information on the eject section.

[Error Count] : Displays a count of errors currently occurring. The error count also includes warning level errors.

[Error Info (E)] button : The user selects this button to open the error information dialog box in order to display information on errors. This function is only valid when the [Error Count] is greater than one.

[Printer Set (P)] button : The user selects this button to open the printer environment dialog box (controller mode only) in order to set the printer environment.

[Help] button : Displays online help.

[Error Information Dialog Box (See Fig. 55)]

When the user selects the [Error Info] button on the Status sheet (Fig. 54), the Error Information Dialog Box shown in Fig. 55 is displayed. The Error Information Dialog Box (Fig. 55) is for displaying detailed information on a plurality of errors currently occurring in the device selected by the user. The Error Information Dialog Box (Fig.55) is only applicable to error occurring and includes

warning level errors. When a plurality of errors occur at the same time, the errors are displayed in order of high priority.

In errors occurring in controller mode, error skip and print stop can be implemented. The error skip operation is equivalent to skipping over the error and is performed when the user presses the paper feed/eject key on the printer operating panel or presses the online key. The print stop operation is equivalent to halting the printing and is performed by the user pressing the reset (soft) key on the printer operating panel.

The error skip and the print stop functions may not be valid according to the type of error that occurs. Therefore, the user must choose the correct operation: error skip or print stop according to the error that occurs.

Detailed Specifications

[Printer Exterior] : Display the printer exterior. The printer exterior design may change according to the paper deck, envelope feeder, and steeplestacker options that are installed. However option installation such as the dual-side unit, network interface board, expansion RAM, font ROM and control ROM do not affect the printer exterior design. When an error occurs in the printer unit (excluding warning level) a symbol mark indicating an error in the printer

exterior design is displayed. A red "O" mark is affixed to the location of the error when discovered.

[Error Details] : Displays a list of all errors currently occurring. The errors displayed include warning level errors. When the location where the error occurred is discovered that position is displayed.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box.

[Feed/Eject Paper (I)] button : The user presses this button to open the Printer Feed/Eject Dialog Box in order to select printer paper feed or eject. (Controller mode only)

[Online (O)] button : The user selects this button set the printer to online. (Controller mode only)

[Reset (R)] button : The user selects this button to set a soft reset for the printer. (Controller mode only). The user implements soft reset of the printer after setting to off-line.

[Help] button : Displays online help.

Other operations : The message in Fig. 56 is displayed when the user selects the [Reset (R)] button. Here, when the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button, soft reset of the printer is performed and the display returns to the Error Information Dialog Box (Fig. 55). When the user selects the [No (N)] button, the display returns to the Error Information

Dialog Box (Fig. 55) with no other operations being performed.

[Printer Paper Feed/Eject Dialog Box (See Fig. 57)]

The Printer Paper Feed/Eject Dialog Box shown in Fig. 57 is displayed when the user selects the [Feed/Eject Paper] button on the Error Information Dialog Box (Fig. 55). This Printer Paper Feed/Eject Dialog Box (Fig. 57) is for allowing the user to select paper feed or eject of the device selected by the user and is only applicable in controller mode.

Detailed Specifications

[Paper Feed section] : The user selects the paper feed section. The user selects from among "Auto(U)" "Paper feed tray(I)" "Upper cassette(C)" "Lower cassette(S)" "Paper Deck(P)" and "Envelope Feeder(V)". The "Paper Deck(P)" and "Envelope Feeder(V)" are only available when each are provided as options. The paper size for each paper feed section is displayed. Displays "A5" "B5" "A4(R)" "B4" "A3" "Letter(R)" "Legal" "Executive" "Free" "User paper" "YOGATA 4GO" "KAKUGATA 2GO". The remaining amount of paper for each feed section is also displayed. In the case of the paper feed tray and envelope feeder, display is available in two stages

"YES" and "NONE". In the case of a cassette, displays in five stages of "0%" "25%" "50%" "75%" and "100%".

[Paper Eject Section] : The user selects the paper eject section here. The user selects from among "Eject tray (O)" and "Eject Subtray (B)" when the not equipped with the staple stacker option.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings that were entered and to close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this time.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Update(A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Printer Environment Dialog Box (See Fig. 143)]

The Printer Environment Dialog Box shown in Fig. 143 appears when the user selects the [Printer Set] button of the Status sheet (Fig. 54). This Printer Environment Dialog Box is for making printer environmental settings for the device selected by the user. The Printer Environment Dialog Box is basically comprised of five sheets with tabs as follows.

(1) Printer paper feed/eject basic sheet (Fig. 58)

(2) Shared print environment basic sheet (Fig. 59)

(3) LIPS print environment basic sheet (Fig. 69)

(4) N201 print environment basic sheet (Fig. 76)

(4) ESC/P print environment basic sheet (Fig. 88)

When the print environment dialog box is opened by the user, the foremost sheet shown is the default sheet which is the printer paper feed/eject basic sheet (Fig. 58). As a typical view, the Printer Environment Dialog Box shown as a common (shared) sheet is displayed in Fig. 143.

When the user clicks one of the [Feed/Eject Paper] [Shared] [LIPS] [N201] [ESC/P] tabs on the upper part of the Printer Environment Dialog Box, the sheet corresponding to that tab, moves to the foremost place on the Printer Environment Dialog Box. This Printer Environment Dialog Box is only applicable in the controller mode. In controller mode, the functions indicated in Tables 6 through Table 11 are provided. A portion of the functions listed below are settings that accompany some manner of operation of the printer unit.

Table 6

Functions (List 1) supported on the

printer environment dialog box

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Printer feed eject section setting · Printer exterior bitmap display · Feed selector · Auto feed selector · Tray priority selector · Tray paper size selector · Envelope size selector · Eject paper selector	○	
2	Shared printer environment basic settings · Copy sheet count · Super smooth selector · Toner economy mode · Toner contrast · Data processing resolution · Double-side mode · Binding width · Binding direction	○	

Table 7

Functions (List 2) supported on the printer environment dialog box

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
3	Shared printer environment expansion settings ・Default cassette paper size ・Paper direction ・Job time-out ・Job time-out time setter ・Sleep selector ・Select time until sleep ・Low toner alarm ・Auto error skip ・Warning display ・Buzzer warning ・Language display ・Vertical offset ・Horizontal offset	○	
4	Print adjust selector ・MaxiMem ・Band control ・Print assurance memory ・System work memory ・Image quality warning ・Halftone adjust	○	
5	Print operating mode settings ・Operating mode ・Auto emulation ・Priority operation emulation	○	

Table 8

Functions (List 3) supported on the printer environment dialog box

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
6	LIPS custom print environment basic settings · Enlarge/reduce · Multiple page printing · Print direction · Chinese character code · Character size · Chinese character style · ANK style	○	
7	LIPS custom print environment basic settings · Number of lines · Set number of lines · Number of columns select · Set number of lines · Auto page revision · Select auto return select · Select LF function · Select CR function · Auto paper save · Time-out control · Chinese character graphic set · Crosshatch resolution · Start-up macro · Overlay1 select · Overlay1 set · Overlay2 select · Overlay2 set	○	
8	LIPS custom utility · Status print · Overlay print · Overlay list · Font list · Macro list	○	

Table 9

Functions (List 4) supported on the

printer environment dialog box

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
9	N201 custom print environment basic setting · Select page format · Select paper position · Set upper border · Fine feed adjust for paper position · Image offset · Paper size · 2 page print setting · Chinese character style · Font ID setting · Chinese character size · External character size · Graphic	○	
10	N201 custom print environment expansion 1 set · Zone select · Right margin specified value · Single form paper length function · Dash line skip setting · Paper length function · Paper length setting · Registration level select · Zero style select · Country letter select · Chinese character graphic set · CR function · Print command · Buffer file select	○	

Table 10

Functions (List 5) supported on the printer environment dialog box

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
11	N201 custom environment basic settings · Select page format · Fix line function · Fixed number of line function · Fixed column function · Fixed number of columns set · OCR font · New line width · Chinese character rate · Start-up macro set · System overlay · System overlay set · User overlay1 · User overlay2 · Ignore new line after HEX mode · HEX/LIPS function · LIPS form	○	
12	N201 custom utility · Status print · Overlay print (only when option installed)	○	
13	ESC/P custom print environment basic setting · Page format · Set upper border · Fine feed adjust for paper position · Reduce print character · Image offset · Paper size · 2 page printing · Chinese character style · Font ID · Chinese character size	○	

Table 11

Functions (List 6) supported on the printer environment dialog box

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
14	ESC/P custom print environment expansion 1 setting ・Zone select ・Right margin specified value ・Continuous paper length function ・Continuous paper length setting ・Single form length function ・Single form length setting ・Dash line skip function ・Dash line skip setting ・Character code table ・Country letter select ・Registration level ・New line function	○	
15	ESC/P custom print environment expansion 2 setting (only when option is installed) ・Fixed line function ・Fixed number of lines ・Fixed columns ・Fixed number of columns setting ・Chinese character rate ・Start-up macro setting ・System overlay ・System overlay setting ・User overlay1 ・User overlay2 ・Ignore new line after HEX mode ・HEX/LIPS function ・LIPS form	○	
16	ESC/P custom utility ・Status print ・Overlay print (only when option is installed)	○	

[Printer Feed/Eject Section Sheet (See Fig. 58)]

When the user selects the [Print Set] button on the Status sheet (Fig. 54) or clicks the tab shown as [Feed/Eject] on the upper part of the printer environment dialog box, the foremost sheet shown is the default sheet which is the Printer Paper Feed/Eject Sheet (Fig. 58). This Printer Paper Feed/Eject Sheet is for the user to make printer paper feed/eject settings for the device selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[Printer Exterior] : Display the printer exterior. The printer exterior design may change according to the paper deck, envelope feeder, and steeple stacker options that are installed. However option installations such as the dual-side unit, network interface board, expansion RAM, font ROM and control ROM do not affect the printer exterior design. When the user makes a selection other than "Auto"" in [Paper Feed (I)], a color is affixed to the feed section selected in [Paper Feed (I)]. When the user does make a selection from "Auto" in [Paper Feed (I)], a color is affixed to the feed section selected in [Auto Feed (K)]. A color is also assigned to the eject section selected by the user with [Paper Eject(O)].

[Paper Feed section (I)] : Displays the names of the paper feed section for selection by the user. The user makes a selection from among "Auto" "Paper feed tray" "Envelope feeder" "Upper cassette" "Lower cassette" and "Paper Deck". The "Paper deck" and the "Envelope Feeder" are only valid when installed as options.

[Auto Feed (K)] : Selects auto feed for the feed section selected by the user (multiple selection allowed). The user selects a plurality of feed sections from among: "Paper feed tray" " "Upper cassette" "Lower cassette" and "Paper Deck". The "Paper deck" is only valid when installed as an option.

[Tray Priority (E)] : The user selects whether or not to assign a priority to the paper feed tray in auto feed. This [Tray Priority (E)] is only operable when "Paper Tray" was selected by the user in [Auto Feed (K)]. The user selects a priority (or not) for the paper feed tray during auto paper feed with ON or OFF.

[Tray Paper Size (S)] : The user selects a paper size for the tray with this item. This function is only valid when "Paper Tray" has been selected by the user in [Paper Feed (I)], or when "Auto" was selected in [Paper Feed (I)], or when the user selects "Paper Feed Tray" with [Auto Feed (K)]. The user selects the tray size from among "A5" "B5"

"A4" "B4" "A3" "Letter(R)" "Legal" "Executive" "Free" and "User paper" "YOGATA 4GO" "KAKUGATA 2GO".

[Envelope Size (F)] : The user selects the envelope feeder size with this item. This is only valid when the envelope feeder option has been installed and the "Paper Feeder" selected with [Paper Feed (I)]. The user selects the envelope size from among "YOGATA 4GO" "Free" and "User Paper".

[Eject paper (O)] button : The user selects the paper eject section with this item. The user selects eject from the "Eject paper tray" or "Sub eject tray".

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings for the Printer Paper Feed/Eject Sheet (Fig. 58) and close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated (changed) when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the Printer Paper Feed/Eject Sheet (Fig. 58) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings that were made in the Printer Paper Feed/Eject Sheet (Fig. 58).

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Operation with the [Update(A)] button is only valid when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Help] button : Displays online help.

[Shared Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (See Fig. 59)]

When the user clicks the [Share] tab on the upper side of the Printer Environment Set Dialog Box , the Shared Print Environment Basic Set Sheet o Fig. 59 appears. This Shared Print Environment Basic Set Sheet is making basic settings to the shared print environment for the device selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[Copy sheet count (P)] : Sets the number of copy sheets in a range from 1 - 255.

[Super smooth (Z)] : The user selects whether or not to use the Super smooth function. The user selects with ON or OFF whether or not to use Super smooth.

[Toner economy mode (X)] : The user selects whether or not to use the toner economy mode. The user selects with ON or OFF whether or not to use toner economy mode.

[Toner contrast (N)] : The user selects the toner contrast in increments of 1 - 8.

[Data resolution] : The user selects data resolution (Fine (600DPI) (Quick 300DPI). The user selects the data resolution from among "Fine(G)" and "Quick(Q)".

[Doublesided Mode] : The user selects here whether or not to perform doublesided printing. The user selects doublesided mode from among "one-sided print (S)" and "doublesided print (D)". Doublesided printing (D) is only available when the doublesided unit option is installed.

[Binding width (B)] : The user enters a bind width (border for binding allowance) from-30.0 - 30.0mm in 0.5 segments.

[Binding direction] : The user selects the binding direction here (direction of binding paper edge). The user selects the direction from among "Longitudinal (L)" and "Width-wise (W)".

[Expand (E)] button : The user selects the [Expand (E)] button to make expanded settings to the shared print environment on the opened Shared Print Environment Expansion Dialog Box (Fig. 63).

[Print adjust (C)] button : The user selects the [Print adjust (C)] button to open the Print Adjust Dialog Box (Fig. 67) and make print adjustment related settings.

[Operating mode (M)] button : The user selects this [Operating mode (M)] button to open the Print Operating Mode Dialog Box (Fig. 68) and set the print operating mode.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings for the Shared Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 59) and close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated (changed) when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the Shared Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 59) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings that were made in the Shared Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 59). This function is only valid when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

In [Copy sheet count (P)] when the user enters a value other than 1 to 255, the message in Fig. 60 appears. and the display returns to the Printer Environmental Set Dialog Box. In [Binding Width(B)] when the user enters a value between -30.0 and 30.0mm, the message in Fig. 61 appears and

the display returns to the Printer Environmental Set Dialog Box. In [Binding Width(B)] when the user enters a value not in 0.5 increments between -30.0 and 30.0mm, the message in Fig. 62 appears and the display returns to the Printer Environmental Set Dialog Box.

Detailed Specifications

[Default cassette paper size (C)] : The user selects the default cassette paper size with this item. The user selects the default cassette paper size from among "A5" "B5" "A4" "B4" and "A3".

[Paper direction] : The user selects the direction the paper is transported with this item. The user selects from "Longitudinal (L)" and "Width-wise (W)".

[Job time-out (T)] : The user selects whether or not a job time-out will be issued. The user selects from ON or OFF for setting whether time-out is issued. The user inputs the time at which the job time-out is issued. Also, the job time-out entry is only valid when made with [Job time-out (T)] and ON is selected. As the time for issuing the job time-out, the user enters a time from 5 to 300 seconds.

[Time until sleep (P)] : The user selects whether to shift to sleep mode with this item. The user selects ON or OFF depending on whether sleep mode is to be implemented. The user selects the time to shift to sleep mode. The time

the user enters is only valid in when [Time until sleep (P)] is set with ON also selected. The user selects the time to shift to sleep mode from among "15 minutes" 30 minutes" or "60 minutes".

[Auto error skip (X)] : The user selects here whether to implement Auto error skip mode. The user selects ON or OFF as needed to implement (or not) the Auto error skip mode.

[Warning display (D)] : The user selects here whether to display a message when the user issues a warning (alarm). The user selects ON or OFF as needed to issue (or not issue) the display.

[Warning response] : The user selects here whether to continue or to stop printing when a warning (alarm) is issued. The user selects from among "Continue (K)" or "Stop (N)".

[Buzzer warning] : The user selects how buzzer warning will sound when an error (alarm) occurs. The user selects from "Once (F)" and "Continuous (O)".

[Language Display] : The user selects the language shown on the panel message. The user selects the message language from among "Japanese(J)" or "English(E)".

[Vertical offset (U)] : The user inputs here the amount of movement longitudinally in the print position. The

user enters the movement amount in 0.5 segments from -50.0 to 50.0mm.

[Horizontal offset (Y)] : The user inputs here the amount of movement horizontally in the print position. The user enters the movement amount in 0.5 segments from -50.0 to 50.0mm.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings that were entered in the Shared Print Environment Expansion Dialog Box (Fig. 63) and to close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this time.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the Shared Print Expansion Environment Dialog Box (Fig. 63) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the in the Shared Print Environment Expansion Dialog Box (Fig. 63). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

In [Job time-out (T)] when the user enters a value other than 5 to 300 seconds, the message in Fig. 64 appears. and the display returns to the Printer Environmental Set

Dialog Box. In [Vertical offset (U)] or [Horizontal offset (Y)] when the user enters a value between -50.0 and 50.0mm, the message in Fig. 65 appears and the display returns to the Shared Print Environment Expansion Dialog Box (Fig. 63). In [Vertical offset (U)] or [Horizontal offset (Y)] when the user enters a value not in 0.5 increments between -50.0 and 50.0mm, the message in Fig. 66 appears and the display returns to the Printer Environmental Expansion Dialog Box (Fig. 63).

[Print Adjust Dialog Box (See Fig. 67)]

When the user selects the [Print Adjust] button on the Shared Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 54), the Print Adjust Dialog Box shown in Fig. 67 appears. This Print Adjust Dialog Box (Fig. 67) is for the user to make settings relating to print adjustments for devices selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[MaxiMem(M)] : This allows the user to select whether or not to use band decompression during subclose for Fine mode (600DPI). The user selects ON or OFF as needed to use (or not) band decompression during subclose for Fine mode (600DPI).

[Band control (B)] : The user selects whether or not to use band processing as the data processing method.

The user selects from ON or OFF to choose whether to use band control.

[Print assurance memory (P)] : The user selects print assurance memory for Fine mode (600DPI) data processing. The user selects from among "Auto" "Do Not Use" "A4" "B4-" ""B4" "A3" "B4x2" "A3x2" "B4x3" "A3x3" for Fine mode (600DPI) data processing with print assurance memory. The values capable of being set into the print assurance memory vary depending on the total RAM capacity as shown below.

Total RAM capacity
Auto
Do Not Use

[System work memory (S)] : The user selects here a memory capacity suitable for use as a work memory. The user selects from among

"Auto" "200K" "400K" "600K" "1000K" as usable work memories. Some work memory settings may not be possible due to the memory environment of the printer.

[Image quality warning] : The user selects whether to stop or to continue printing when the resolution and image quality deteriorates. The user selects from "Continue (K)" or "Stop (N)" when image quality has deteriorated.

[Halftone adjust] : The user selects this pattern during conversion from a multi to a binary value. The user selects the pattern, from "Pattern1 (R)" "Pattern2 (G)" during conversion to the binary pattern.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the Print Adjust Dialog Box (Fig. 67) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the Print Adjust Set Dialog Box (Fig. 67) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the in the Print Adjust Set Dialog Box (Fig. 67). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Print Operation Mode Dialog Box (Fig. 68)]

When the user selects the [Operation mode] button from shared print environment set sheet (Fig. 59), the Print Operation Mode Dialog Box of Fig. 68 appears. This Print

Operation Mode Dialog Box is for the user to set the print operating mode for the device selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[Operating mode (M)] : This user selects the operating mode with this item. The user selects the operating mode from among; "LIPS" "N201" "ESC/P" "HEX-DUMP" and "LIPS-DUMP".

[Auto emulation (S)] : The user selects an emulator subject to auto emulation (a plurality can be selected). This [Auto emulation (S)] can only be selected when "Auto" has been selected in [Operating Mode (M)]. The user selects a plurality of emulators subject to auto emulation from among "LIPS" "N201" and "ESC/P".

[Priority operation emulation (E)] : The user assigns emulation priority with this item during auto emulation. This [Priority operation emulation (E)] is only valid when "Auto" has been selected in [Operating Mode (M)]. The user selects the auto emulation for priority from among "LIPS" "N201" and "ESC/P".

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the Print Operation Mode Dialog Box (Fig. 68) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the Print Operation Mode Dialog Box (Fig. 68) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the Print Operation Mode Dialog Box (Fig. 68). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[LIPS Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (See Fig. 69)]

When the user clicks the tab indicating [LIPS] on the upper side of the LIPS Print Environment Basic Environment Dialog Box, LIPS Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (See Fig. 69) appears. This LIPS Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (See Fig. 69) is a sheet for the user to set the basic LIPS print environment for the device selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[Enlarge/Reduce (R)] : The user selects the enlarge/reduce mode for LIPS with this item. The user selects from among "Do Not Use" "→A3" "→B4" "→A4" "→B5" "→A5" "→Legal" and "→Letter" for the enlarge/reduce mode.

[Multiple page printing (N)] : The user selects multiple page printing for LIPS with this item. The user selects from among "Do Not Use" "2-Page left" "2-Page right" "4-Page side left" "4-Page side right" "4-Page vertical left" and "4-Page vertical right" for multiple page printing mode with LIPS.

[Print direction] : The user selects this item to set the LIPS printing direction.

The user sets the LPS printing direction from among "Portrait (P)" and "Landscape (L)".

[Chinese character code (K)] : The user selects the Chinese character code for LIPS with this item. The user selects from among "JIS" "SJIS" "EUC" and "DEC" for the Chinese character code.

[Character size (S)] : The user selects the LIPS character size with this item. The user selects from among "8 Point" "10 Point" and "12 Point" for the LIPS character size.

[Chinese character style (J)] : The user selects the LIPS character style with this item, from among "Gothic" and others.

[ANK style (I)] : The user selects the ANKS style for LIPS with this item, from among "Gothic" "Line Printer" and others.

[Expand (E)] button : This button opens the LIPS print environment expansion dialog box shown in Fig. 70 for making environment expansion settings of the LIPS print environment.

[Utility (U)] button : This button opens the LIPS utility dialog box shown in Fig. 74 for implementing the LIPS utility.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the LIPS Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 69) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the LIPS Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 69) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the LIPS Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 69). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[LIPS Print Environment Expansion Set Dialog Box (See Fig. 70)]

Pressing the [Expand] button on the LIPS Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 69) shows the LIPS Print Environment Expansion Set Dialog Box on Fig. 70. This LIPS Print Environment Expansion Set Dialog Box (Fig. 70) is for setting the details of the LIPS print environment on the device selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[Number of lines] : The user selects the page line set mode for one page of LIPS with this item. The user selects the LIPS page line set mode for one page from among "6LPI (B)" "8LPI (G)" and "Set number of lines (L)".

[Set number of lines (L)] : The user enters the number of lines for one page of LIPS with this item. This [Set number of lines (L)] is only valid when "Set number of lines" has been selected with [No. of lines] by the user. The user enters from 10 - 99 lines here in one line increments.

[Number of columns] : The user selects the number of columns mode for one page of LIPS with this item. This number of columns mode is selected for one page from among "Auto(V)" "10CPI(I)" "12CPI(M)" "15CPI(F)" "Number of columns set (C)".

[Set number of columns (C)] : The user enters the number of columns for one page of LIPS with this item. This function is only valid when [Set number of columns (C)] in [Number of columns] is used. The user sets the number of columns from 10 - 200 columns.

[Auto new page (P)] : The user sets here whether to use automatic new page function in LIPS. Uses sets ON or OFF to select use (or not) of automatic new page function in LIPS.

[Auto new line (D)] : The user sets here whether to use automatic new line function in LIPS. Uses sets ON or OFF to select use (or not) of automatic new line function in LIPS.

[LF function] : The user sets here whether to use the LF function in LIPS. The user selects the LF function for LIPS from among "LF(U) and "LF+CR(R)".

[CR function] : The user sets here whether or not to use the CR function in LIPS. The user selects the CR function for LIPS from among "CR(J) and "CR+LF(E)".

[Auto paper save (W)] : The user sets here whether to use automatic paper save function in LIPS. Uses sets ON or OFF to select use (or not) of automatic paper save function in LIPS.

[Time-out control (T)] : The user sets here whether to use time-out control function in LIPS. Uses sets ON or OFF to select use (or not) of the time-out control function in LIPS.

[Chinese character graphic set] : The user sets here whether or not to use Chinese character graphic set in LIPS. The user selects the Chinese character graphic set for LIPS from among "JIS78(O) and "JIS90(N)".

[Crosshatch resolution] : The user selects crosshatch resolution for LIPS with this item. The user selects from among "Fine(X) and "Quick(Y)" for crosshatch resolution.

[Start-up macro (S)] : The user inputs here the start-up macro number desired for implementing with LIPS. The user inputs a desired macro number from 0 through 32767.

[Overlay1 (K)] : The user selects whether or not to implement the overlay print1 on LIPS. The user sets ON or OFF to select use (or not) of the overlay print1 function in LIPS. The user enters the format data number for use with Overlay Print1. This function is valid only when the number is input with [Overlay1 (K)] set at ON by the user. The user enters numbers 0 - 32767 as format data numbers for using the Overlay Print1.

[Overlay2 (Q)] : The user selects whether or not to implement the Overlay Print2 on LIPS. The user sets ON or OFF to select use (or not) of the Overlay Print2 function in LIPS. The user enters the format data number for use with Overlay Print2. This function is valid only when the number is input with [Overlay2 (Q)] set at ON by the user. The user enters numbers 0 - 32767 as format data numbers for using the Overlay Print2.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the LIPS Print Expansion Environment Set Sheet (Fig. 70) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the LIPS Print Expansion Environment Set Sheet (Fig. 70) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the LIPS Print Expansion Environment Set Sheet (Fig. 70). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

In [Set number of lines (L)] when the user enters a value other than 10 to 99, the message in Fig. 71 appears. and the display returns to the LIPS Print Expansion Environment Dialog Box. In [Set number of columns (C)] when the user enters a value between 10 and 200 columns, the message in Fig. 72 appears and the display returns to the LIPS Print Expansion Environment Dialog Box. In [Start-up macro (S)] or [Overlay1 (K)] or [Overlay2 (Q)] when the user enters a value not between 0 and 32767, the message in Fig. 73 appears and the display returns to the LIPS Print Expansion Environment Dialog Box.

[LIPS Utility Dialog Box (See Fig. 74)]

When the user selects the [Utility] button on the LIPS Print Environment Basic Sheet (Fig. 69), the LIPS Utility Dialog Box of Fig. 74 appears. This LIPS Utility Dialog Box is for implementing the LIPS utility for the device that the user selected.

Detailed Specifications

[Status print (S)] : Implements the LIPS status print when selected by the user. The LIPS status print is implemented after being set online.

[Overlay print (O)] : Implements the LIPS overlay print when selected by the user. The LIPS overlay print is implemented after being set online.

[Overlay list (V)] : Prints out the LIPS overlay list when selected by the user. The LIPS overlay list is printed after being set online.

[Font list (F)] : Outputs the LIPS font list when selected by the user. The LIPS font list is output after being set online.

[Macro list (M)] : Outputs the LIPS macro list when selected by the user. The LIPS macro list is output after being set online.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user selects the [Status print (S)] or [Overlay print (O)] or [Overlay list (V)] or [Font list (F)] or [Macro list (M)] buttons with the printer set online, the message in Fig. 75 appears. When the user selects the [OK] button and implements the target utility, the display returns to the LIPS Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 74). When the user selects

the [Cancel] button, the display returns to the LIPS Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 74) with no other operations performed.

[N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 76)]

When the user clicks the tab indicating [N201] on the upper part of the Printer Environment Set Dialog Box, the N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet appears as shown in Fig. 76. This N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 76) is for setting the N201 basic print environment for the device the user has selected.

Detailed Specifications

[Page format (P)] : The user selects the N201 page format with this item. The user selects from "Actual size (Vertical)" "Actual size (Horizontal)" "10"→A4Vert, "15"→A4Horiz, "15"→B4Horiz., "2/3Vert", "2/3Horiz." for the N201 page format.

[Paper position] : The user selects the N201 paper position here. The user selects from "Center(Y)" and "Left(L)" as the N201 paper position.

[Upper border(W)] : The user inputs the N201 upper border here. The user inputs from -127 to 127 as the N201 upper border.

[Paper position fine adjust (B)] : The user inputs the N201 paper position (left-right fine adjust value) here. The user inputs from -127 to 127 as the N201 paper position.

[Image offset (I)] : The user selects whether or not to correct image data on the N201 with this item. The user sets ON or OFF to select use (or not) of correction of image data on LIPS.

[Paper size (D)] : The user selects the N201 paper size. The user selects the N201 paper size from among "Current paper size" "A3" "B4" "A4" "B5" and "A5".

[2-page print set (N)] : The user selects whether or not to 2-page printing on the N201 with this item. The user sets "Do not use" "Left" or "Right" for 2-page printing on the N201.

[Chinese character style (J)] : The user selects the Chinese character style for the N201 with this item. The user selects from among "Mincho" "Gothic" "Round Gothic" and "ID2" for the N201 Chinese character style.

[Font ID (E)] : This item is only valid when "ID" was selected in [Chinese character style (J)]. The user enters the font ID for the Chinese character style option on the N201 as a value between 1 and 999.

[Chinese character size (S)] : The user selects the Chinese character size for the N201 with this item. The user selects the Chinese character size on the N201 from among "System" "8 Point" "10 Point" and "12 Point".

[External character size]: The user selects the External character size for use on the N201 with this item. The user selects the External character size on the N201 from among "10.8 Point (G)" and "10 Point (M)".

[Graphic] : The user selects the N201 graphic dot pitch with this item. The user selects the graphic dot pitch for the N201 from among "Native (Q)" and "Copy (R)".

[Expansion1 (K)] button : The user uses this button to open the N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79) for making expansion setting(1) of the N201 print environment.

[Expansion2 (X)] button : The user uses this button to open the N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82) for making expansion setting(2) of the N201 print environment.

[Utility (U)] button : The user uses this button to open the N201 Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 86) for implementing the N201 utility.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 76) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 76)) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 76). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user inputs a value other than -127 to 127 in [Upper border(W)] or in [Paper position fine adjust (B)], then the message in Fig. 77 appears and the display returns to the Printer Environment Set Dialog Box. When the user inputs a value other than 1 through 999 in [Font ID (E)], the message in Fig. 78 appears and the display returns to the Printer Environment Set Dialog Box.

[N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79)]

When the user clicks the [Expand1] button on the N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 76),the N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79) appears.

This N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79) is for making detailed N201 basic print environment settings for the device the user has selected.

Detailed Specifications

[Zone] : The user selects the N201 print zone mode with this item. The user selects the N201 print zone mode from among "Standard (Q)" and "Wide (W)".

[Right margin] : The user selects the right margin position for the N201 with this item. The user selects the N201 right margin position from among "136col.(Y)" and "Right edge (R)".

[Single form length (S)] : The user selects here whether or not to specify the page length of cut paper in N201. The user selects this function (or not) by selecting ON or OFF.

[Dash line skip (M)] : The user inputs here the number of lines to skip from the bottom edge in N201. The user enters from 0 to 197 lines.

[Paper length (L)] : The user selects here whether or not to specify page length during reset in N201. The user selects this function (or not) by selecting ON or OFF.

[Paper length set (D)] : The user enters here the page length of the continuous paper form and the cut paper form in the N201. This can only be selected when [Paper length

set (D)] is set to ON in [Paper length (L)] by the user. The user inputs the page length of the continuous or cut paper in a figure from 1 to 199 lines.

[Register level] : The user selects here the level to store the registration characters in N201. The user selects from "Permanent (P)" and "Temporary (T)" for the level to store the registration characters in N201.

[Zero style] : The user selects [0] style half-size characters on N201. The user selects from "No slash 0 (E)" and "Slash 0 (F)".

[Country letter] : The user selects a character set suitable for matching 1 byte codes matching letters used in different countries. The user selects from among "Japan" "America" "England" "Germany" and "Sweden".

[Chinese character graphic set] : The user selects the Chinese character graphic set used by a JIS code in N201. The user selects this JIS code from among "JIS78 (0) and JIS90 (N).

[CR function] : The user selects the print position movement method during reception of the return code (CR) in N201. The user selects from "Return only (G)" and "Return/New line" (J).

[Print command] : The user selects the print start command forming the control code in the N201. The user selects

the control code from among "CR only (V)" and "CR and so on (K)".

[Buffer file] : The user selects operation when the print position has exceeded the right margin in the N201. The user selects the operation from among "Return/New line" (I)" and "Return only (U)" on N201.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

In [Dash line skip (M)], the message in Fig. 80 appears when a value other than from 0 to 197 is input and the display returns to the N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79). In [Paper length set (D)] when the user inputs a value other than 1 to 199 then the message shown I Fig. 81 appears and the display returns to the N201 Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 79).

[N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82)]

When the user clicks the [Expand2] button on the N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 76), the N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82) appears. This N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82) is for making detailed N201 basic print environment settings for the device the user has selected.

Detailed Specifications

[Fix line (L)] : The user selects whether or not to use the fix line function for N201. The user selects with ON or OFF whether to use this function.

[Fixed number of lines (E)] : The user here inputs the fixed number of lines for the Fix Line function in N201. This function is only valid when the user has set ON in [Fix line (L)]. The user inputs a value from 1 to 400 lines as the fixed number of lines for use in this function.

[Fixed columns (C)] : The user selects whether or not to use the fixed column function in N201 here. The user selects with ON or OFF whether to use this function.

[Fixed number of columns set (N)] : The user inputs the number of fixed columns for this function in N201. This [Fixed number of columns set (N)] function is only valid when the user has set ON in [Fixed columns (C)]. The user inputs a value from 10 to 400 columns as the fixed column value in N201.

[OCR font (F)] : The user selects the OCR font for use in N201. The user selects from "Do not use" "OCR-B" "OCR-A" "OCR-B+OCR-kana" "OCR-A+OCR-kana".

[New line width (D)] : The user selects the new line width for N201 here. The user selects from "3LPI" "4LPI" "6LPI" and "8LPI".

[Chinese character rate (R)] : The user selects here the Chinese character rate for use in N201. The user selects from among "2/1" "3/2" "4/3" "5/3" and "1/1".

[Start-up macro (M)] : The user enters here the number of the start-up macro to implement on N201. The user inputs a start-up macro number from 0 to 255.

[System overlay1 (O)] : The user selects here whether or not to implement the system overlay print in N201. The user selects with ON or OFF whether to use this System

overlay1 (O) function. This format data number is only valid when ON has been selected in [System overlay1 (O)]. The user enters the format data number for using the system overlay print selected by the user. The user inputs a value from 1 to 5 as the format data number for using the system overlay print function.

[The user overlay1 (U)] : The user selects here whether or not to implement the user overlay print1 in N201. The user selects whether or not to implement in N201 by selecting ON or OFF.

[The user overlay2 (V)] : The user selects here whether or not to implement the user overlay print2 in N201. The user selects whether or not to implement in N201 by selecting ON or OFF.

[Ignore new line after HEX (I)] : The user selects here whether or not to set ignoring of new line after HEX mode in N201. The user selects this function (or not) by selecting ON or OFF.

[HEX/LIPS (X)] : The user selects here whether or not to use the HEX/LIPS function in N201. The user selects this function (or not) by selecting ON or OFF.

[LIPS form] : The user selects the LIPS form for N201 with this item. The user selects from among "LIPS2(P)" and "LIPS4(P)" as the LIPS form in N201.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user enters a value other than 10 to 400 for [Fixed number of lines] or [Fixed columns], the message in Fig. 83 appears and the display returns to the N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82). When the user enters a value other than 0 to 255 in the [Start-up macro (M)] the message in Fig. 84 appears and the display returns to the N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig.

82). When the user enters a value other than 1 to 5 in [System overlay (O)], the message in Fig. 85 appears and the display returns to the N201 Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 82).

[N201 Utility Dialog Box (See Fig. 86)

The N201 Utility Dialog Box shown in Fig. 86 appears when the user clicks the [Utility] button of the N201 Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 76). This N201 Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 86) is for implementing the N201 utility for the device selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[Status print (S)] button: The user selects this item to implement the status print for N201. Status print is implemented after setting the N201 online.

[Overlay print (O)] button: The user selects this item to implement the overlay print for N201. Overlay print is implemented after setting the N201 online.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user selects the [Status print (S)] or [Overlay print (O)] buttons with the printer set online, the

message in Fig. 87 appears. When the user selects the [OK] button and implements the target utility, the display returns to the N201 Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 86). When the user selects the [Cancel] button, the display returns to the N201 Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 86) with no other operations performed.

[ESC/P Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (See Fig. 88)]

When the user clicks the [ESC/P] on the upper part of the Printer Environment Set Dialog Box, the ESC/P Print Environment Basic Set Sheet of Fig. 88 appears. The ESC/P Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 88) is for setting the basic ESC/P print environment for the device selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[Page format (P)] : The user selects the ESC/P page format with this item. The user selects from "Actual size (Vertical)" "Actual size (Horizontal)" "10"→A4Vert", "15"→A4Horiz", "15"→B4Horiz.", "B4"→A4Vert." and "B4"→A4Horiz." for the ESC/P page format.

[Upper border (W)] : The user inputs the ESC/P upper border here. The user inputs from -127 to 127 as the upper border.

[Paper position fine adjust (B)] : The user inputs the ESC/P paper position (left-right fine adjust value) here. The user inputs from -127 to 127 as the ESC/P paper position.

[Reduce print (I)] : The user selects here whether or not to reduce the print character size for ESC/P. The user makes this selection by choosing ON or OFF.

[Image offset (M)] : The user selects here whether or not to correct image data for ESC/P. The user makes this selection by choosing ON or OFF.

[Paper size (D)] : The user selects the paper size for ESC/P here. The user selects from "Current paper" "A3" "B4" "A4" "B5" and "A5".

[2-page print set (N)] : The user selects whether or not to 2-page printing on the ESC/P with this item. The user sets "Do not use" "Left" or "Right" for 2-page printing on the ESC/P.

[Chinese character style (J)] : The user selects the Chinese character style for ESC/P with the [Chinese character style (J)]. The user selects from among "Mincho" "Gothic" "Round Gothic" and "ID" for the ESC/P Chinese character style.

[Font ID (E)] : The user enters the font ID for ESC/P for the Chinese character style here. This item is only valid when "ID" was selected in [Chinese character style (J)].

The user enters the font ID for the Chinese character style option on the ESC/P as a value between 1 and 999.

[Chinese character size (S)] : The user selects the Chinese character size for the ESC/P with this item. The user selects the Chinese character size on the ESC/P from among "System" "8 Point" "10 Point" and "12 Point".

[Expansion1 (K)] button : The user uses this button to open the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 91) for making expansion setting(1) of the ESC/P print environment.

[Expansion2 (X)] button : The user uses this button to open the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94) for making expansion2 setting of the ESC/P print environment.

[Utility (U)] button : The user uses this button to open the ESC/P Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 98) for implementing the ESC/P utility.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the ESC/P Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 88) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the ESC/P Print

Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 88) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the ESC/P Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 88). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user inputs a value other than -127 to 127 in [Upper border (W)] or in [Paper position fine adjust (B)], then the message in Fig. 89 appears and the display returns to the Printer Environment Set Dialog Box. When the user inputs a value other than 1 through 999 in [Font ID (E)], the message in Fig. 90 appears and the display returns to the Printer Environment Set Dialog Box.

[ESC/P Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 91)]

When the user clicks the [Expand1] button on the ESC/P Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 88), the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 91) appears. This ESC/P Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 91)

is for making detailed ESC/P basic print environment settings for the device the user has selected.

Detailed Specifications

[Zone] : The user selects the ESC/P print zone mode with this item. The user selects the ESC/P print zone mode from among "Standard (Q)" and "Wide (W)".

[Right margin] : The user selects the right margin position for the ESC/P with this item. The user selects the ESC/P right margin position from among "136col.(y)" and "Right edge (R)".

[Continuous paper length (L)] : The user selects here whether or not to specify the page length of continuous form paper in ESC/P. The user inputs here the page length of the continuous form paper in ESC/P. This function is only valid when the user selects ON in [Continuous paper length (L)]. The user inputs a value from 1 to 199 for the continuous paper page length in ESC/P.

[Single form length (S)] : The user selects here with ON or OFF whether or not to specify the page length of cut paper in ESC/P. The user inputs here the page length of the cut paper in ESC/P. This function is only valid when the user selects ON in [Single form length (S)]. The user inputs a value from 1 to 199 for the cut paper page length in ESC/P.

[Dash line skip (M)] : The user inputs here whether to specify the number of lines to skip from the bottom edge in ESC/P. This function is only valid when the user selects ON in [Dash line skip (M)]. The user enters from 1 to 31 lines as the number of lines to skip from the bottom edge in ESC/P.

[Character code table] : The user selects a character set for setting in a 1 byte code table for ESC/P. The user selects the character set from "Katakana (J)" and "Graphics (O)" for entry in the code table for ESC/P.

[Country letter (C)] : The user selects a suitable character set corresponding to the country for the one byte code in ESC/P. The user makes a selection from among "Japan" "Norway" "Denmark2" "Spain2" "Latin America" "America" "France" "Germany" "England" "Denmark" "Sweden" "Italy" and "Spain".

[Register level] : The user selects here the level to store the registered characters for ESC/P. The user selects from "Permanent (P)" and "Temporary (T)" as the level to store the registration characters for ESC/P.

[New line] : The user selects how to move the print position when the return code (CR) was received for ESC/P. The user selects from among "Standby for LF command(F) and "New line (E)".

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 91) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 91) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion1 Dialog Box (Fig. 91). This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user inputs a value other than 1 to 199 in [Continuous paper length (L)] or [Single paper length (S)], the message in Fig. 92 appears and the display returns to the ESC/P Print Expansion 1 Set Dialog Box (Fig. 91). When the user inputs a value other than 1 to 31 in [Dash line skip (M)], the message in Fig. 93 appears and the display returns to the ESC/P Print Expansion 1 Set Dialog Box (Fig. 91).

[ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94)]

When the user clicks the [Expand2] button on the ESC/P Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 88), the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94) appears. This ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94) is for making detailed ESC/P basic print environment settings for the device the user has selected.

Detailed Specifications

[Fix line (L)] : The user selects whether or not to use the fix line function for ESC/P. The user selects with ON or OFF whether to use this function.

[Fixed number of lines (E)] : The user here inputs the fixed number of lines for the Fix Line function in ESC/P. This function is only valid when the user has set ON in [Fix line (L)]. The user inputs a value from 10 to 400 lines in 1 increment as the fixed number of lines for use in this function.

[Fixed columns (C)] : The user selects whether or not to use the fixed column function in ESC/P here. The user selects with ON or OFF whether to use this function.

[Fixed number of columns set (N)] : The user inputs the number of fixed columns for this function in ESC/P. This [Fixed number of columns set (N)] function is only valid when

the user has set ON in [Fixed columns (C)]. The user inputs a value from 10 to 400 columns in 1 increment as the fixed column value in ESC/P.

[Chinese character rate (R)] : The user selects here the Chinese character rate for use in ESC/P. The user selects from among "2/1" "3/2" "4/3" "5/3" and "1/1".

[Start-up macro (M)] : The user enters here the number of the start-up macro to implement on ESC/P. The user inputs a start-up macro number from 0 to 255.

[System overlay1 (O)] : The user selects here whether or not to implement the system overlay print in ESC/P. The user selects with ON or OFF whether to implement this system overlay print. This format data number is only valid when ON has been selected in [System overlay1 (O)]. The user enters this number for using the system overlay print when selected by the user. The user inputs a value from 1 to 5 in 1 increment as the format data number for using the system overlay print function.

[User overlay1 (U)] : The user selects here whether or not to implement the user overlay print1 in ESC/P. The user selects whether or not to implement in ESC/P by selecting ON or OFF.

[User overlay2 (V)] : The user selects here whether or not to implement the user overlay print2 in ESC/P. The

user selects whether or not to implement in ESC/P by selecting ON or OFF.

[Ignore new line after HEX (I)] : The user selects here whether or not to set ignoring of new line after HEX mode in ESC/P. The user selects this function (or not) by selecting ON or OFF.

[HEX/LIPS (X)] : The user selects here whether or not to use the HEX/LIPS function in ESC/P. The user selects this function (or not) by selecting ON or OFF.

[LIPS form] : The user selects the LIPS form for ESC/P with this item. The user selects from among "LIPS2(P)" and "LIPS4(P)" as the LIPS form in ESC/P.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made in the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94) and then close the dialog box. The printer settings are updated at this point, when the user has made changes to the settings.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made in the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94) and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : The user selects this button to update the printer settings made in the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94). This [Update

(A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made by the user.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

When the user enters a value other than 10 to 400 for [Fixed number of lines] or [Fixed columns], the message in Fig. 95 appears and the display returns to the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94). When the user enters a value other than 0 to 255 in the [Start-up macro (M)] the message in Fig. 96 appears and the display returns to the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94). When the user enters a value other than 1 to 5 in [System overlay (O)], the message in Fig. 97 appears and the display returns to the ESC/P Print Environment Expansion2 Dialog Box (Fig. 94).

[ESC/P Utility Dialog Box (See Fig. 98)

The ESC/P Utility Dialog Box shown in Fig. 88 appears when the user clicks the [Utility] button of the ESC/P Print Environment Basic Set Sheet (Fig. 98). This ESC/P Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 98) is for implementing the ESC/P utility for the device selected by the user.

Detailed Specifications

[Status print (S)] button: The user selects this item to implement the status print for ESC/P. Status print is implemented after setting the ESC/P online.

[Overlay print (P)] button: The user selects this item to implement the overlay print for ESC/P. Overlay print is implemented after setting the ESC/P online.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user selects the [Status print (S)] or [Overlay print (O)] buttons with the printer set online, the message in Fig. 99 appears. When the user selects the [OK] button and implements the target utility, the display returns to the ESC/P Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 98). When the user selects the [Cancel] button, the display returns to the ESC/P Utility Dialog Box (Fig. 98) without performing other operations.

[Jobs sheet (See Fig. 100)]

NetSpot shows the Job sheet in Fig. 100 when the user clicks the [Job] tab on the left side of the device window (Fig.43). This Jobs sheet is for showing the current Job status for the device selected by the user.

All functions for this Jobs sheet (Fig. 100) are implemented by utilizing NetWare services so the Jobs sheet is only valid when the NetWare service is available. The functions shown next in Table 12 are provided by the Jobs sheet (Fig. 100) in the controller mode and general user mode.

For some of these functions, the NetWare file server must be logged into as the Administrator in order to make use of the function, regardless of the mode being operated.

Table 12

List of functions supported by Jobs sheet

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Monitoring of all jobs · Document name · Owner · Status (while printing/in standby/spooling) · Progress status (document size or 0) byte units)) · Start time (Time job is registered with print queue)	○	○
2	Job control implemented by logged-in user for own job · Delete job in standby · Pause/restart job in standby	○	○
3	Implement control of all jobs (only when logged in to NetWare file server as administrator) · Delete job in standby · Pause/restart jog in standby · Interchange job priority order during standby	○	○
4	Change printer queue settings · Select NetWare file server · Log in to NetWare file server · Display list of all printer queues · Display list of registered printer queues · Add to printer queue registration · Delete from printer queue registration	○	○

In "Monitoring of all jobs" each job queue relating to the logged-in NetWare file server: Document name, Status (while printing/in standby/spooling), Owner, Progress status (document size or 0) byte units)), Start time (Time that job is registered with print queue) are displayed for the job matching the device the user has selected.

In terms of control for implementing jobs, those possessed by the user himself can be deleted in standby, or can be paused/restarted in standby. Further, when logged in as an administrator to the NetWare file administrator; deletion of jobs in standby, pause/restart of jobs in standby and interchanging of job priority of jobs in standby is possible.

Detailed Specifications

[Queue (Q)] : The user selects the printer queue for displaying the list of jobs with this item. When this item is selected, the printer queues shown in [Registered printer queues (R)] in the Printer Queue Change Dialog Box (Fig. 101) become selection candidates. When the selected printer queue is not logged-in to the associated NetWare file server, a NetWare dialog box(Fig. 34) opens to allow log-in to the NetWare file server.

[Change (C)] : Clicking this button opens the Printer Queue Change Dialog Box (Fig. 101) for changing the printer queue settings.

[Job list display] : Displays the list of document names, owners, status, progress status, start dates for each job selected with [Queue (Q)]. The user selects the job from the list.

[Restart(R)] button : Restarts previously stopped jobs selected with the [Job list display]. This function is only valid when the stopped job of the user himself was selected.

[Stop (P)] button : Stops jobs selected with the [Job list display]. This function is only valid when a non-stopped job of the user himself was selected.

[Delete (E)] button : Deletes the job selected with the [Job list]. This button is only valid for jobs selected by the user himself.

[TO FRONT (V)] button : Moves the job selected with [Job list] forwards. This button is only valid when logged in as administrator to the NetWare file server and only for the selected job.

[TO REAR (N)] button : Moves the job selected with [Job list] to the rear. This button is only valid when logged

in as administrator to the NetWare file server and only for the selected job.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[[Printer Queue Change Dialog Box (See Fig. 101)

The Printer Queue Change Dialog Box shown by NetSpot in Fig. 101 is displayed when the user selects the [Change] button of the Jobs sheet in Fig. 100. This Printer Queue Change Dialog Box (Fig. 101) is for adding or deleting the printer queue set for the corresponding device that was selected.

Detailed Specifications

[NetWare server (S)] : The user selects the NetWare file server with this item. NetWare file servers registered in the bindery are selected as candidates.

[Log-in (L)] button : Opens the NetWare Log-in Dialog Box (Fig. 34) for logging in to the NetWare file server selected with [NetWare server (S)]. This button is only valid when a NetWare file server still not logged-in with [NetWare server (S)] is selected.

[Printer queue (Q)] : Displays the printer queue. The user selects the printer queue from the list. Displays the list of printer queues registered in the bindery when logged in to the NetWare file server selected with[NetWare

server (S)]. Printer queues registered in the bindery of the NetWare file server selected with [NetWare server (S)] become candidates for selection.

[Add (A)] button : Adds a printer queue registration. Adds a printer queue selected with [Printer queue (Q)] to the [Registered printer queue (R)]. This button is only valid when the printer queue was selected with [Printer queue (Q)].

[Registered printer queue (R)] : Displays a list of registered printer queues. The user selects a registered printer queue. Printer queues registered with the [Add (A)] button are displayed on the list. The user selects from printer queues registered with the [Add (A)] button.

[Delete (D)] button : Deletes a printer queue registration. Deletes a printer queue selected with [Printer queue (Q)] to the [Registered printer queue (R)]. This button is only valid when the printer queue was selected with [Registered printer queue (R)].

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate settings made and then close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Information Sheet (See Fig. 102)]

The Information Sheet shown in Fig. 102 by Netspot is displayed when the user clicks [Info] on the left side of the device window in Fig. 43. This Information Sheet (Fig. 102) is for displaying various information for the selected device.

13 shows functions provided by the Information Sheet (Fig. 102) in the controller mode and general user mode.

Table 13

List of functions supported by the information sheet

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Printer information display · Manufacturer · Product name · Installation location · Product version · Toner cartridge model No.	○	○
2	Environmental Information Display · Emulator information · Flash ROM information · RAM information · Cassette information · Doublesided unit information · Envelope feeder information · Paper deck information · Font information	○	○
3	Controller information display · Controller name · Controller address	○	○

Settings cannot be made on the information sheet just by displaying information.

Detailed Specifications

[Manufacturer] : Displays the name of the manufacturer of the printer.

[Product name] : Displays the product name in a character string of 0 to 63 character spaces.

[Installation location] : Displays the installation location in a character string of 0 to 63 character spaces.

[Product version] : Displays the product version of the printer in a character string of 0 to 31 character spaces.

[Toner cartridge model No.] : Display the toner cartridge model No. "EP-W" usable in the printer.

[Environment setting] : Displays the list of environment settings. Shows the status of the "Emulator" "Total flash ROM capacity" "Available flash ROM capacity" "Total RAM capacity" "Available RAM capacity" "Number of cassettes" "Doublesided unit" "Envelope feeder" "Paper deck" and "Font". The "Font" only displays items with a Font ID.

[Controller info (M) button : Opens the Controller Information Dialog Box (Fig. 103).

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Controller Information Dialog Box (Fig. 103)]

NetSpot displays the Controller Information Dialog Box shown in Fig. 103 when the user selects the [Controller Info] button of the Information Sheet (Fig. 102). This Controller Information Dialog Box shown in Fig. 103 is

for displaying information on the controller of the device that was selected.

Detailed Specifications

[Name] : Displays the name of the controller in a character string within 0 to 63 spaces.

[Address] : Displays the address of the controller in a character string within 0 to 63 spaces.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Network Sheet (See Fig. 104)]

Netspot displays the Network sheet shown in Fig. 104 when the user clicks the tab indicating [Network] on the left side of the device window (Fig. 43). This network sheet is for setting or displaying network information for the selected device. This network sheet (Fig. 104) is only displayed when NetSpot is operating in controller mode. The network sheet provides the functions shown in 14 in controller mode.

Table 14

List of functions supported by the network sheet

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Network interface board information display · Board name · Version · Physical interface · MAC address · Valid protocol	○	
2	NetWare Information display · Setting information	○	
3	TCP/IP information display · Setting information	○	
4	AppleTalk information display · Setting information	○	
5	SNMP information display · Statistical information	○	

Detailed Specifications

[Board name] : Displays the network interface board name.

[Version] : Displays the formware version of the network interface board.

[Physical interface] : Displays the physical interface of the network interface board.

[MAC address] : Displays the MAC address of the network interface board.

[Valid protocol] : Displays the valid protocol of the network interface board.

[Protocol info] : The user selects the setting information for display for the protocol. The user selects from among "NetWare (N)" "AppleTalk (A)" "SNMP (M)" or "TCP/IP (I)". NetSpot displays on a list at the right, setting information relating to the protocol or statistical SNMP information selected by the user. A list of items relating to setting information for each protocol is given for the NetWare Set Sheet (Fig. 105), TCP/IP Set Sheet (Fig. 114) or AppleTalk Set Sheet (Fig. 120). A list of the following items is displayed relating to SNMP statistic information. "Total receive SNMP packet count" "Total transmit SNMP packet count" "SNMP packets receive count for unknown community names" "SNMP packet receive count for inapplicable access modes" "Valid Get-Request packet receive count" "Valid Get-Next packet receive count" "Valid Set-Request packet receive count" "Valid generated trap packet count".

[Protocol set (L)] button : Opens the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) for making protocol settings.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Protocol Set Dialog Box (See Fig. 144)]

NetSpot displays the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) when the user selects the [Protocol Set] button of the Network Sheet (Fig. 104). This Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) is for making network protocol information settings for the selected device. The Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) is basically comprised of the following three sheets having tabs.

(1) NetWare set sheet (Fig. 105)

(2) TCP/IP set sheet (Fig. 114)

(3) AppleTalk set sheet (Fig 120)

When the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) is opened the first display is the default sheet called the NetWare Set Sheet (Fig. 105).

Among these protocol set dialog boxes in Fig. 144, NetWare Set Sheet (Fig. 105) NetWare Set Sheet (Fig. 105) provides a typical view of the NetWare Set Sheet first appearing on the display.

When the user clicks one of the [NetWare] [TCP/IP] or [AppleTalk] tabs at the upper side of the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144), NetSpot then displays as the initial sheet on the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144), the sheet that corresponds to the tab that was clicked. The functions provided by the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) are shown in Table 15.

Table 15

List of functions supported by the protocol set dialog box

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	NetWare settings · Frame type selection · Display network No. · Display node address · Select print service · Set file server name · Log in to NetWare file server · Set print server name · Set printer No. · Set form No. · Set polling interval · Set buffer size · Select service mode · Set print server password · Return to standard value	○	
2	TCP/IP settings · Select frame type · Select IP address set method · Set IP address · Set subnet mask · Set gateway address · Display BOOTP address · Display broadcast address · Select print service · Return to standard value	○	
3	AppleTalk setting · Select phase type · Display network No. · Display node No. · Set name · Select or display zone · Display type · Return to standard value	○	

[NetWare Set Sheet (Fig. 105)]

Clicking the [Protocol set] button on the Network Sheet (Fig. 104) or clicking the tab indicating [NetWare] on the upper part of the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144), causes NetSpot to display the NetWare Set Sheet in Fig. 105 as the default sheet first shown on the display. This NetWare Set Sheet (Fig. 105) is for setting information relating to NetWare for the device that was selected.

When the NetWare frame type is changed and the network interface board is reset while NetSpot is operating NetWare protocol, accessing the device may prove impossible. In an environment where the NetWare service cannot be used, the user must set "None" in the NetWare print service setting.

Detailed Specifications

[Frame type (F)] : The user selects this item to choose the NetWare frame type. The user selects from among : "Invalid" "Auto Detect" "Ethernet II" "Ethernet 802.2" "Ethernet 802.3" and "Ethernet Snap". When the user has set the network interface board to "Auto Detect", NetSpot will continue to display that setting unless the user changes this setting.

[Network No. (N)] : The user enters the 8 digit base 16 network number used in NetWare here.

[Node address] : The user enters the 8 digit base 16 node address used in NetWare here.

[Print service set] : The user selects the print service for use with NetWare here. The user selects from "Print server (S)" "Remote printer (R)" and "None (N)".

[File server name (E)] : The user inputs with the NetWare print server, a character string from 0 to 47 digits for use as the NetWare file server name. This function is only valid when "Print server (S)" was selected with [Print service set]. The NetWare file server names registered in the bindery are available for selection when use of the NetWare service is available.

[Log-in (L)] button : Clicking this button opens the NetWare Log-in Dialog Box (Fig. 34) for logging-in the NetWare file server selected with [File server name (E)]. This function is only possible while NetWare service is available, when "Print server (S)" was selected with [Print service set], or when a still non-logged in NetWare file server was selected in [File server name (E)].

[Print server name (P)] : The user inputs a character string from 0 to 47 digits for use as the NetWare print server name. This function is valid on when "None (N)" is selected in [Print service set]. The NetWare print server names registered in the bindery are available for selection

when the Window (OS) is being used, when "Print server (S)" was selected with [Print service set] or when a logged in NetWare file server was selected with [File server name (E)].

[Printer name (U)] : The user inputs a printer name from 0 to 15 characters for use with NetWare. This function is only valid when "None (N)" was selected with [Print service set]. The user must set the same values as set in PCONSOLE of NetWare.

[Form No. (O)] : The user inputs a form number from 0 to 255 characters for use with NetWare. This function is only valid when "Print server (S)" was selected with [Print service set]. The user must set the same values as set in PCONSOLE of NetWare.

[Polling interval (I)] : The user inputs the polling interval here in a figure from 1 to 15 seconds on the NetWare print server. This function is only valid when "Print server (S)" was selected with [Print service set].

[Buffer size (B)] : The user inputs the buffer size for use in the NetWare print server in kilobyte units from 1 to 20. This function is only valid when "Print server (S)" was selected with [Print service set]. The user must set the same values as set in PCONSOLE of NetWare. When using NetWare 4.1J, the user must enter a value from 3 to 20.

[Service mode (M)] : The user selects the service mode used with the NetWare print server. This function is only valid when "Print server (S)" was selected with [Print service set]. The selectable service modes are : "Only currently set paper OK" "Paper change OK when needed" "Minimum paper change" and "Minimum paper change within queue". The user must set the same values as set in PCONSOLE of NetWare

[Printer server password (W)] : The user inputs a character string of 0 to 19 characters for use with the NetWare print server. This function is only valid when "Print server (S)" was selected with [Print service set]. The user must set the same values as set in PCONSOLE of NetWare

[Standard (D)] button : Returns to the standard setting. Writes all standard values held by NetSpot.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box. When changes have been made in the settings, the network interface board settings are updated.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : When changes have been made in the settings, the network interface board settings are

updated. This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user inputs a value other than 0 to 15 in [Printer No. (U)], the message in Fig. 106 appears and the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144). When the user inputs a value other than 0 to 255 in [Form No. (O)], the message in Fig. 107 appears and the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144). When a value other than 1 to 15 is input for [Polling interval (I)], the message in Fig. 108 appears and the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144). When the user enters a value other than 1 to 20 for kilobyte unit in [Buffer size (B)], the message in Fig. 109 appears, and the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144).

When the user makes a change in any of the settings in the NetWare Set Sheet (Fig. 105) and the user clicks the [OK] button, the message in Fig. 110 appears. When the user clicks the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog box of Fig. 110, the protocol settings of the network interface board are changed and the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) closes. When the user clicks the [No (N)] button, the Protocol Set

Dialog Box (Fig. 144) closes without any other operations being performed. When the [Cancel] button is pressed, the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) without making any protocol settings.

When the user makes changes to any of the settings on the NetWare Sheet (Fig. 105) and clicks the [Update (A)] button, the message in Fig. 111 is displayed. When the user clicks the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog box of Fig. 111, the protocol settings for the network interface board are changed and the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144). When the [No] button is pressed, the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) without making any protocol settings.

When the user makes a change requiring a soft reset of the network interface board in Fig. 105 on the NetWare Sheet and these changes are completed, the message in Fig. 112 is displayed. When the user clicks the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog box of Fig. 112, the soft reset of the network interface board is performed. When the user clicks the (No (N)] button, the soft reset of the network interface board is not performed.

When the user simultaneously makes a change to the [Name (E)] setting on the AppleTalk Set Sheet (Fig. 120), the soft reset of the network interface board is preferably

performed after waiting several seconds for a message displaying this status.

When the user changes the settings for [Frame type (F) in the NetWare Set Sheet (Fig. 105) and protocol settings for the network interface board have been completed; in cases where a soft reset of the network interface board was selected and NetSpot is operating the NetWare protocol, the message in Fig. 113 appears just before the soft reset of the network interface board. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 113, the device window (Fig. 43) closes after performing soft reset of the network interface board. When the user selects the [No (N)] button, the device window (Fig. 43) does not close after performing soft reset of the network interface board.

[TCP/IP Set Sheet (See Fig .114)]

The TCIP Set Sheet shown in Fig. 114 appears when the user clicks the tab indicating [TCP/IP] on the upper side of the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144).This TCP/IP Set Sheet (See Fig .114) is for setting information on TCP/IP for the device selected by the user.

When the user. changes TCP/IP frame type and IP address settings while the NetSpot is operating the TCP/IP protocol, and the network interface board is reset, access to the device may prove impossible.

Detailed Specifications

[Frame type (F)] : The user selects the frame type used with TCP/IP. The user selects the frame type from among "Invalid" and "ETHERNET II".

[IP address set method] : The user selects the IP address set method for use with TCP/IP. The user selects from among "IP(I)" "RARP (R)" and "BOOTP (B)".

[IP address (P)] : The user enters an IP address from 0 to 255 in base10 in 4 segments for use with TCP/IP. This function is only valid when "IP (I)" is selected with [IP address set method].

[Subnet mask (M)] : The user enters a subnet mask from 0 to 255 in base10 in 4 segments for use with TCP/IP. This function is only valid when other than "BOOTP(P)" is selected with [IP address set method].

[Gateway address (G)] : The user enters a gateway address from 0 to 255 in base10 in 4 segments for use with TCP/IP. This function is only valid when other than "BOOTP(B)" is selected with [IP address set method].

[BOOTP address] : The user enters a gateway address from 0 to 255 in base10 in 4 segments for use with TCP/IP. This function is only valid when "BOOTP(B)" is selected with [IP address set method].

[Broadcast address] : Displays the 0 or 255 broadcast address for use with TCP/IP.

[Print service (S)] : The user selects the print service used with TCP/IP. The user selects from among "None" and "LPD".

[Standard (D)] button : Returns to the preset standard values. Writes all standard values held by NetSpot.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box. When changes have been made in the settings, the network interface board settings are updated.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : When changes have been made in the settings, the network interface board settings are updated. This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user enters a value higher than 256 in [IP address (P)] or [Subnet mask (M)] or in [Gateway address (G)] the message in Fig. 115 appears and the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144). When the user has

changed any of the settings in the TCP/IP Sheet (Fig. 114) and clicked the [OK] button, the message in Fig. 116 is displayed. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 116, the protocol settings of the network interface board are changed and the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) closes. When [No (N)] is selected, the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) closes with no other operations performed. When the [Cancel] button is selected, the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) with no other operations performed.

When the user has changed any of the settings in the TCP/IP Sheet (Fig. 114) and clicked the [Update (A)] button, the message in Fig. 117 is displayed. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 116, the protocol settings of the network interface board are changed and the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) returns. When [No (N)] is selected, the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) returns with no other operations performed.

The message in Fig. 118 appears when settings required for soft reset have been completed for the network interface board of Fig. 114. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 118, soft reset of the network interface board is performed. When [No (N)] is

selected, the soft reset of the network interface board is not performed.

When the user at the same time makes settings in [Name (E)] of the AppleTalk Set Sheet (Fig. 120), soft reset of the network interface board is performed after waiting per the displayed message status.

On the TCP/IP Set Sheet (Fig. 114), when changes have been in made to the [Frame type (F)] or [IP address set method] or [IP address (P)] or [Subnet mask (M)] or the [Gateway address (G)] settings by the user and the protocol settings on the network interface board completed, once the soft reset of the network interface board is selected, the message in Fig. 119 is displayed just prior to the soft reset of the network interface board during TCP/IP operation by NetSpot. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 119, after soft reset of the network interface board is performed, the device window (Fig. 43) closes. When the user selects the [No (N)] button, the device window (Fig. 43) does not close after soft reset of the network interface board is performed.

[AppleTalk Set Sheet (Fig. 120)]

When the tab indicating [AppleTalk] on the upper part of the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) is clicked, NetSpot display the AppleTalk Set Sheet shown in Fig. 120.

This AppleTalk Set Sheet is for setting information relating to AppleTalk for the device that the user selected.

Detailed Specifications

[Frame type (F)] : The user selects this item to choose the AppleTalk frame type. The user selects from among : "Invalid" and "Phase2".

[Network No. (N)] : Displays the network No. in integers from 0 to 65535 for use with AppleTalk. The [Phase type (F)] value acquired from the network interface board is only valid for "Phase2". A display of the currently set values is shown.

[Node address] : Integers from 0 to 255 for display as node No.s for use with AppleTalk are displayed. The [Phase type (F)] value acquired from the network interface board is only valid for "Phase2". A display of the currently set values is shown.

[Name (E)] : The user inputs the object name in a character string from 1 to 32 spaces for use with AppleTalk. The [Phase type (F)] value acquired from the network interface board is only valid for "Phase2". A display of the currently set values is shown. When the user changes settings and the network interface board settings were updated, the network interface board must not be reset for several seconds.

[Zone] : Displays the zone name for use with AppleTalk.

[Type] : Displays the "LasershotLT" type name for use with AppleTalk. The [Phase type (F)] value acquired from the network interface board is only valid for "Phase2". A display of the currently set values is shown.

[Standard (D)] button : Returns to the preset standard values. Writes all standard values held by AppleTalk.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to close the dialog box. When changes have been made in the settings, the network interface board settings are updated.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : When changes have been made in the settings, the network interface board settings are updated. This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

In [Name (E)] the four character codes of "=" ":" "*" and "@" cannot be input. If the user enters a two byte

character code containing "=" ":" "*" or "@" in [Name (E)], then the message in Fig. 121 appears and the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144).

When the user has changed any of the settings in the AppleTalk Sheet (Fig. 120) and clicked the [OK] button, the message in Fig. 122 is displayed. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 122, the protocol settings of the network interface board are changed and the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) closes. When [No (N)] is selected, the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) closes with no other operations performed. When the [Cancel] button is selected, the display returns to the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) with no other operations performed.

When the user has changed any of the settings in the AppleTalk Sheet (Fig. 120) and clicked the [Update (A)] button, the message in Fig. 123 is displayed. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 123, the protocol settings of the network interface board are changed and the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) closes. When the user selects [No (N)], the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) returns with no other operations performed.

The message in Fig. 124 appears when settings required for soft reset have been completed by the user on the AppleTalk Set Sheet (Fig. 120). When the user selects

the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 124, soft reset of the network interface board is performed. When [No (N)] is selected, the soft reset of the network interface board is not performed.

When the user at the same time makes settings in [Name (E)] of the AppleTalk Set Sheet (Fig. 120), preferably soft reset of the network interface board should be performed after waiting for several seconds in the status of the displayed message shown in Fig. 124.

[Device Window Menu Function (See Fig. 43)]

The Device Window (Fig. 43) Menu Bar (817 to 822) provides the menu functions shown in Table 16 and Table 17 in controller mode and general user mode.

Table 16
List(1) of menu functions supported by the device window

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Printer control ・Online control (online/offline) ([Device] - [Online]) ([Device] - [Offline]) ・Paper eject ([Device]-[Paper eject]) ・Printer reset ([Device] - [Printer reset]) ・Return to printer environment default settings ([Device] - [Printer default])	○	
2	Network interface board control ・Network interface board reset ([Device]-[Network interface board reset]) ・Return to network interface board reset default settings ([Device] - [Network interface board reset default settings])	○	
3	Quitting device window ・Close device window (Fig. 43) ([Device] - [Close]) or ([File] - [Close])	○	○
4	Display menu ・Switch sheets ([Display] - [Status]/ [Job] - [Information]/[Network]) ・Update information of each item ([Display] - [Update info])	○	○
5	Trap report condition set menu ・Select trap report conditions ([Set] - [Trap report])	○	
6	Display auto change set menu ・Auto change select & Change interval device windows ([Set] - [Printer auto change...])	○	○
7	Printer info set menu ([Set] - [Printer info...]) ・Display product name ・Set printer name ・Set installation location	○	

Table 17
List(2) of menu functions supported by the device window

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
8	Controller info set menu ([Set] - [Controller info...]) · Name (including affiliation, etc.) · Address (telephone numbers, etc.) · Comments (notes)	○	
9	Printer environment set menu · Open the printer environment set menu dialog box (Fig 143) [Settings]-[Printer....])	○	
10	Protocol set menu · Open protocol set dialog box (Fig. 144) ([Set] - [Protocol ...])	○	
11	Device password change menu · Change device password per each network interface board ([Set] - [Change device password ...])	○	
12	Joint utility menu · Joint test print ([Test]-[Test print]) · Joint status print ([Test]-[Status print]) · Joint font list ([Test] - [Font print])	○	
13	Help menu · Index ([Help] - [Index]) · Search with keyword ([Help] - [Search with keyword])	○	○
14	Version info menu ([Help] - [Version info]) or ([Apple menu]-[NetSpot-related]) · Device product title and name · SNMP version used by device	○	○

When the user has returned the network interface board to the default settings by means of [Device] - [Network interface board reset default settings], the user must again perform setup of for adding a new device to the device list. The user performs this setup with the [Device]-[Add New] menu in the device window (Fig. 15.

Detailed Specifications

[Device (D)]-[Online (O)] : Sets the printer online (controller mode only).

[Device (D)]-[Offline (F)] : Sets the printer offline (controller mode only).

[Device (D)]-[Eject paper (E)] : Ejects the printer paper (controller mode only). Ejects paper after setting to offline. Eject is discontinued when the user implements this menu.

[Device (D)]-[Printer reset (R)] : Resets the printer (controller mode only). Either soft reset or hard reset can be selected. Soft reset here signifies returning the current RAM value to its NVRAM value. Hard reset signifies rebooting of the printer. Printer reset is performed after setting to offline. When printer reset is completed, registration onto the manager information table is performed.

[Device (D)]-[Printer reset (I)] : Resets the printer environment settings to the factory default settings (controller mode only). Printer environmental settings are initialized or reset after setting to offline. When printer reset is completed, registration onto the manager information table is performed.

[Device (D)]-[Network interface board reset (B)] : Resets the network interface board (controller mode only). Only hard reset can be selected. When network interface board reset is completed, registration onto the manager information table is performed.

[Device (D)]-[Network interface board initialize (D)] : Initializes the network interface board returning it to the factory default settings (controller mode only). When initializing of the network interface board is completed, the device window (Fig. 43) closes.

[Device (D)]-[Close (C)] : Closes the device window (Fig. 43).

[Display (V)]-[Status (S)] : Opens the Status Sheet (Fig. 54). [Status (S)] sets to ON when selected and otherwise is OFF.

[Display (V)]-[Job (J)] : Opens the Jobs Sheet (Fig. 100). The [Jobs (J)] sets to ON when selected and otherwise

is OFF. This function is only valid when NetWare service is available.

[Display (V)]-[Info (I)] : Opens the Information Sheet (Fig. 102). The [Info (I)] sets to ON when selected and otherwise is OFF.

[Display (V)]-[Network (N)] : Opens the Network Sheet (Fig. 104) (controller mode only). [Network (N)] sets to ON when the user selects this item and otherwise is OFF.

[Display (V)] - [Update info (R)] : Updates the information in the sheet to the latest information.

[Set (S)] - [Trap report] : Opens the Trap Report Condition Dialog Box (Fig. 132) for selecting the trap report information method (controller mode only).

[Set (S)] - [Printer auto change (A)...] : Opens the device display Auto Change Set Dialog Box (Fig. 133) for the user to specify the auto change interval on the device display.

[Set (S)] - [Printer info (I)..] : Opens the Printer Information Set Dialog Box (Fig. 135) for the user to set the printer information (controller mode only).

[Set (S)] - [Controller info (M)..] : Opens the Controller Information Set Dialog Box (Fig. 136) for the user to set the controller information (controller mode only).

[Set (S)] - [Printer (P)..] : Opens the Printer Environment Set Dialog Box (Fig. 143) for the user to set the printer environment information (controller mode only).

[Set (S)] - [Protocol (L)..] : Opens the Protocol Set Dialog Box (Fig. 144) for the user to set the protocol (controller mode only).

[Set (S)] - [Change device password (W) ...] : Opens the Device Password Change Dialog Box (Fig. 137) for the user to change the password when the device window (Fig. 43) is open (controller mode only).

[Test (T)] [Test print (P)] : Implements a joint test print (controller mode only). Implements the joint test print after being set offline.

[Test (T)] [Status print (P)] : Implements a joint status print (controller mode only). Implements the joint status print after being set offline.

[Test (T)] [Font list (F)] : Implements output of a joint font list (controller mode only). Implements the joint font list printout after being set offline.

[Help (H)]-[Index (C)] : Displays the NetSpot online help index.

[Help (H)]-[Search with keyword (S)...] : Displays NetSpot online help keyword search.

[Help (H)]-[Version info (A)...] : Opens the Device Version Information Dialog Box (Fig. 141) for displaying the device version information.

Other operations :

The message shown in Fig. 125 appears when if the printer is in online status when [Device (D)]-[Eject paper (E)] is selected. If the [OK] button is selected by the user in the dialog of Fig. 125, then the printer paper is ejected after setting the printer offline and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43). When the [Cancel] button is selected and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43) with no other operations performed.

The message in Fig. 126 appears when the user selects [Device (D)]-[Printer reset (R)]. When the user selects the [OK] button with "Hard reset (R)" set to ON in the dialog of Fig. 126, then hard reset of the printer is performed and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43). When the user sets the "Hard reset (R)" to OFF and selects the [OK] button, soft reset of the printer is performed and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43). When the [Cancel] button is selected and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43) with no other operations performed.

When [Device (D)]-[Printer reset (I)] is selected, the message in Fig. 127 appears. When the user selects the

[Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 127, the printer environment settings are returned to the factory default settings and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43). When the [No (N)] button is selected and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43) with no other operations performed.

When [Device (D)]-[Network interface board reset (B)] is selected, the message in Fig. 128 appears. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 128, hard reset of the network interface board is performed and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43). When the [No (N)] button is selected and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43) with no other operations performed.

When [Device (D)]-[Network interface board initialize (D)] is selected, the message in Fig. 129 appears. When the user selects the [Yes (Y)] button in the dialog of Fig. 129, the network interface board is returned to the factory default settings. When the [No (N)] button is selected and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43) with no other operations performed.

When the network interface board has been returned to the factory default settings, the message in Fig. 130 appears and the device window (Fig. 43) closes.

When the user selects [Test (T)]-[Test print (P)] or [Test (T)]-[Status print (S)] or [Test (T)]-[Font list (F)] while the printer was set offline, the message in Fig. 131 appears. When the user selects the [OK] button in the dialog of Fig. 131, the joint test print or the font list output or the joint status print are implemented after the printer has been set offline, and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43). When the [Cancel] button is selected and the display returns to the device window (Fig. 43) with no other operations performed.

[Trap Report Condition Dialog Box (See Fig. 132)]

When the [Set (S)]-[Trap report] menu of the device window (Fig. 43) is selected by the user, NetSpot displays the Trap Report Condition Dialog Box of Fig. 132. This Trap Report Condition Dialog Box (Fig. 132) is for setting trap report conditions. This Trap Report Condition Dialog Box is only applicable for the controller mode.

Detailed Specifications

[Report on changed conditions (S)] : The user selects whether to report on a trap when status (operating panel message) has changed. The user selects either ON or OFF.

[Report when error occurs (E)] : The user selects whether to report on a trap when an error has occurred. The user selects either ON or OFF.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings and close the dialog box. When changes have been made in the settings, the printer settings are updated.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : When changes have been made in the settings, the printer settings are updated. This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Device Display Auto Change Dialog Box (See Fig. 133)]

The Device Display Auto Change Dialog Box of Fig. 133 is shown by NetSpot when the user selects the [Set]-[Display auto change...] menu of the device window (Fig. 43). This Device Display Auto Change Dialog Box of Fig. 133 is for setting the auto change interval on the display in the device window (Fig. 43).

Detailed Specifications

[Automatically update display (A)] : The user selects whether or not to automatically change (update) the device display. The user selects either ON or OFF.

[Change interval (I)] : The user inputs a change interval between 10 and 600 seconds. This function is only valid when [Automatically update display (A)] is set to ON.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings and close the dialog box.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When a value other than 10 to 600 seconds in entered in [Change Interval1], the message in Fig. 134 appears and the display returns to the Device Display Auto Change Dialog Box (Fig. 133).

[Printer Information Set Dialog Box (See Fig. 135)]

NetSpot displays the Printer Information Set Dialog Box shown in Fig. 135 when the user selects the [Set]-[Printer info...] menu of the device window (Fig. 143).

This Printer Information Set Dialog Box (Fig. 135) is for setting the printer information. The Printer Information Set Dialog Box (Fig. 135) is only applicable to the controller mode.

Detailed Specifications

[Product name] : Display the product name in a character string from 0 to 63 spaces.

[Printer name (N)] : The user enters the printer product name in a character string from 0 to 63 spaces.

[Installation location (L)] : The user enters the printer installation location in a character string from 0 to 63 spaces.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings and close the dialog box. When changes have been made in the settings, the device settings are updated.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : When changes have been made in the settings, the device settings are updated. This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Controller Info Setting Dialog Box (See Fig. 136)]

The Controller Info Setting Dialog Box is shown by NetSpot in Fig. 136 when the user selects the [Set]-[Controller info...] from the device window (Fig. 43]. This Controller Info Setting Dialog Box of Fig. 136 is for setting the controller information. This Controller Info Setting Dialog Box is only applicable in controller mode.

Detailed Specifications

[Name] : The user enters the controller name in a character string from 0 to 63 spaces.

[Address (T)] : The user enters the controller address in a character string from 0 to 63 spaces.

[Comment (C)] : The user enters a comment on the controller in a character string from 0 to 63 spaces.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings and close the dialog box. When changes have been made in the settings, the device settings are updated.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Update (A)] button : When changes have been made in the settings, the device settings are updated. This [Update (A)] button can only be used when changes in the settings have been made.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

[Device Password Change Dialog Box (See Fig. 137)

NetSpot displays the Device Password Change Dialog Box of Fig. 173 when the user selects the [Set]-[Change device window...] menu of the device window (Fig. 43) .This Device Password Change Dialog Box of Fig. 137 is for changing the device password. This Device Password Change Dialog Box (Fig. 137) is only applicable in controller mode.

Detailed Specifications

[Old password (O)] : The user enters here the old device password when opening the device window (Fig. 43) in a character string of 0 to 15 spaces. Large letters and small letters are handled separately.

[New password (N)] : The user enters here the new device password when opening the device window (Fig. 43) in a character string of 0 to 15 spaces. This function is only valid when [Use NetSpot password (S9] is set to OFF. Large letters and small letters are handled separately.

[Check new password (F)] : The user reenters here the new device password used when opening the device window (Fig. 43) in a character string of 0 to 15 spaces. This function is only valid when [Use NetSpot password (S9] is set to OFF. Large letters and small letters are handled separately.

[Use NetSpot password (S)] : The user selects whether or not to use the NetSpot password as the new password. The user selects either ON or OFF.

[OK] button : The user selects this button to validate the settings and close the dialog box. When changes have been made in the settings, the device settings are updated.

[Cancel] button : The user selects this button to invalidate the settings that were made and close the dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : The user selects this button to display the online help.

Other operations :

When the user makes a mistaken password entry in [Old password (O)], the message in Fig. 138 is displayed and the display returns to the Device Password Change Dialog Box (Fig. 137).

When the new password of [New password (N)] entered by the user does not match the new device password reentered with [Check new password (F)], then the message in Fig. 139 appears and the display returns to the Device Password Change Dialog Box (Fig. 137). When the device password is changed by the user entering the correct password, the message in Fig. 140 appears and the display returns to the Device Password Change Dialog Box (Fig. 43).

[Device Version Information Dialog Box (See Fig. 141)

NetSpot displays the Device Version Information Dialog Box of Fig. 141 when the user selects the [Help]-[Version info] menu of the device window in Fig. 43. This Device Version Information Dialog Box (Fig. 141) is for displaying the device version information.

Detailed Specifications

[Version information] : Displays the product title and name. This item shows the copyright. Displays the SNMP version used by this device.

[OK] button : Closes the dialog box.

[Error Popup Window (See Fig. 142)]

When an error occurs in the device opened in the device window (Fig. 43), an Error Popup Window is displayed in Fig. 142 to show an error has occurred. A detailed message

relating to the error that occurred is given in the Error Information Dialog Box (Fig. 55). Error restore operations such as error skip can be performed when the user selects the button on the dialog box.

However, when an error occurs in a device not opened in the device window (Fig. 43), the error is shown with an icon in the device window (Fig. 15). The Error Popup Window (Fig. 142) performs the functions shown in Table 18.

Table 18

List of functions supported by error popup window

ITEM NO.	FUNCTION	Admin	User
1	Report on error that occurred in device ・Display error popup window showing device error ・Sound a beep tone	○	○

When an error occurs in a device opened on the Device Window (Fig. 43) by the menu of the Device List Window (Fig. 15), the user can select whether to display an error popup window or to sound a beep tone.

This function is implemented by using the SNMP trap message. The name of the device in which the error occurred is specified as a NetSpot address for use as a transmit destination address in NetSpot controller mode and a Trap

message sent. Therefore, in general user mode in NetSpot the error popup window may sometimes not occur due to the positional relation between NetSpot general user mode and the device on the network.

Detailed Specifications

[Error contents] : Displays details of the error that occurred.

[OK] button : Closes the dialog box.

[Help (H)] button : Displays the online help.

MIB Data Read-out Method

The MIB data read-out method in the network printer management software of this embodiment is next explained while referring to the flowchart shown in Fig. 161.

The start of MIB data read-out is shown in Step S16100.

An MIB data read-out request is made by the network printer management software to the SNMP agent on the network printer in Step S16101. This MIB data read-out request utilizes the GetRequest-PDU (Protocol Data Unit) and the GetNextRequest-PDU (see RFC 1157). The assembly of these PDUs is performed by an MIB module 610 in Fig. 6 and afterwards an SNMP module 611 performs coding conforming to the SNMP transmit format.

Next, in Step S16102, a read-out report on the MIB data that was requested by the SNMP agent on the network printer to the network printer management software. The MIB data read-out report is utilized by the GetResponse-PDU (See RFC 1157). This GetResponse-PDU includes the MIB data read-out values. This GetResponse-PDU is analyzed by the MIB module 610 after decoding by the SNMP module 611.

Next in Step S16103, utilizing the MIB data reported in Step S16102, the cache values of the MIB data stored in an MIB data cache D15201 are changed. Here, the MIB data cache D16101 is maintained in part of the data storage zones of RAM503 or the hard disk (HD) 511 as shown in the hardware structure in Fig. 5.

The process of Fig. 161 then ends in Step S16104.

MIB Data Write Method

The MIB data write method in the network printer management software of this embodiment is next explained while referring to the flowchart shown in Fig. 162.

The start of MIB data read-out is shown in Step S16200.

In Step 16201, whether to compare the MIB write-specified data values with the MIB data cache values is determined. The reason this step is needed is that some items are essential for writing while some read-out values

have little significance so that a comparison of this MIB data with cache value may not be useful.

In Step S16201, when determined that the write-specified MIB data values should be compared against the MIB data cache values, the process proceeds to Step S16202. Conversely, the process proceeds to Step S16204 when determined these two data types should not be compared.

In Step 16202, the MIB data cache values matching the write-specified MIB data, are read-out from the data cache D16201.

Then in Step S16203, the MIB data cache values are compared against the write-specified MIB data values and when determined that these values are not equivalent, the process proceeds to Step S16204. Conversely, when determined that these values are equivalent, the process proceeds to Step S16207 and the process of Fig. 162 then ends.

In Step 16204, an MIB data write request is made to the SNMP agent on the network from the network printer management software. This MIB data write request utilizes SetRequest-PDU (See RFC 1157). An MIB module 610 shown in Fig. 6 arranges this Set-Request-PDU and afterwards, an SNMP module 611 performs coding in conformance with the SNMP transmit format.

Next, in Step S16205, an MIB data write report request is made from the SNMP agent on the network to the network printer management software. This MIB data write report utilizes Get-Response-PDU (See RFC 1157). This Get-Response-PDU includes written MIB data values. This Get-Response-PDU is analyzed by the MIB module 610 after decoding by an SNMP module 611.

In the subsequent Step S15306, the MIB data cache values stored in the cache D15201 (See description for Fig. 161) of the MIB data are changed by utilizing the MIB data reported in Step 16205.

Then in Step 16207, the process of Fig. 162 then ends.

The above process, functions on network controlled equipment. Consequently, the cache memory is held in common by the entire network.

In this embodiment therefore, as explained above, a step is provided in network printer management software utilizing SNMP protocol, to distinguish between MIB data requiring a write request and MIB data not requiring a write request for an SNMP agent in a network printer from among MIB data corresponding to user write-specified information; so that write requests for MIB data not required by the SNMP agent on the network printer are therefore not performed.

Consequently, the above process allows the amount of network traffic (data flow rate) and the load (amount of work) applied to the network printer to be reduced.

Further, by providing a step to store in the MIB data cache, MIB data obtained in the MIB data read-out process and a step to compare MIB data in the MIB write process matching write-specified information from the user against the MIB data stored in the cache in the previous step; the MIB data requiring a write request can be distinguished from MIB data not requiring a write request for an SNMP agent in a network printer from among MIB data corresponding to user write-specified information, and write requests will therefore not be made for MIB data not required by the SNMP agent on the network printer. Accordingly, the above process allows the amount of network traffic (data flow rate) and the load (amount of work) applied to the network printer to be reduced.

Alternatively, by providing a step to store in the MIB data cache, written MIB data obtained in the MIB data write process and a step to compare MIB data of the MIB write process matching write-specified information from the user against the MIB data store in the cache in the previous step; the MIB data requiring a write request can be distinguished from MIB data not requiring a write request for an SNMP agent

in a network printer from among MIB data corresponding to user write-specified information, and write requests will therefore not be made for MIB data not required by the SNMP agent on the network printer. Accordingly, the above process allows the amount of network traffic (data flow rate) and the load (amount of work) applied to the network printer to be reduced.

Still further, by providing a step to store in the MIB data cache, MIB data obtained in the MIB data read-out process and a step to store MIB data written in the write process into the MIB data cache, along with a step to compare MIB data of the MIB write process that matches write-specified information from the user against the MIB data stored in the cache in either of the previous steps; the MIB data requiring a write request can be distinguished from MIB data not requiring a write request for an SNMP agent in a network printer from among MIB data corresponding to user write-specified information, and write requests will therefore not be made for MIB data not required by the SNMP agent on the network printer. Accordingly, the above process allows the amount of network traffic (data flow rate) and the load (amount of work) applied to the network printer to be reduced.

In this invention therefore, as explained above, not all MIB objects under the control of the network management software are acquired simultaneously during startup of the network management software. Consequently, the flow of a large volume of SNMP packets in the LAN will cease and along with a simultaneous reduction in load on channels, the load on the devices such as the printer and network board controlling that process these SNMP packets will become small.

Further by providing a network data base control device and method that creates only a small load on the LAN, printer and network boards, the time required to start up (display initial menu) the network management software will be drastically shortened and the user will thus be provided with an easier operating environment.

Also, in network printer management software utilizing SNMP protocol, there will be no processing of change or write requests for unneeded MIB data, while write requests for necessary MIB data for SNMP agents of the device (such as printers) on the network matching write-specified information from the user will be processed, thus allowing the amount of network traffic (data flow rate) and the load (amount of work) applied to the network printer to be reduced.

As many apparently widely different embodiments of the present invention can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention, it is understood that this invention is not limited to the specific embodiments thereof except as defined in the appended claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A network device control method comprising:

an initial sheet information acquisition and display step of acquiring and displaying initial sheet information on an initial screen of a device window which is a window allocated to individual network peripheral devices on a one to one basis for controlling network devices; and

a different sheet information acquisition and display step of acquiring and displaying different types of sheet information on a device window when determined that a user has requested display of different type sheet information.

2. A network device control unit comprising :

initial sheet information acquisition and display means for acquiring and displaying initial sheet information on an initial screen of a device window which is a window allocated to individual network peripheral devices on a one to one basis for controlling network devices; and

different sheet information acquisition and display means for acquiring and displaying different types of sheet information on a device window when determined that a user has requested display of different type sheet information.

3. A recording medium capable of being read by a computer in which programs are stored, said programs including:

initial sheet information acquisition and display step of acquiring and displaying initial sheet information on an initial screen of a device window which is a window allocated to individual network peripheral devices on a one to one basis for controlling network devices; and

a different sheet acquisition and display step of acquiring and displaying different types of sheet information on a device window when determined that a user has requested display of different type sheet information.

4. A network device control method comprising:

an initial sheet information acquisition and display step of acquiring and displaying initial sheet information on an initial screen of a device window which is a window allocated to individual network peripheral devices on a one to one basis;

a separate sheet information list making step to make a list of separate sheet information not consisting of the initial sheet information acquired and displayed in said initial sheet information acquisition and display step;

an acquisition sheet information decision step to decide the sheet information list to acquire from the

separate sheet information lists made in said separate sheet information list making step;

a different sheet information acquisition and display step of acquiring and displaying different types of newly requested sheet information on a device window opened by said initial sheet information acquisition and display step, when determined that an entry was made by a user requesting display of different type sheet information;

an all sheet information acquisition decision step of deciding whether all sheet information is acquired;

a single sheet information acquisition decision step to decide whether all acquisition of sheet information from currently acquired sheet information has ended as determined in said acquisition sheet information decision step when found in said all sheet information acquisition decision step that not all information was acquired;

a sheet information list status change step to change the sheet information list status of previously acquired information when decided by means of said single sheet information acquisition decision step that all current acquisition of sheet information has ended; and

a network device information acquisition step of acquiring network device information when decided by means of said single sheet information acquisition step, that not

all current acquisition of sheet information has ended.

5. A network device control unit comprising:

initial sheet information acquisition and display means for acquiring and displaying initial sheet information on an initial screen of a device window which is a window allocated to individual network peripheral devices on a one to one basis;

a separate sheet information list making means to make a list of separate sheet information not consisting of the initial sheet information acquired and displayed in said initial sheet information acquisition and display means;

acquisition sheet information decision means to decide the sheet information list to acquire from the separate sheet information lists made in said separate sheet information list making means;

different sheet acquisition and display means for acquiring and displaying different types of newly requested sheet information on a device window opened by said initial sheet information acquisition and display means, when determined that an entry was made by the user requesting display of different type sheet information;

all sheet information acquisition decision means for deciding whether all sheet information is acquired;

single sheet information acquisition decision means to decide whether acquisition of all sheet information from the currently acquired sheet information has ended as determined in said acquisition sheet information decision means, when found in said all sheet information acquisition decision that not all sheet information is acquired;

sheet information list status change means to change the sheet information list status of previously acquired information when decided by means of said single sheet information acquisition decision means that all current acquisition of sheet information has ended; and

network device information acquisition means for acquiring network device information when decided by way of said single sheet information acquisition means, that not all current acquisition of sheet information has ended.

6. A recording medium capable of being read by a computer in which programs are stored, said programs including:

initial sheet information acquisition and display step of acquiring and displaying initial sheet information on an initial screen of a device window which is a window allocated to individual network peripheral devices on a one to one basis;

a separate sheet information list making step to make

a list of separate sheet information not consisting of the initial sheet information acquired and displayed in said initial sheet information acquisition and display step;

an acquisition sheet information decision step to decide the sheet information list to acquire from the separate sheet information lists made in said separate sheet information list making step;

a different sheet information acquisition and display step of acquiring and displaying different types of newly requested sheet information on a device window opened by said initial sheet information acquisition and display step, when determined that an entry was made by the user requesting display of different type sheet information;

an all sheet information acquisition decision step of deciding whether all sheet information is acquired;

a single sheet information acquisition decision step to decide whether acquisition of all sheet information from currently acquired sheet information has ended as determined in said acquisition sheet information decision step when found in said all sheet information acquisition decision step that not all information is acquired;

sheet information list status change step to change the sheet information list status of previously acquired information when decided by means of said single sheet

information acquisition decision step that all current acquisition of sheet information has ended; and

a network device information acquisition step of acquiring network device information when decided by means of said single sheet information acquisition step, that not all current acquisition of sheet information has ended.

7. A network device control method according to claim 1 or claim 4, wherein said initial sheet information acquisition and display step comprising:

an initial sheet information specifying step of specifying initial sheet information;

a sheet information list making step to make a serial information list from initial sheet information specified in said initial sheet information specifying step; and

an information acquisition step of requesting, acquiring and displaying information for the network device based on the sheet information list made in said sheet information list making step.

8. A network device control unit according to claim 2 or claim 5, wherein said initial sheet information acquisition and display means comprising:

initial sheet information specifying means for

specifying initial sheet information;

sheet information list making means to make a serial information list from initial sheet information specified in said initial sheet information specifying means; and

information acquisition means for requesting, acquiring and displaying information for the network device based on the sheet information list made in said sheet information list making means.

9. A recording medium according to claim 3 or claim 6, wherein said initial sheet information acquisition and display step comprising:

an initial sheet information specifying step of specifying initial sheet information;

a sheet information list making step to make a serial information list from initial sheet information specified in said initial sheet information specifying step; and

an information acquisition step of requesting, acquiring and displaying information for the network device based on the sheet information list made in said sheet information list making step.

10. A network device control method according to claim 7, wherein the user specifies initial sheet information on an

initial sheet information screen as said initial sheet information specifying step.

11. A network device control method according to claim 7, wherein said initial sheet information specifying step comprises a network device status identifier of for determining the status of the network device, and a status initial sheet set step to set the displayed initial sheet information by way of the network device status determined in said network device status identifier step.

12. A network device control unit according to claim 8, wherein said initial sheet information specifying means comprises the network device control unit specifying initial sheet information in a fixed pattern.

13. A network device control unit according to claim 8, wherein said initial sheet information specifying means specifies the initial sheet information by utilizing an initial sheet information identifier to identify initial sheet information held in the initialize file stored in the storage means of said network device.

14. A network device control unit according to claim 13,

wherein as means to hold sheet information in said initialize file, the immediately prior used network device control unit of this invention holds the identifier for the sheet information acquired and displayed most recently, in the initialize file.

15. A network device control unit according to claim 8, wherein as said initial sheet information specifying means, the user specifies the initial sheet information when using the network device control unit.

16. A network device control unit according to claim 8, wherein said initial sheet information specifying means comprises network device status identifier means for determining the status of the network device, and status initial sheet set means to set the displayed initial sheet information by way of the network device status determined in said network device status identifier means.

17. A recording medium according to claim 9, wherein said initial sheet information specifying step includes a program of specifying initial sheet information in a fixed pattern.

18. A recording medium according to claim 9, wherein said

initial sheet information specifying step specifies the initial sheet information by utilizing an initial sheet information identifier to identify initial sheet information held in the initialize file stored in said recording medium.

19. A recording medium according to claim 18, wherein as a method to hold sheet information in said initialize file, the immediately prior used network device control unit of this invention holds the identifier for the sheet information acquired and displayed most recently, in the initialize file.

20. A recording medium according to claim 9, wherein as said initial sheet information specifying step, the user specifies initial sheet information on an initial sheet information screen.

21. A recording medium according to claim 9, wherein said initial sheet information specifying means consists of network device status identifier means for determining the status of the network device, and

status initial sheet set means to set the displayed initial sheet information by way of the network device status determined in said network device status identifier means.

22. A network device control method according to claim 1 or claim 4, wherein said separate sheet information acquisition and display step comprising:

an separate sheet information specifying step of specifying separate sheet information;

a sheet information list making step to make a serial information list from separate sheet information specified in said separate sheet information specifying step; and

an information acquisition step of requesting, acquiring and displaying information for the network device based on the sheet information list made in said sheet information list making step.

23. A network device control unit according to claim 2 or claim 5, wherein said separate sheet information acquisition and display means comprising:

separate sheet information specifying means for specifying separate sheet information;

sheet information list making means to make a serial information list from separate sheet information specified in said separate sheet information specifying means; and

information acquisition means for requesting, acquiring and displaying information for the network device based on the sheet information list made in said sheet

information list making means.

24. A recording medium according to claim 3 or claim 6, wherein said initial sheet information acquisition and display step comprising:

an separate sheet information specifying step of specifying separate sheet information;

a sheet information list making step to make a serial information list from separate sheet information specified in said separate sheet information specifying step; and

an information acquisition step of requesting, acquiring and displaying information for the network device based on the sheet information list made in said sheet information list making step.

25. A network device control method according to claim 7 , wherein said initial sheet information acquisition step comprising:

a sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step of deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

an instant display step to display a portion of the information beforehand based on the currently held sheet information, when decided not to perform compulsory

acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step;

a display all sheet information step to decide whether or not all sheet information was displayed when decided to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step;

a network device information acquisition step of acquiring network device information;

a network device holding decision step to decide whether or not previously acquired network device information (hereafter called "cache") is being held;

a cache comparison step to compare the cache value with the network device information value newly acquired by way of said network device acquisition step when determined to hold in cache by said network device holding decision step;

a cache value hold step to hold the acquired network device information as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired network device information value are determined to differ and also when decided a cache is not being held by way of said network device holding decision step;

a network device information display step to display on said device window, said cache value held in said cache value hold step;

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information step;

an update decision step to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when decided all network device information was displayed in display all sheet information step;

a timer update set step to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform updates in the update decision step;

a timer update monitor step to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set step; and

an update stop monitor step to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor step.

26. A network device control unit according to claim 8, wherein said information acquisition means comprising:

sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means for deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

instant display means to display a portion of the information beforehand based on the currently held sheet information, when decided not to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means;

display all sheet information means to decide whether or not all sheet information was displayed when decided to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means;

network device information acquisition means for acquiring network device information;

network device holding decision means to decide whether or not previously acquired network device information (hereafter called "cache") is being held;

cache comparison means to compare the cache value with the network device information value newly acquired by way of said network device acquisition means when determined to hold in cache by said network device holding decision means;

cache value hold means to hold the acquire network device value as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired network device information value are determined to differ and also when decided a cache is not being held by way of said network device holding decision means;

network device information display means to display on said device window, said cache value held in said cache value hold means;

sheet list status change means to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information means;

update decision means to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when decided all network device information was displayed in display all sheet information means;

timer update set means to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform automatic updates in the update decision means;

timer update monitor means to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set means; and

update stop monitor means to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor means.

27. A recording medium according to claim 9, wherein said initial sheet information acquisition step comprising:

a sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step of deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

an instant display step to display a portion of the information beforehand based on the currently held sheet information, when decided not to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step;

a display all sheet information step to decide whether or not all sheet information was displayed when decided to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step;

a network device information acquisition step of acquiring network device information;

a network device holding decision step to decide whether or not previously acquired network device information (hereafter called "cache") is being held;

a cache comparison step to compare the cache value with the network device information value newly acquired by way of said network device acquisition step when determined to hold in cache by said network device holding decision step;

a cache value hold step to hold the acquire network device value as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired network device

information value are determined to differ and also when decided a cache is not being held by way of said network device holding decision step;

a network device information display step to display on said device window, said cache value held in said cache value hold step;

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information step;

an update decision step to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when decided all network device information was displayed in display all sheet information step;

a timer update set step to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform updates in the automatic update decision step;

a timer update monitor step to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set step; and

an update stop monitor step to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor step.

28. A network device control method according to claim 25, wherein said instant display step comprising:

a sheet information list decision step of deciding whether the three steps of a cache value enable decision step, a network device information display step and a sheet information list status change step were implemented on the currently held sheet information list;

a cache value enable decision step to decide whether information in said sheet information list was previously acquired, when determined by utilizing the sheet information list decision step, that said cache value enable decision step and the two steps of network device information display step and sheet information list status change step were not implemented for the entire sheet information list;

a network device information display step to display a cache value of certain information on said device window when determined that the information was previously acquired by way of said cache value enable decision step; and

sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status.

29. A network device control unit according to claim 26,

wherein said instant display means comprising:

sheet information list decision means for deciding whether the three means of a cache value enable decision means, a network device information display means and a sheet information list status change means were implemented on the currently held sheet information list;

cache value enable decision means to decide whether information in said sheet information list was previously acquired, when determined by utilizing the sheet information list decision means, that said cache value enable decision means and the two means of network device information display means and sheet information list status change means were not implemented for the entire sheet information list;

network device information display means to display a cache value of certain information on said device window when determined that the information was previously acquired by way of said cache value enable decision means; and

sheet list status change means to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status.

30. A recording medium according to claim 27, wherein said instant display step comprising:

a sheet information list decision step of deciding

whether the three steps of a cache value enable decision step, a network device information display step and a sheet information list status change step were implemented on the currently held sheet information list;

a cache value enable decision step to decide whether information in said sheet information list was previously acquired, when determined by utilizing the sheet information list decision step, that said cache value enable decision step and the two steps of network device information display step and sheet information list status change step were not implemented for the entire sheet information list;

a network device information display step to display a cache value of certain information on said device window when determined that the information was previously acquired by way of said cache value enable decision step; and

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status.

31. A network device control method according to claim 7 , wherein said information acquisition step comprising:

a display all sheet information decision step to decide whether or not to all sheet information was displayed;

a network device information hold decision step to

decide whether the cache is being held when determined in said display all sheet information decision step that not all of the information was displayed;

a sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step of deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

a network device information acquisition step to acquire information on the network device when determined in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

a cache comparison step to compare the cache value with the device information value newly acquired by said network device information acquisition step;

a cache value hold step to hold the acquired network device information as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired device information value are determined to differ and also when determined by way of said network device holding decision step, that the previously acquired network device information is not being held;

a network device information display step of displaying on said network device window, the cache value held by means of said cache value hold step;

a sheet list status change step to change the status

of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information step;

an update decision step to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when determined that all network device information was displayed in said display all sheet information step;

a timer update set step to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform updates in said update decision step;

a timer update monitor step to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set step; and

an update stop monitor step to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor step.

32. A network device control unit according to claim 8, wherein said information acquisition means comprising:

display all sheet information decision means to decide whether or not to all sheet information was displayed;

network device information hold decision means to decide whether the cache is being held when determined in

said display all sheet information decision means that not all of the information was displayed;

sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means for deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

network device information acquisition means to acquire information on the network device when determined in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

cache comparison means to compare the cache value with the device information value newly acquired by said network device information acquisition means;

cache value hold means to hold the acquired network device information as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired device information value are determined to differ and also when determined by way of said network device holding decision means, that the previously acquired network device information is not being held;

network device information display means for displaying on said network device window, the cache value held by means of said cache value hold means;

sheet list status change means to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to

display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information means;

update decision means to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when determined that all network device information was displayed in said display all sheet information means;

timer update set means to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform updates in said update decision means;

timer update monitor means to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set means; and

update stop monitor means to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor means.

33. A recording medium according to claim 9, wherein said information acquisition step comprising:

a display all sheet information decision step to decide whether or not to all sheet information was displayed;

a network device information hold decision step to decide whether the cache is being held when determined in said display all sheet information decision step that not

all of the information was displayed;

a sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step of deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

a network device information acquisition step to acquire information on the network device when determined in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

a cache comparison step to compare the cache value with the device information value newly acquired by said network device information acquisition step;

a cache value hold step to hold the acquired network device information as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired device information value are determined to differ and also when determined by way of said network device holding decision step, that the previously acquired network device information is not being held;

a network device information display step of displaying on said network device window, the cache value held by means of said cache value hold step;

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to

display all network device information in said display all sheet information step;

an update decision step to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when determined that all network device information was displayed in said display all sheet information step;

a timer update set step to set an automatic update timer when decided to perform updates in said update decision step;

a timer update monitor step to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set step; and

an update stop monitor step to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor step.

34. A network device control method utilizing SNMP protocol comprising:

a step to discriminate between MIB data requiring a write request and MIB data not requiring a write request for the SNMP agent of the network device, from among the MIB data matching the information that was write-specified by a user.

35. A network device control method comprising:

a step to store MIB data obtained from an MIB data

read-out process into an MIB data cache; and

a step to compare data stored in MIB data cache in above step with MIB data matching information write-specified by the user in an MIB data write process.

36. A network device control method comprising:

a step to store MIB data obtained from an MIB data write process into an MIB data cache; and

a step to compare data stored in MIB data cache in above step with MIB data matching information write-specified by the user in an MIB data write process.

37. A network device control method comprising:

a step to store MIB data obtained from an MIB data read-out process into an MIB data cache;

a step to store MIB data written in an MIB write process into an MIB data cache; and

a step to compare data stored in MIB data cache in either of above steps, with MIB data matching information write-specified by the user in an MIB data write process.

38. A network device control unit utilizing SNMP protocol comprising:

means to discriminate between MIB data requiring a

write request and MIB data not requiring a write request for the SNMP agent of the network device, from among the MIB data matching the information that was write-specified by a user.

39. A network device control unit comprising:

means to store MIB data obtained from an MIB data read-out process into an MIB data cache; and

a means to compare data stored in MIB data cache in above means with MIB data matching the information write-specified by a user in an MIB data write process.

40. A network device control unit comprising:

means to store MIB data obtained from an MIB data write process into an MIB data cache; and

means to compare data stored in MIB data cache in said means with MIB data matching the information write-specified by a user in an MIB data write process.

41. A network device control unit comprising:

means to store MIB data obtained from an MIB data read-out process into an MIB data cache;

means to store MIB data written in an MIB write process into an MIB data cache; and

means to compare data stored in MIB data cache by either

of said means, with MIB data matching information write-specified by the user in an MIB data write process.

42. A network device control method utilizing SNMP protocol comprising:

a recording medium capable of being scanned or read by a computer in which a program is stored to discriminate between MIB data requiring a write request and MIB data not requiring a write request for the SNMP agent of a network device, from among the MIB data matching the information that was write-specified by a user.

43. A recording medium capable of being read by a computer in which programs are stored, said programs including:

a step of storing MIB data obtained from an MIB data read-out process into an MIB data cache; and

a step of comparing data stored in MIB data cache in said step with MIB data matching information write-specified by a user in an MIB data write process.

44. A recording medium capable of being read by a computer in which programs are stored, said programs including:

a step of storing MIB data obtained from an MIB data write process into an MIB data cache; and

a step of comparing data stored in MIB data cache in said step with MIB data matching information write-specified by a user in an MIB data write process.

45. A recording medium capable of being read by a computer in which programs are stored, said programs including:

a step of storing MIB data obtained from an MIB data read-out process into an MIB data cache;

a step of storing MIB data written in an MIB write process into an MIB data cache; and

a step of comparing data stored in MIB data cache in either of said steps, with MIB data matching information write-specified by a user in an MIB data write process.

46. A network device control unit for controlling a device connected onto network utilizing SNMP protocol comprising:

holding means to hold the latest MIB data when MIB data for said device is read or when this MIB data is written for said device, by storing said MIB data into the specified cache memory;

comparison means to compare the latest MIB data for said device held by said holding means when writing of new MIB data was specified for said device and excluding cases where writing of said MIB data already has sufficient

significance; and

control means to update said holding means and also write the applicable MIB data into said device, only when results from the above comparison means show a difference between the newly written MIB data and the held MIB data.

47. A network device control unit according to claim 46, wherein said cache memory is jointly shared by the entire network.

48. A network device control method according to claim 22 , wherein said initial sheet information acquisition step comprising:

a sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step of deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

an instant display step to display a portion of the information beforehand based on the currently held sheet information, when decided not to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step;

a display all sheet information step to decide whether or not all sheet information was displayed when decided to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information

compulsory acquisition decision step;

a network device information acquisition step of acquiring network device information;

a network device holding decision step to decide whether or not previously acquired network device information (hereafter called "cache") is being held;

a cache comparison step to compare the cache value with the network device information value newly acquired by way of said network device acquisition step when determined to hold in cache by said network device holding decision step;

a cache value hold step to hold the acquired network device information as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired network device information value are determined to differ and also when decided a cache is not being held by way of said network device holding decision step;

a network device information display step to display on said device window, said cache value held in said cache value hold step;

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information step;

an update decision step to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when decided all network device information was displayed in display all sheet information step;

a timer update set step to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform updates in the update decision step;

a timer update monitor step to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set step; and

an update stop monitor step to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor step.

49. A network device control unit according to claim 23, wherein said information acquisition means comprising:

sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means for deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

instant display means to display a portion of the information beforehand based on the currently held sheet information, when decided not to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means;

display all sheet information means to decide whether or not all sheet information was displayed when decided to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means;

network device information acquisition means for acquiring network device information;

network device holding decision means to decide whether or not previously acquired network device information (hereafter called "cache") is being held;

cache comparison means to compare the cache value with the network device information value newly acquired by way of said network device acquisition means when determined to hold in cache by said network device holding decision means;

cache value hold means to hold the acquire network device value as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired network device information value are determined to differ and also when decided a cache is not being held by way of said network device holding decision means;

network device information display means to display on said device window, said cache value held in said cache value hold means;

sheet list status change means to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to

display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information means;

update decision means to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when decided all network device information was displayed in display all sheet information means;

timer update set means to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform automatic updates in the update decision means;

timer update monitor means to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set means; and

update stop monitor means to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor means.

50. A recording medium according to claim 24, wherein said initial sheet information acquisition step comprising:

a sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step of deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

an instant display step to display a portion of the information beforehand based on the currently held sheet

information, when decided not to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step;

a display all sheet information step to decide whether or not all sheet information was displayed when decided to perform compulsory acquisition in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step;

a network device information acquisition step of acquiring network device information;

a network device holding decision step to decide whether or not previously acquired network device information (hereafter called "cache") is being held;

a cache comparison step to compare the cache value with the network device information value newly acquired by way of said network device acquisition step when determined to hold in cache by said network device holding decision step;

a cache value hold step to hold the acquire network device value as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired network device information value are determined to differ and also when decided a cache is not being held by way of said network device holding decision step;

a network device information display step to display on said device window, said cache value held in said cache

value hold step;

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information step;

an update decision step to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when decided all network device information was displayed in display all sheet information step;

a timer update set step to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform updates in the automatic update decision step;

a timer update monitor step to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set step; and

an update stop monitor step to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor step.

51. A network device control method according to claim 48, wherein said instant display step comprising:

a sheet information list decision step of deciding whether the three steps of a cache value enable decision step,

a network device information display step and a sheet information list status change step were implemented on the currently held sheet information list;

a cache value enable decision step to decide whether information in said sheet information list was previously acquired, when determined by utilizing the sheet information list decision step, that said cache value enable decision step and the two steps of network device information display step and sheet information list status change step were not implemented for the entire sheet information list;

a network device information display step to display a cache value of certain information on said device window when determined that the information was previously acquired by way of said cache value enable decision step; and

sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status.

52. A network device control unit according to claim 49, wherein said instant display means comprising:

sheet information list decision means for deciding whether the three means of a cache value enable decision means, a network device information display means and a sheet information list status change means were implemented on the

currently held sheet information list;

cache value enable decision means to decide whether information in said sheet information list was previously acquired, when determined by utilizing the sheet information list decision means, that said cache value enable decision means and the two means of network device information display means and sheet information list status change means were not implemented for the entire sheet information list;

network device information display means to display a cache value of certain information on said device window when determined that the information was previously acquired by way of said cache value enable decision means; and

sheet list status change means to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status.

53. A recording medium according to claim 50, wherein said instant display step comprising:

a sheet information list decision step of deciding whether the three steps of a cache value enable decision step, a network device information display step and a sheet information list status change step were implemented on the currently held sheet information list;

a cache value enable decision step to decide whether

information in said sheet information list was previously acquired, when determined by utilizing the sheet information list decision step, that said cache value enable decision step and the two steps of network device information display step and sheet information list status change step were not implemented for the entire sheet information list;

a network device information display step to display a cache value of certain information on said device window when determined that the information was previously acquired by way of said cache value enable decision step; and

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status.

54. A network device control method according to claim 22, wherein said information acquisition step comprising:

a display all sheet information decision step to decide whether or not to all sheet information was displayed;

a network device information hold decision step to decide whether the cache is being held when determined in said display all sheet information decision step that not all of the information was displayed;

a sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step of deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet

information;

a network device information acquisition step to acquire information on the network device when determined in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

a cache comparison step to compare the cache value with the device information value newly acquired by said network device information acquisition step;

a cache value hold step to hold the acquired network device information as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired device information value are determined to differ and also when determined by way of said network device holding decision step, that the previously acquired network device information is not being held;

a network device information display step of displaying on said network device window, the cache value held by means of said cache value hold step;

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information step;

an update decision step to decide whether or not to

update the display of information on said device window when determined that all network device information was displayed in said display all sheet information step;

a timer update set step to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform updates in said update decision step;

a timer update monitor step to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set step; and

an update stop monitor step to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor step.

55. A network device control unit according to claim 23, wherein said information acquisition means comprising:

display all sheet information decision means to decide whether or not to all sheet information was displayed;

network device information hold decision means to decide whether the cache is being held when determined in said display all sheet information decision means that not all of the information was displayed;

sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means for deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

network device information acquisition means to acquire information on the network device when determined in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision means to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

cache comparison means to compare the cache value with the device information value newly acquired by said network device information acquisition means;

cache value hold means to hold the acquired network device information as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired device information value are determined to differ and also when determined by way of said network device holding decision means, that the previously acquired network device information is not being held;

network device information display means for displaying on said network device window, the cache value held by means of said cache value hold means;

sheet list status change means to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information means;

update decision means to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when

determined that all network device information was displayed in said display all sheet information means;

timer update set means to set an automatic update timer when determined to perform updates in said update decision means;

timer update monitor means to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set means; and

update stop monitor means to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor means.

56. A recording medium according to claim 24, wherein said information acquisition step comprising:

a display all sheet information decision step to decide whether or not to all sheet information was displayed;

a network device information hold decision step to decide whether the cache is being held when determined in said display all sheet information decision step that not all of the information was displayed;

a sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step of deciding whether or not to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

a network device information acquisition step to

acquire information on the network device when determined in said sheet information compulsory acquisition decision step to compulsorily acquire sheet information;

a cache comparison step to compare the cache value with the device information value newly acquired by said network device information acquisition step;

a cache value hold step to hold the acquired network device information as a cache value when results of the comparison of the cache value with the newly acquired device information value are determined to differ and also when determined by way of said network device holding decision step, that the previously acquired network device information is not being held;

a network device information display step of displaying on said network device window, the cache value held by means of said cache value hold step;

a sheet list status change step to change the status of currently displayed information on the sheet list to display-completed status in order to decide whether to display all network device information in said display all sheet information step;

an update decision step to decide whether or not to update the display of information on said device window when determined that all network device information was displayed

in said display all sheet information step;

a timer update set step to set an automatic update timer when decided to perform updates in said update decision step;

a timer update monitor step to determine whether or not the time is up, on the automatic update timer set in said timer update set step; and

an update stop monitor step to monitor if updating has stopped or not when the time has not run out on the automatic update timer monitored in the timer update monitor step.

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ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A network device control unit and method are provided in which, not all MIB objects under the control of the network management software are simultaneously acquired during startup of the network management software so the almost simultaneous flow of a large volume of SNMP packets in the LAN will not occur and along with a simultaneous reduction in the load on communications lines, the load on devices such as the printer and network board processing their SNMP packets will also become small. To accomplish this, windows allocated to individual network peripheral devices on a one to one basis and controlling the network device are utilized as device windows, and information to be displayed on the initial screen of the device window is acquired as the initial sheet and displayed. Device windows also acquire and display different sheet information on the device window when determined an entry has been made by the user requesting display of a different type of sheet information.

FIG. 1

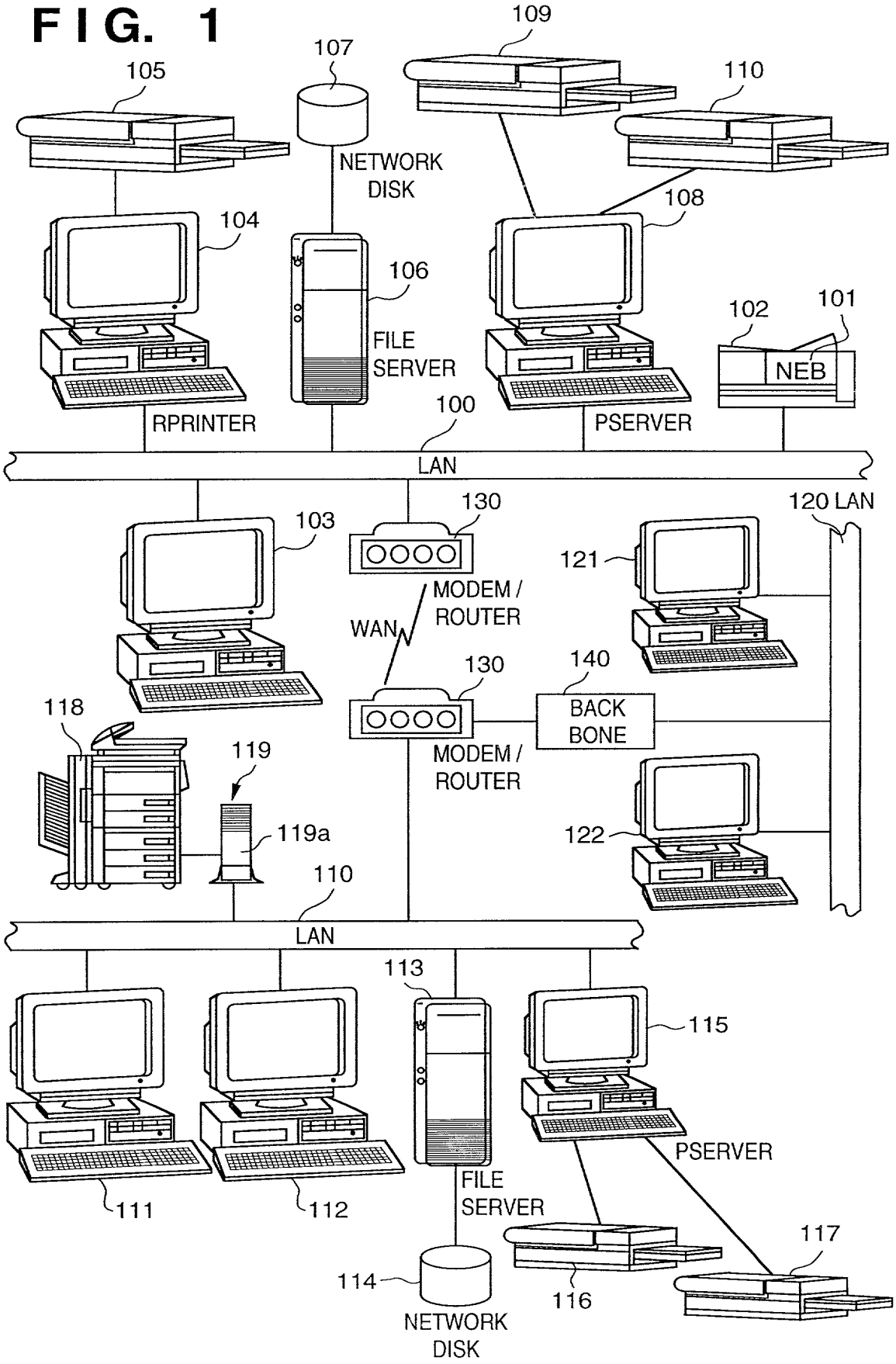
109
107
105
110
NETWORK
DISK
108
104
106
FILE
SERVER
102
101
NEB
RPRINTER
100
PSERVER
LAN
130
120 LAN
103
121
MODEM /
ROUTER
WAN
130
140
118
BACK
BONE
119
MODEM /
ROUTER
119a
122
110
LAN
113
115
PSERVER
FILE
SERVER
111
112
117
114
116
NETWORK
DISK

FIG. 2

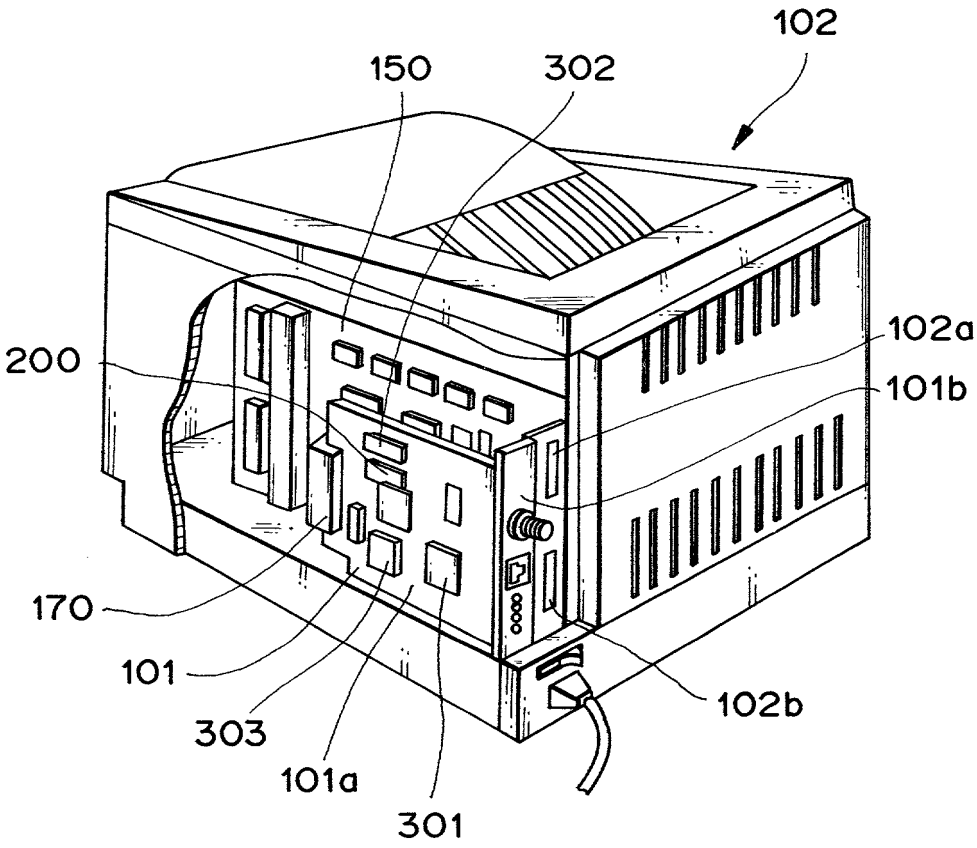

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FIG. 3

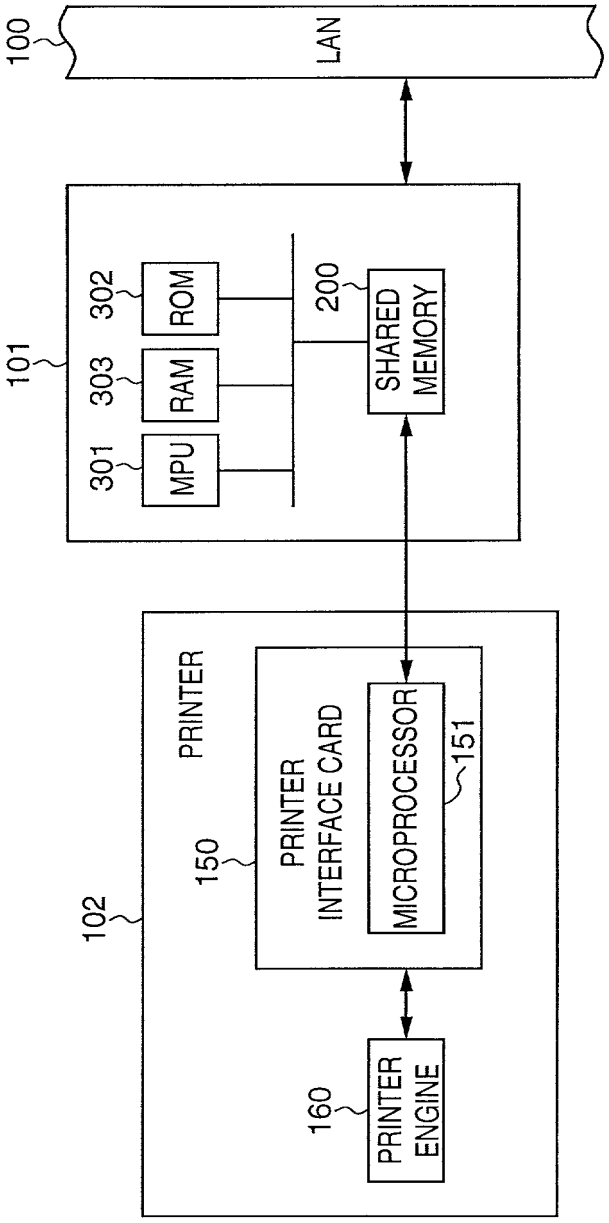

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FIG. 4

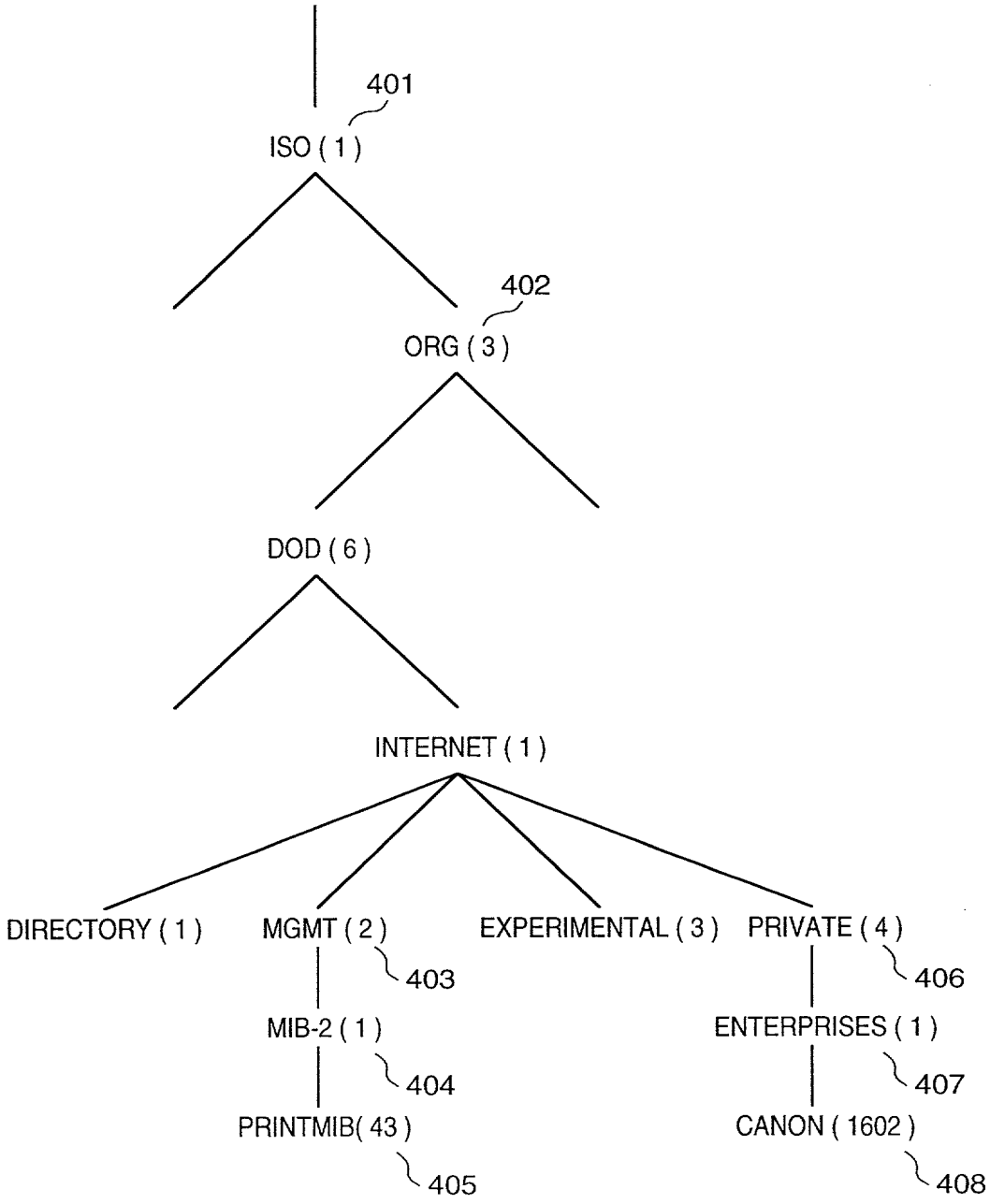

FIG. 5

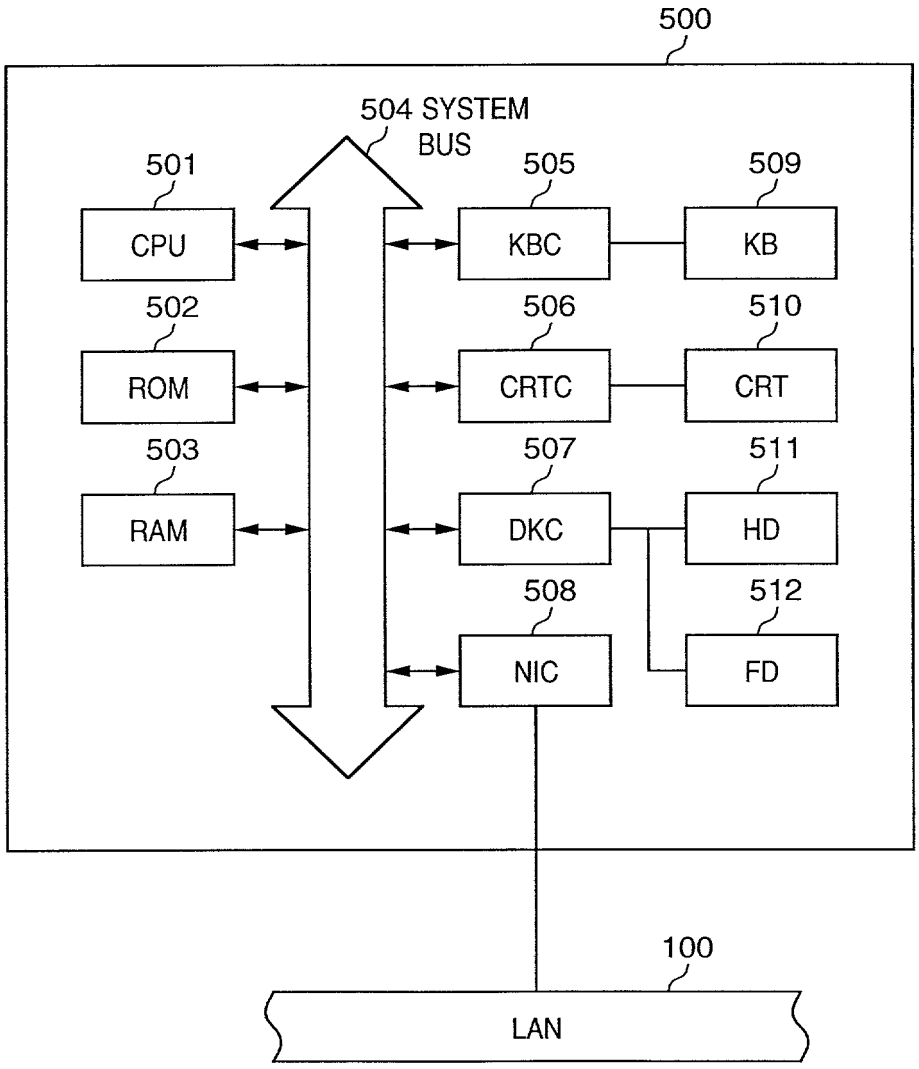
500
504 SYSTEM BUS
501
CPU
502
ROM
503
RAM
505
KBC
506
CRTC
507
DKC
508
NIC
509
KB
510
CRT
511
HD
512
FD
100
LAN

FIG. 6

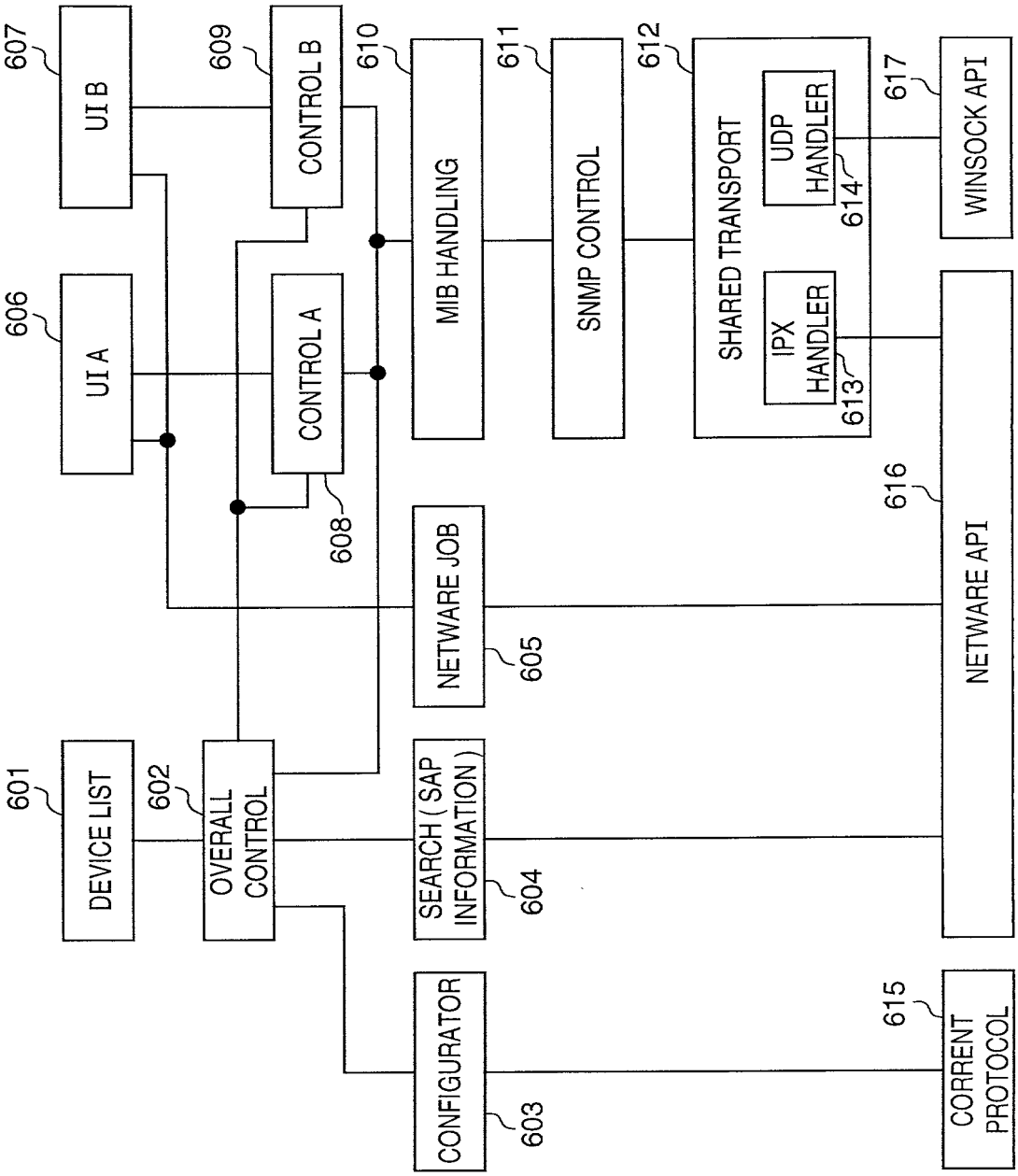
601
DEVICE LIST
602
OVERALL CONTROL
603
CONFIGURATOR
604
SEARCH (SAP INFORMATION)
605
NETWARE JOB
606
UI A
607
UI B
608
CONTROL A
609
CONTROL B
610
MIB HANDLING
611
SNMP CONTROL
612
SHARED TRANSPORT
613
IPX HANDLER
614
UDP HANDLER
615
CORRENT PROTOCOL
616
NETWARE API
617
WINSOCK API

FIG. 7

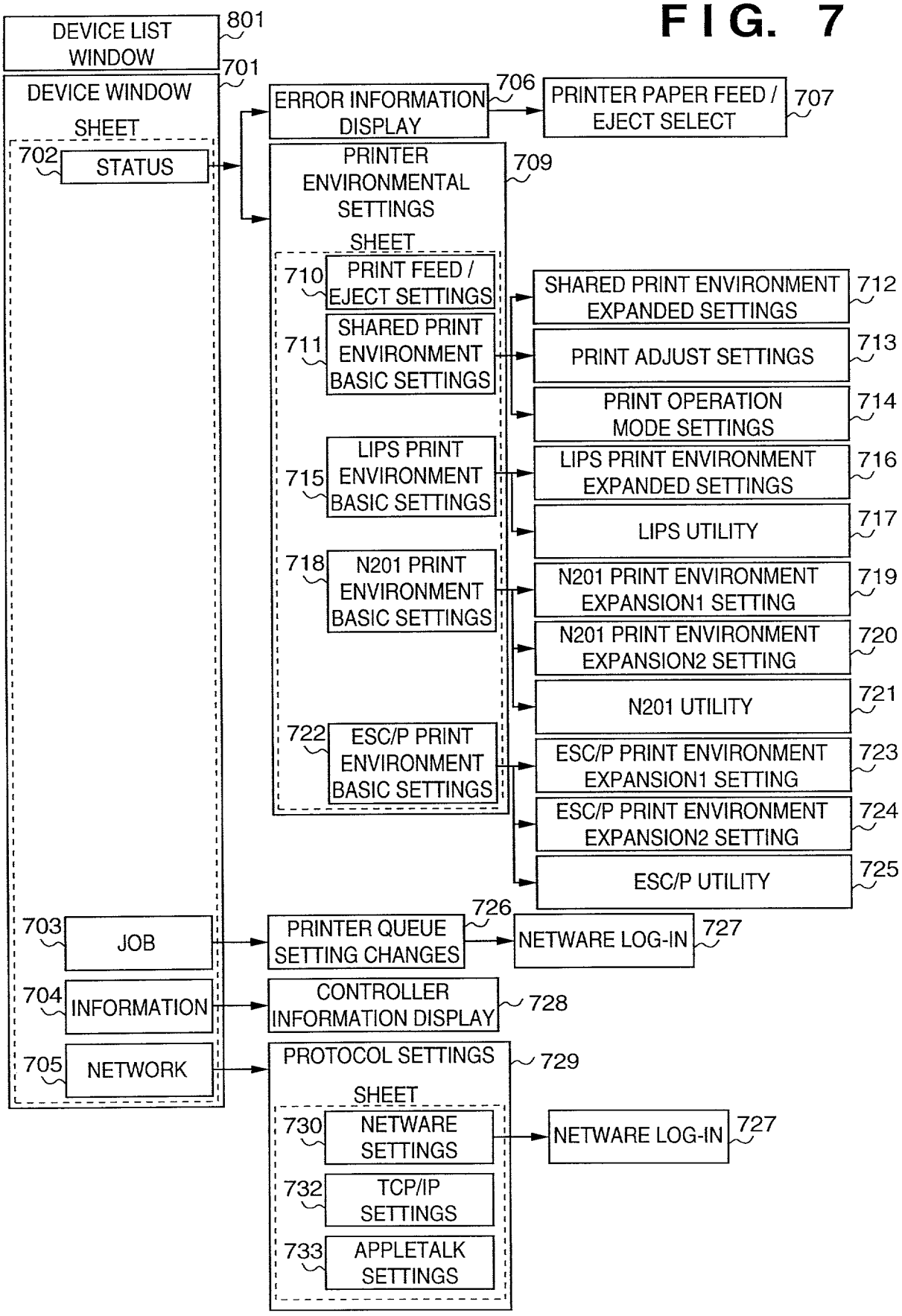
DEVICE LIST WINDOW
801
DEVICE WINDOW
701
SHEET
702 STATUS
703 JOB
704 INFORMATION
705 NETWORK
ERROR INFORMATION DISPLAY
706
PRINTER PAPER FEED / EJECT SELECT
707
PRINTER ENVIRONMENTAL SETTINGS
709
SHEET
710 PRINT FEED / EJECT SETTINGS
711 SHARED PRINT ENVIRONMENT BASIC SETTINGS
715 LIPS PRINT ENVIRONMENT BASIC SETTINGS
718 N201 PRINT ENVIRONMENT BASIC SETTINGS
722 ESC/P PRINT ENVIRONMENT BASIC SETTINGS
SHARED PRINT ENVIRONMENT EXPANDED SETTINGS
712
PRINT ADJUST SETTINGS
713
PRINT OPERATION MODE SETTINGS
714
LIPS PRINT ENVIRONMENT EXPANDED SETTINGS
716
LIPS UTILITY
717
N201 PRINT ENVIRONMENT EXPANSION1 SETTING
719
N201 PRINT ENVIRONMENT EXPANSION2 SETTING
720
N201 UTILITY
721
ESC/P PRINT ENVIRONMENT EXPANSION1 SETTING
723
ESC/P PRINT ENVIRONMENT EXPANSION2 SETTING
724
ESC/P UTILITY
725
PRINTER QUEUE SETTING CHANGES
726
NETWARE LOG-IN
727
CONTROLLER INFORMATION DISPLAY
728
PROTOCOL SETTINGS
729
SHEET
730 NETWARE SETTINGS
732 TCP/IP SETTINGS
733 APPLETALK SETTINGS
NETWARE LOG-IN
727

FIG. 8

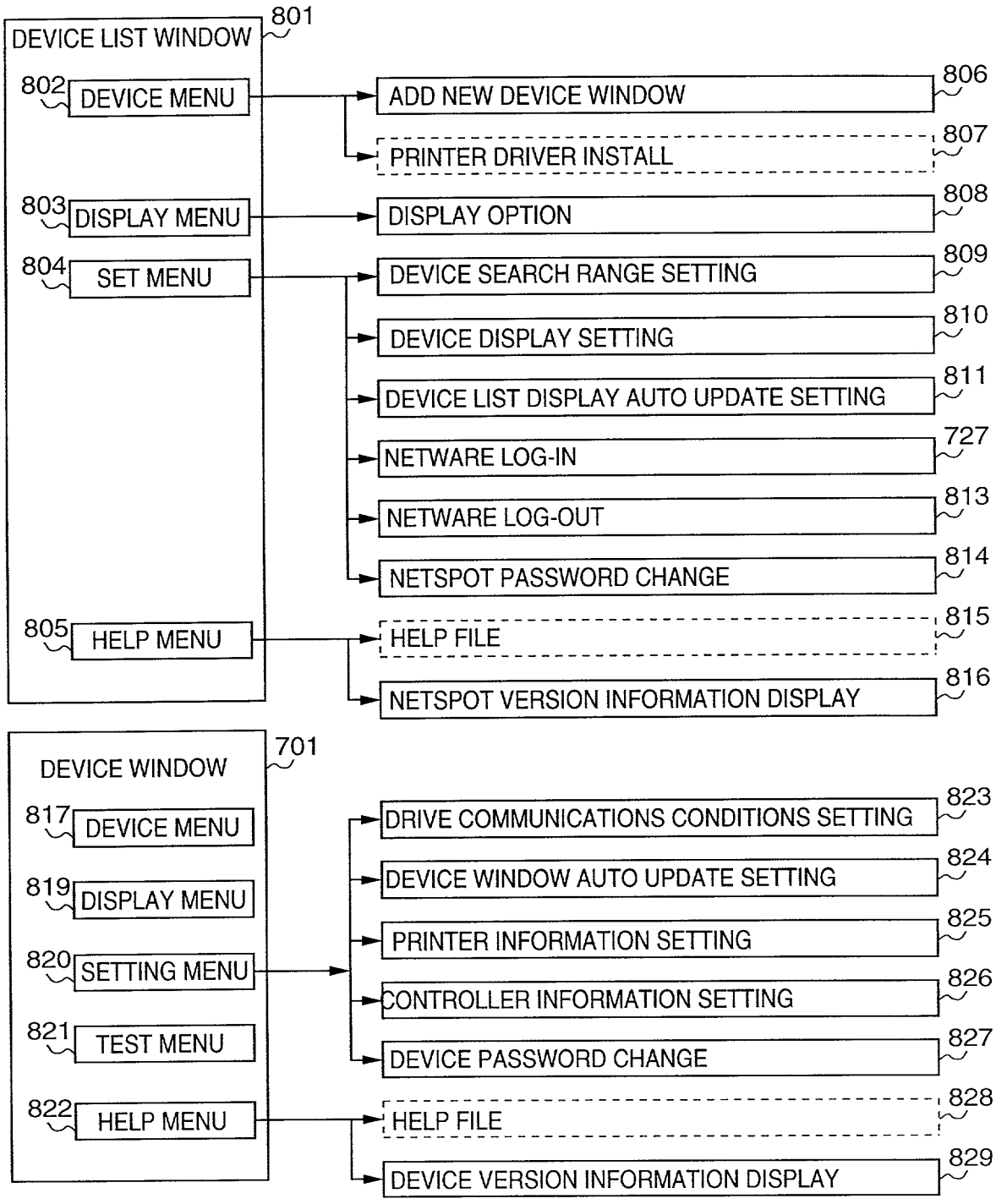

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FIG. 9

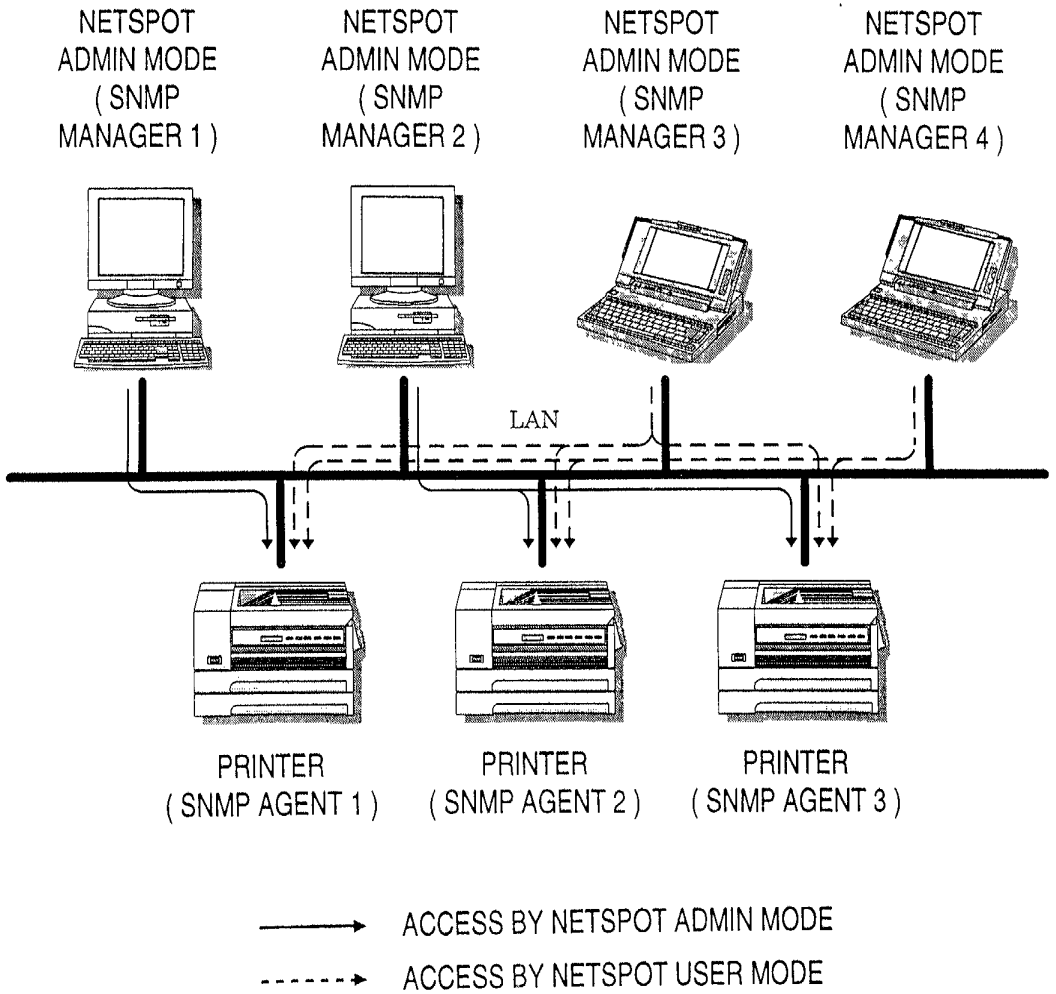
NETSPOT ADMIN MODE (SNMP MANAGER 1)
NETSPOT ADMIN MODE (SNMP MANAGER 2)
NETSPOT ADMIN MODE (SNMP MANAGER 3)
NETSPOT ADMIN MODE (SNMP MANAGER 4)
LAN
PRINTER (SNMP AGENT 1)
PRINTER (SNMP AGENT 2)
PRINTER (SNMP AGENT 3)
ACCESS BY NETSPOT ADMIN MODE
ACCESS BY NETSPOT USER MODE

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FIG. 10

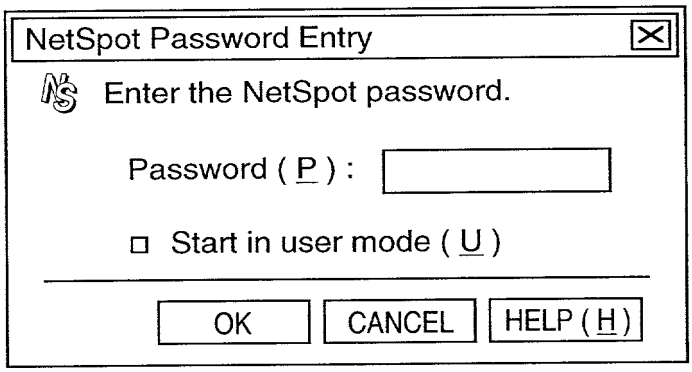


FIG. 11

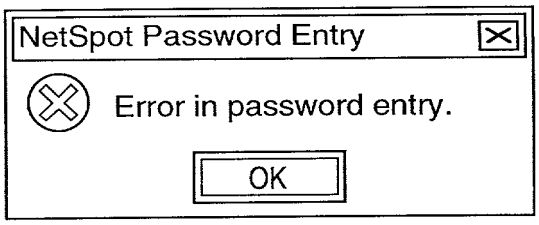


FIG. 12

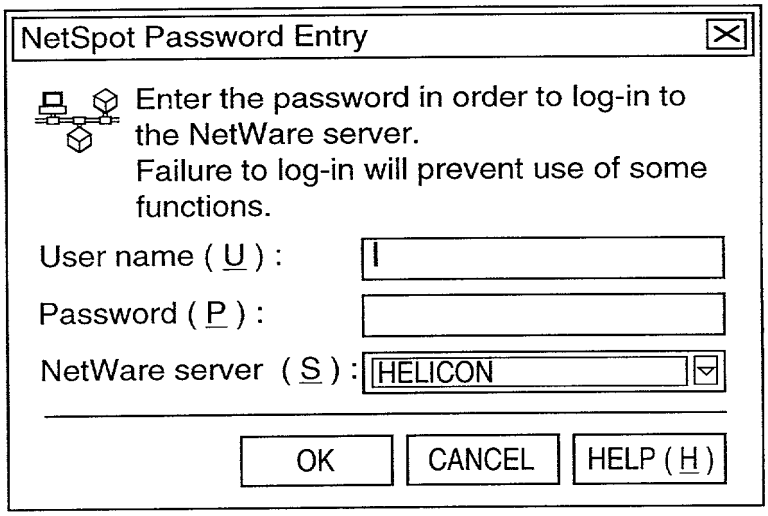


FIG. 13

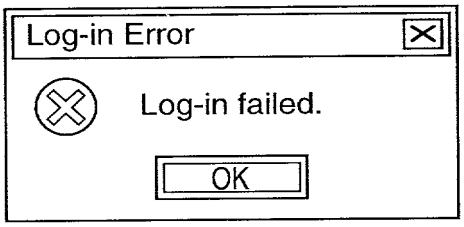


FIG. 14

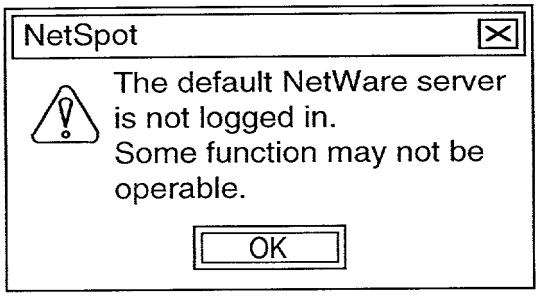


FIG. 15

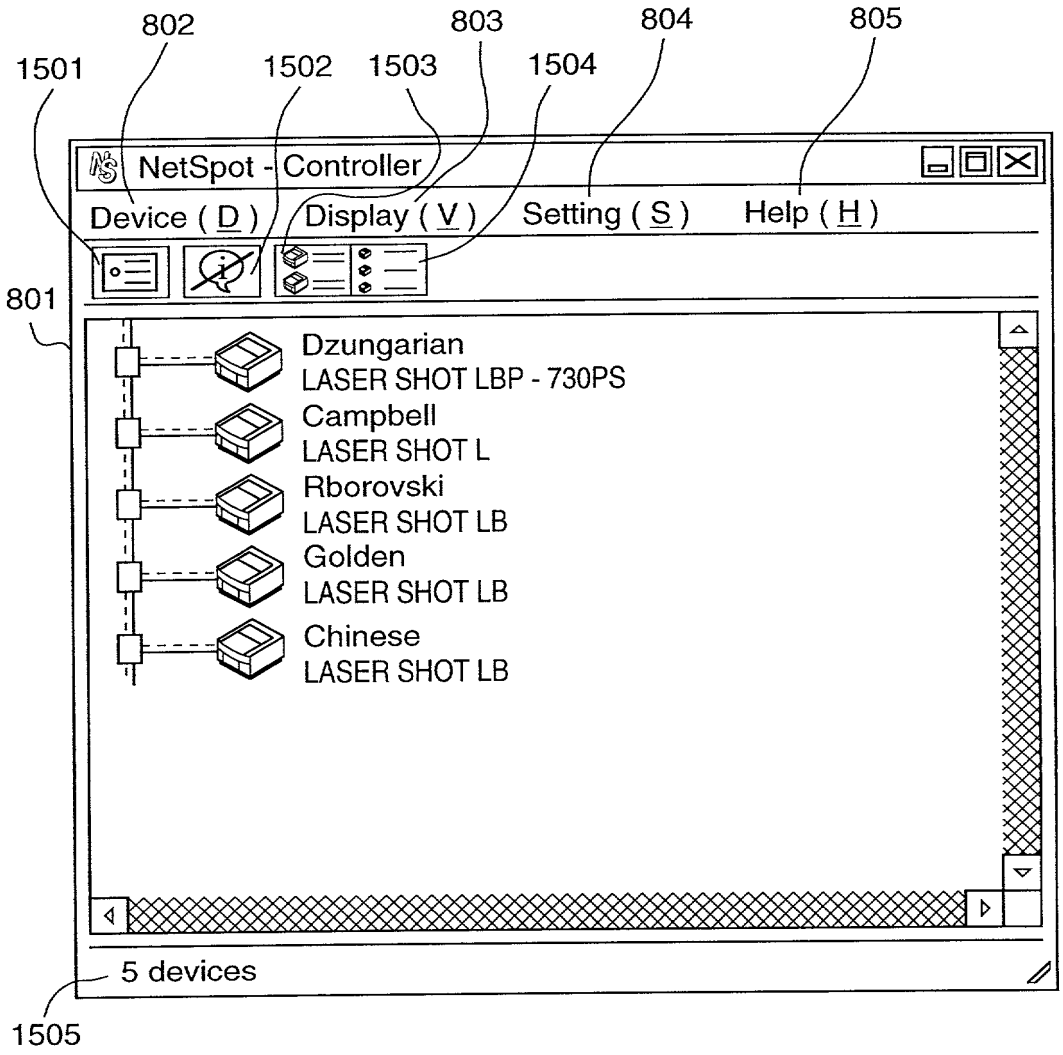

802
803
804
805
1501
1502
1503
1504
NetSpot - Controller
Device (D)
Display (V)
Setting (S)
Help (H)
801
Dzungarian
LASER SHOT LBP - 730PS
Campbell
LASER SHOT L
Rborovski
LASER SHOT LB
Golden
LASER SHOT LB
Chinese
LASER SHOT LB
5 devices
1505

FIG. 16

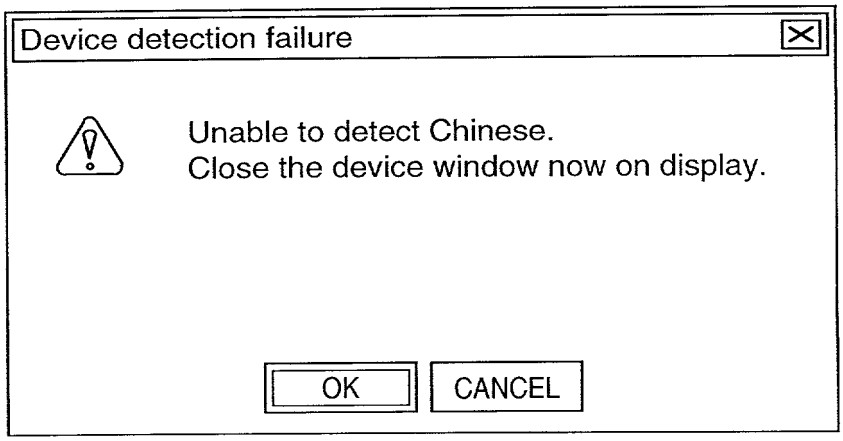

Device detection failure
Unable to detect Chinese.
Close the device window now on display.
OK
CANCEL

FIG. 17

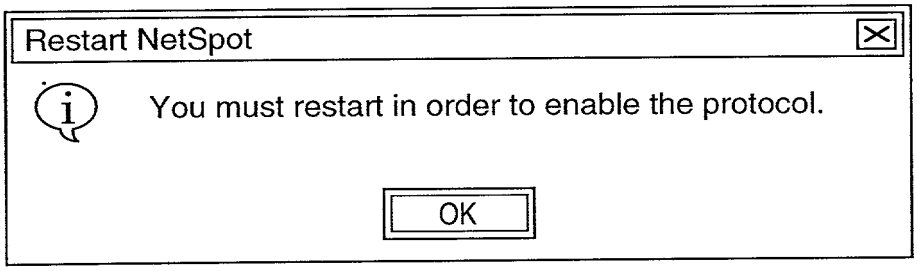


FIG. 18

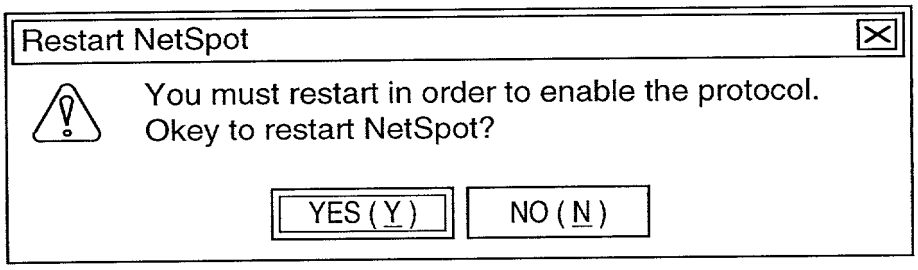


FIG. 19

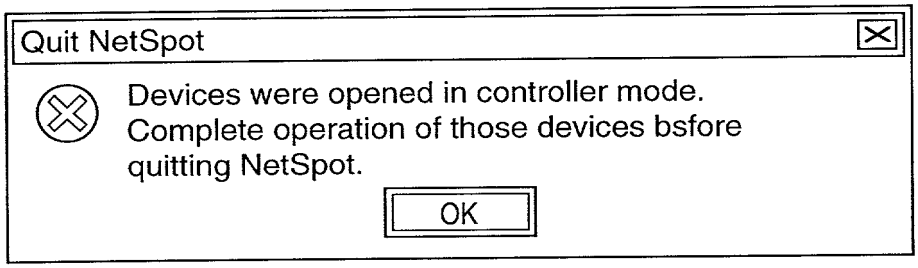


FIG. 20

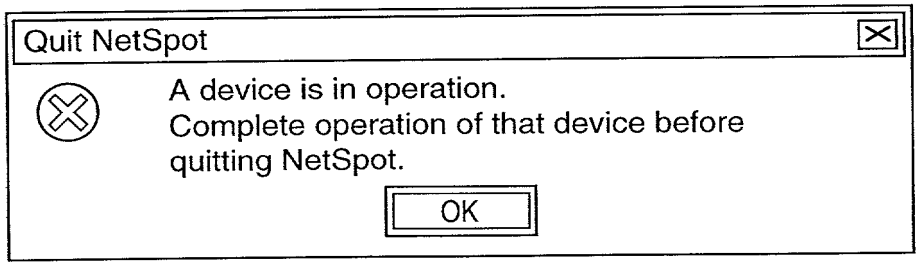


FIG. 21

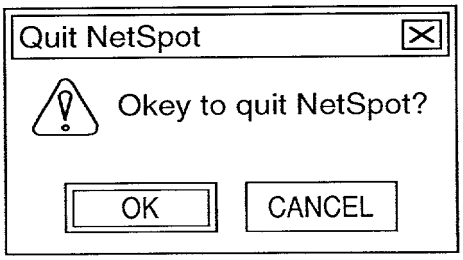


FIG. 22

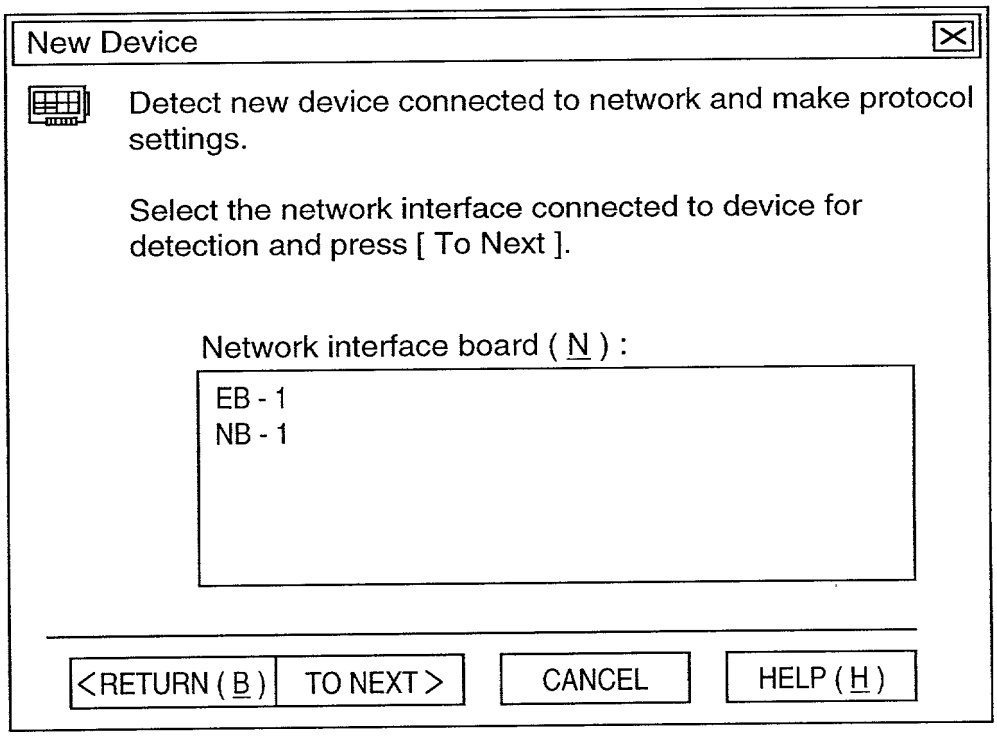

New Device
Detect new device connected to network and make protocol settings.
Select the network interface connected to device for detection and press [To Next].
Network interface board (N) :
EB - 1
NB - 1
<RETURN (B)
TO NEXT >
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 23

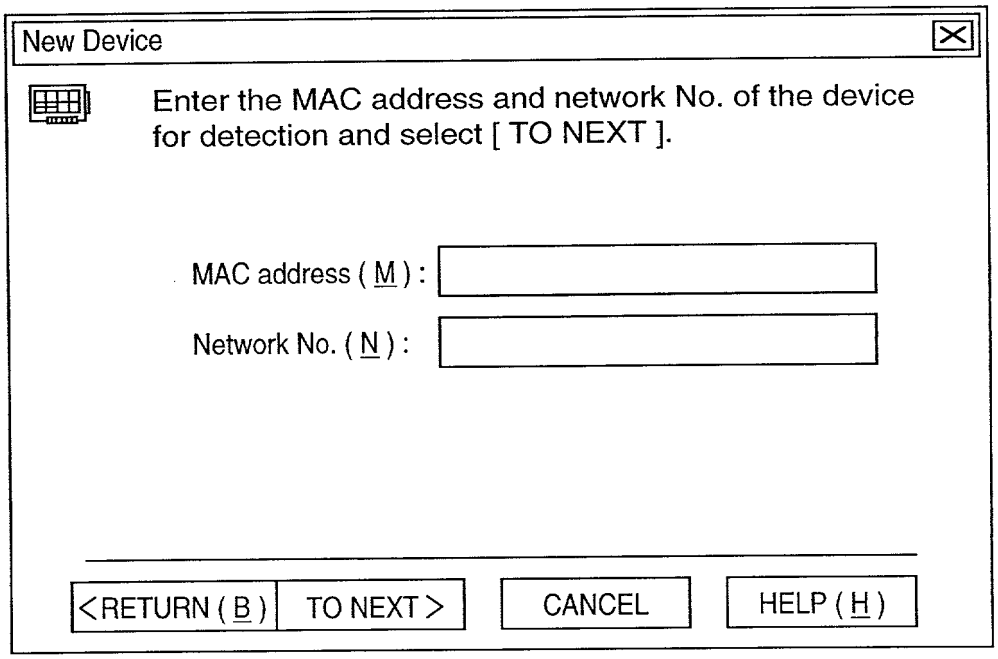

New Device
Enter the MAC address and network No. of the device for detection and select [TO NEXT].
MAC address (M) :
Network No. (N) :
<RETURN (B)
TO NEXT >
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 24

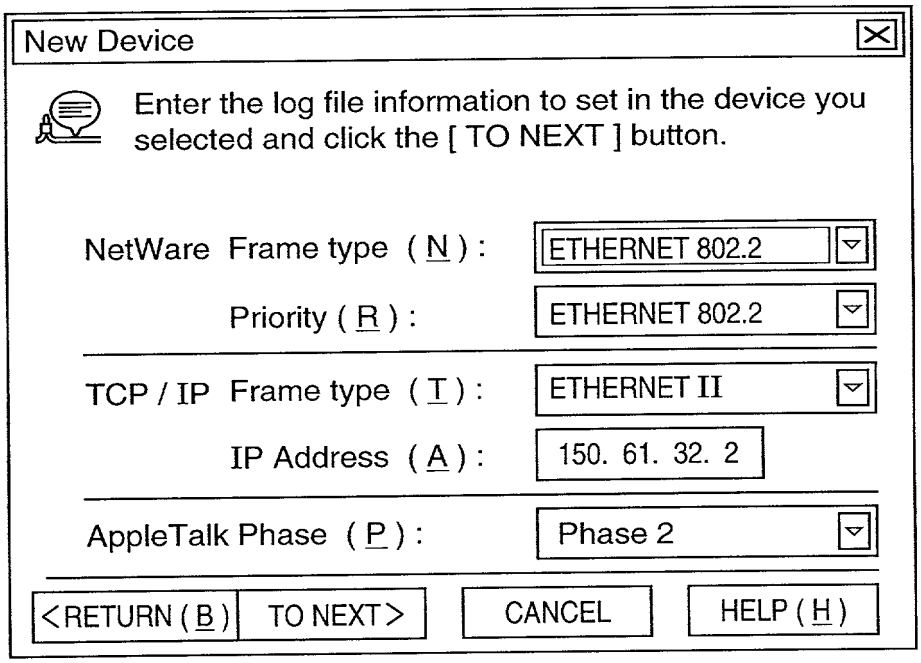

New Device
Enter the log file information to set in the device you selected and click the [TO NEXT] button.
NetWare Frame type (N) :
ETHERNET 802.2
Priority (R) :
ETHERNET 802.2
TCP / IP Frame type (T) :
ETHERNET II
IP Address (A) :
150. 61. 32. 2
AppleTalk Phase (P) :
Phase 2
<RETURN (B)
TO NEXT>
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 25

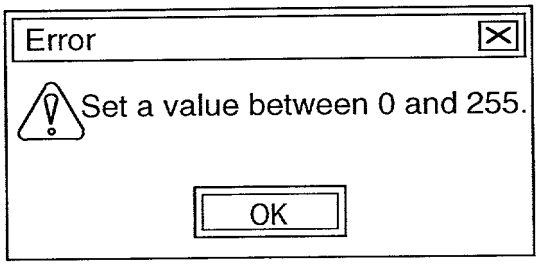

Error
Set a value between 0 and 255.
OK

FIG. 26

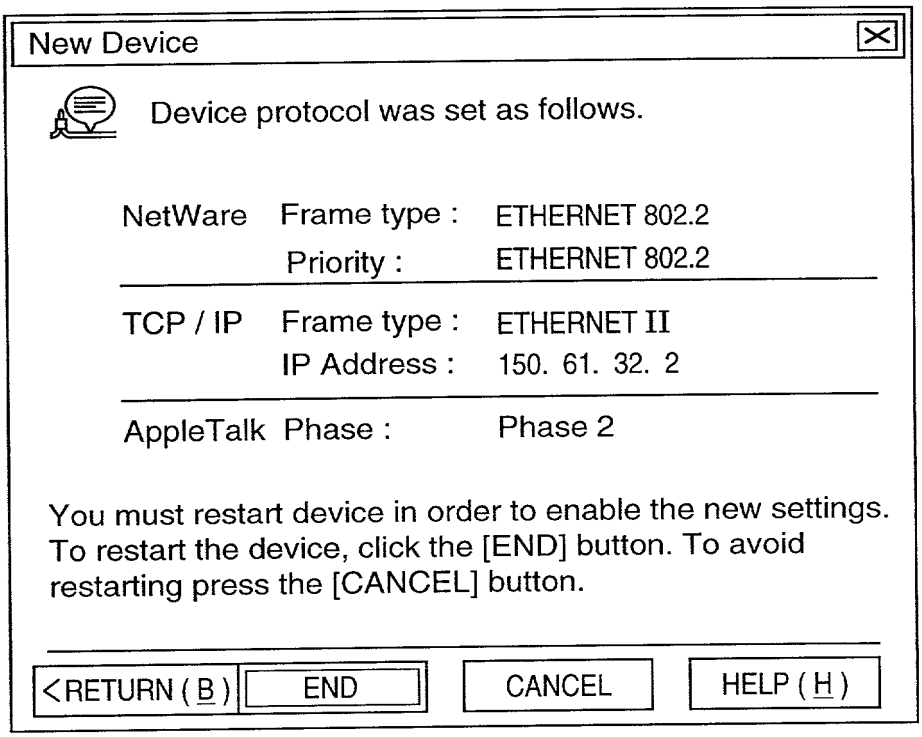

New Device
Device protocol was set as follows.
NetWare Frame type : ETHERNET 802.2
Priority : ETHERNET 802.2
TCP / IP Frame type : ETHERNET II
IP Address : 150. 61. 32. 2
AppleTalk Phase : Phase 2
You must restart device in order to enable the new settings. To restart the device, click the [END] button. To avoid restarting press the [CANCEL] button.
<RETURN (B)
END
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 27

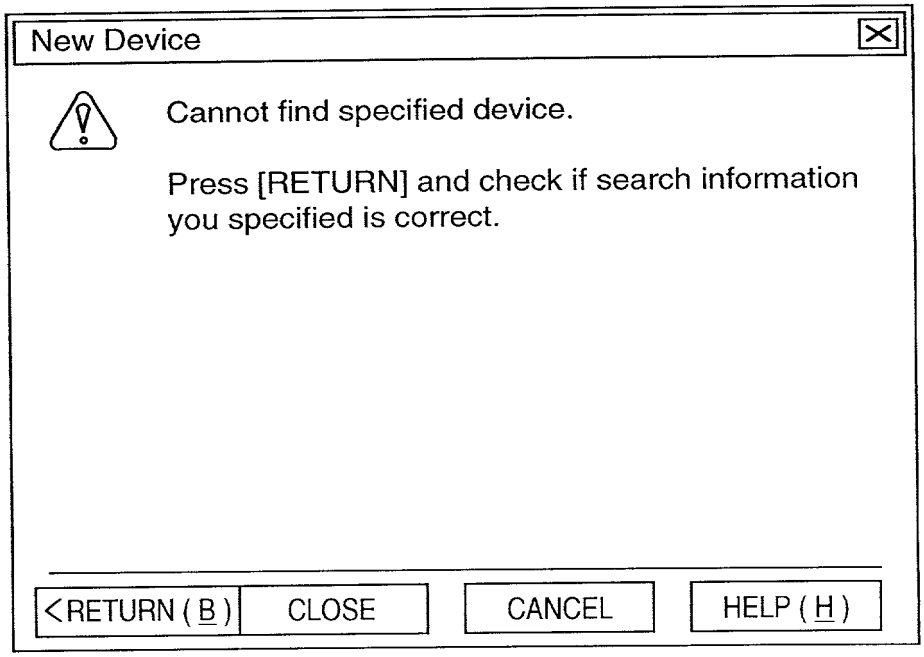

New Device
Cannot find specified device.
Press [RETURN] and check if search information you specified is correct.
<RETURN (B)
CLOSE
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 28

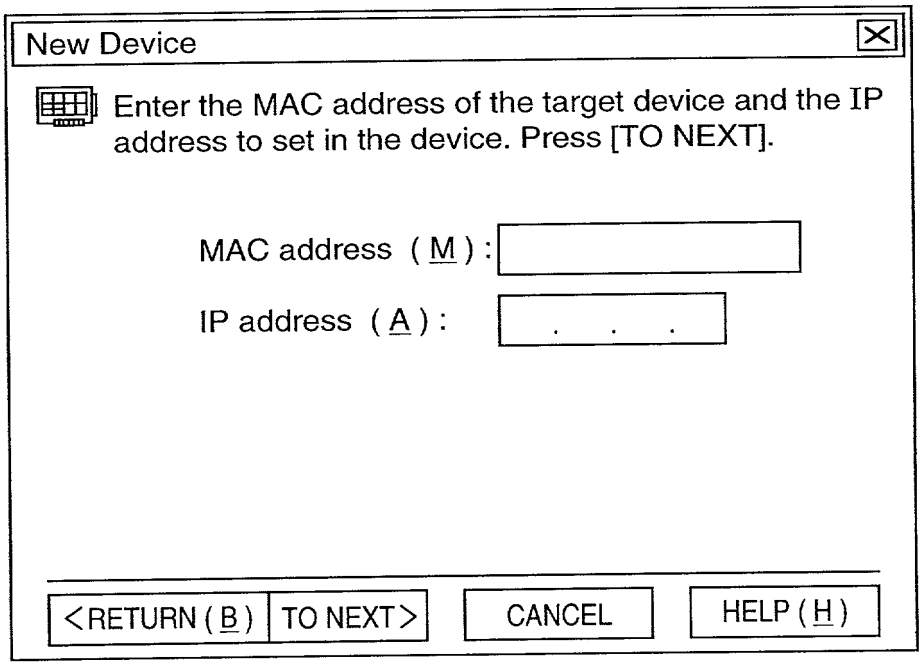

New Device
Enter the MAC address of the target device and the IP address to set in the device. Press [TO NEXT].
MAC address (M) :
IP address (A) :
. . .
<RETURN (B)
TO NEXT>
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 29

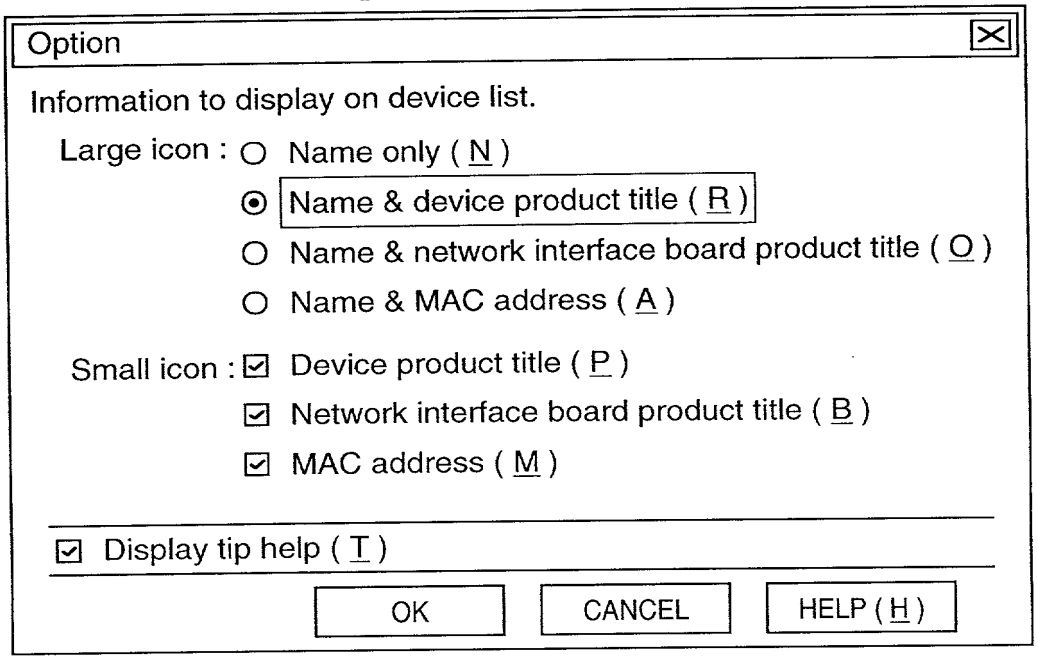

Option
Information to display on device list.
Large icon :
Name only (N)
Name & device product title (R)
Name & network interface board product title (O)
Name & MAC address (A)
Small icon :
Device product title (P)
Network interface board product title (B)
MAC address (M)
Display tip help (T)
OK
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 30

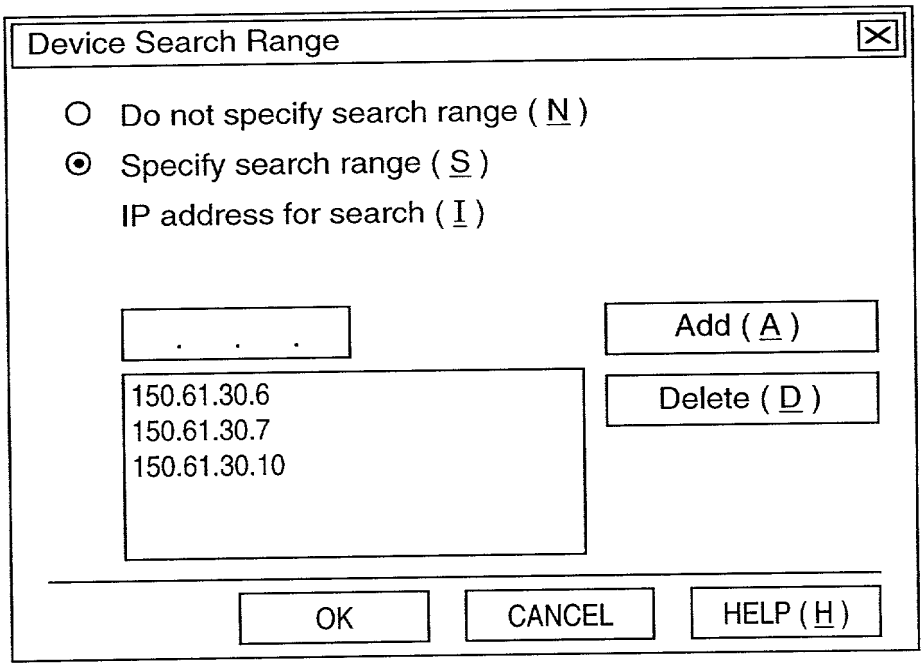

Device Search Range
Do not specify search range (N)
Specify search range (S)
IP address for search (I)
. . .
Add (A)
150.61.30.6
150.61.30.7
150.61.30.10
Delete (D)
OK
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 31

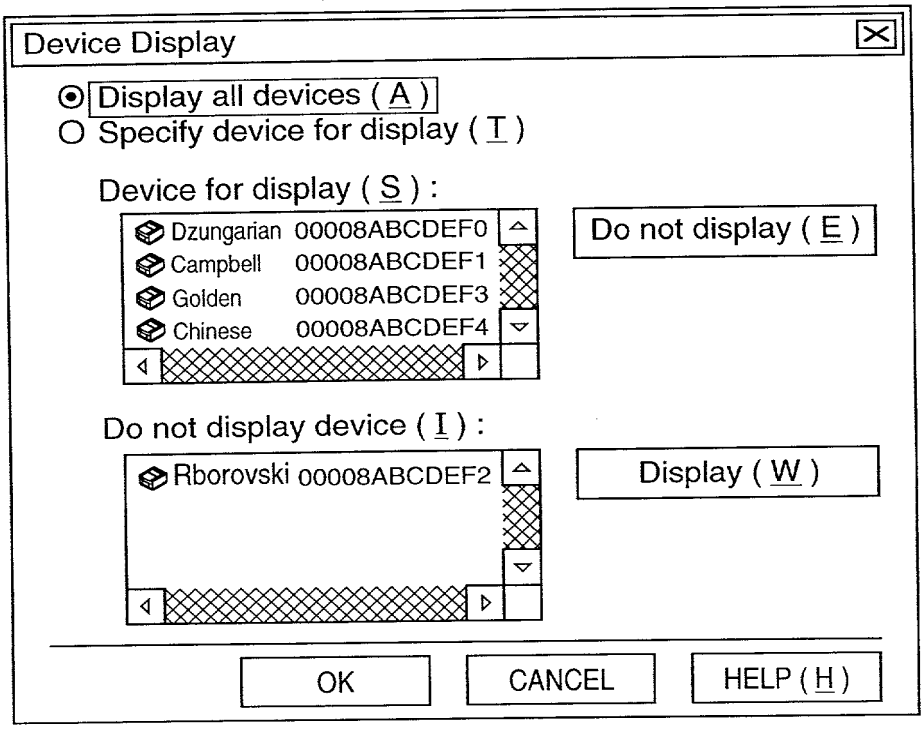

Device Display
Display all devices (A)
Specify device for display (T)
Device for display (S) :
Dzungarian 00008ABCDEF0
Campbell 00008ABCDEF1
Golden 00008ABCDEF3
Chinese 00008ABCDEF4
Do not display (E)
Do not display device (I) :
Rborovski 00008ABCDEF2
Display (W)
OK
CANCEL
HELP (H)

FIG. 32

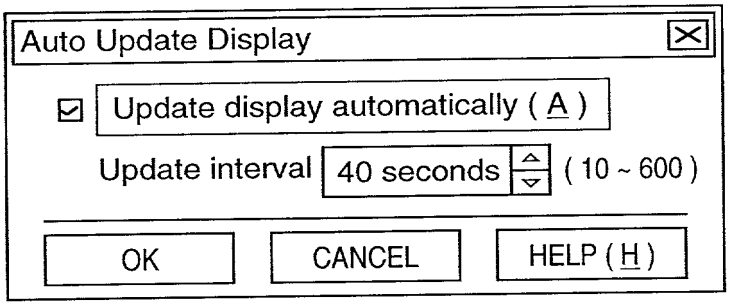


FIG. 33

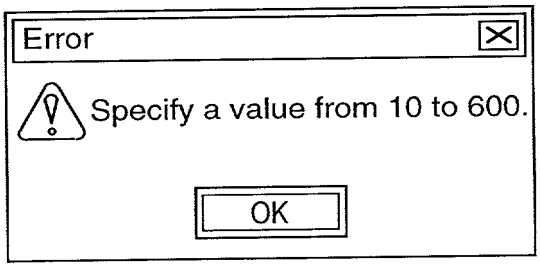


FIG. 34

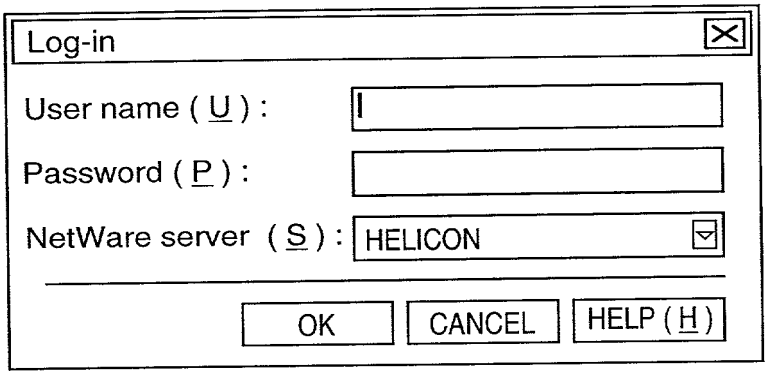


FIG. 35

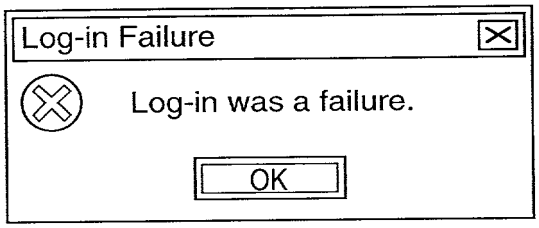


FIG. 36

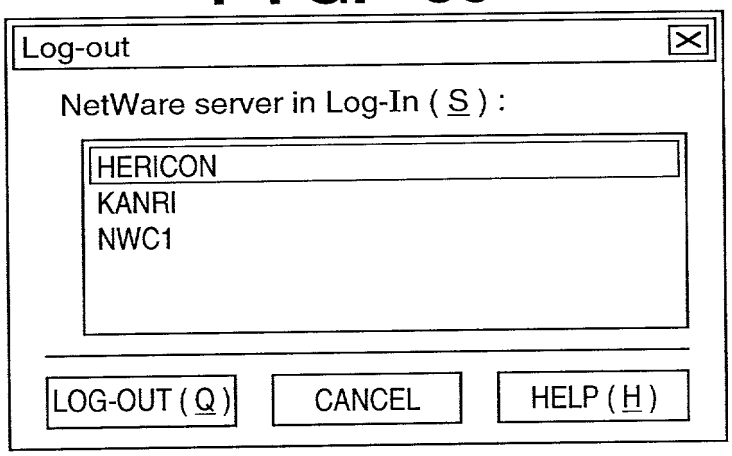


FIG. 37

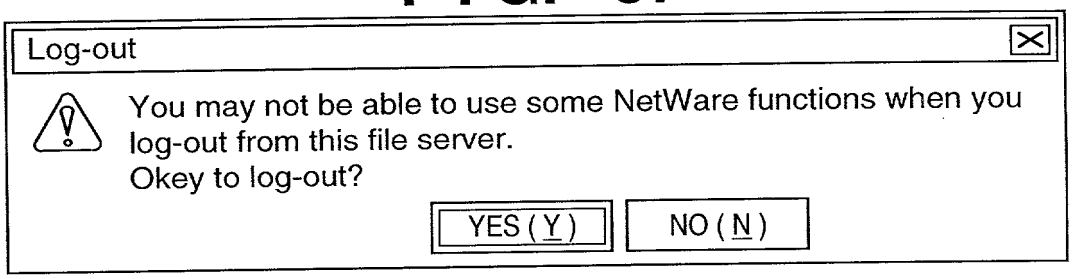


FIG. 38

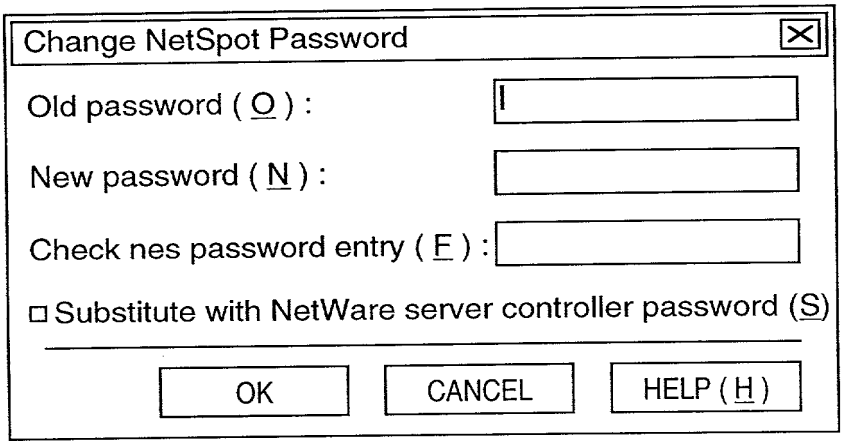


FIG. 39

0021205-0021206

FIG. 40

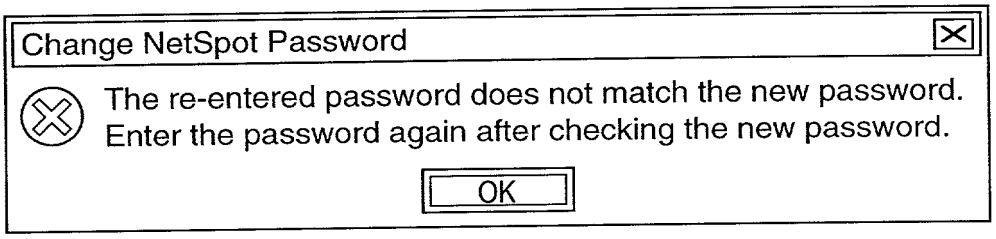


FIG. 41

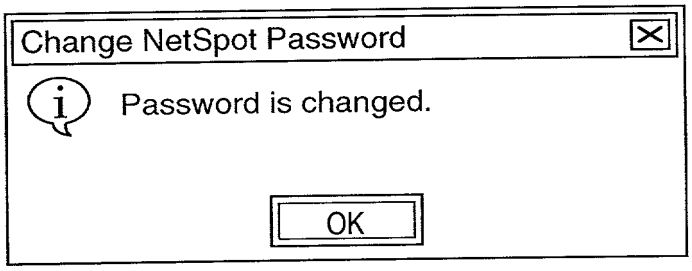
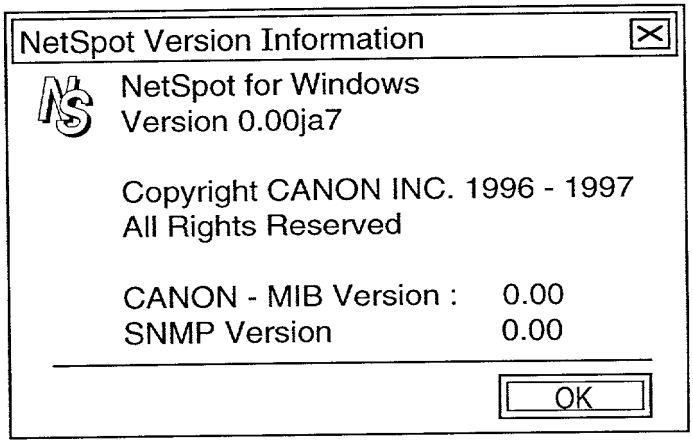


FIG. 42



EP0795998A2

FIG. 43

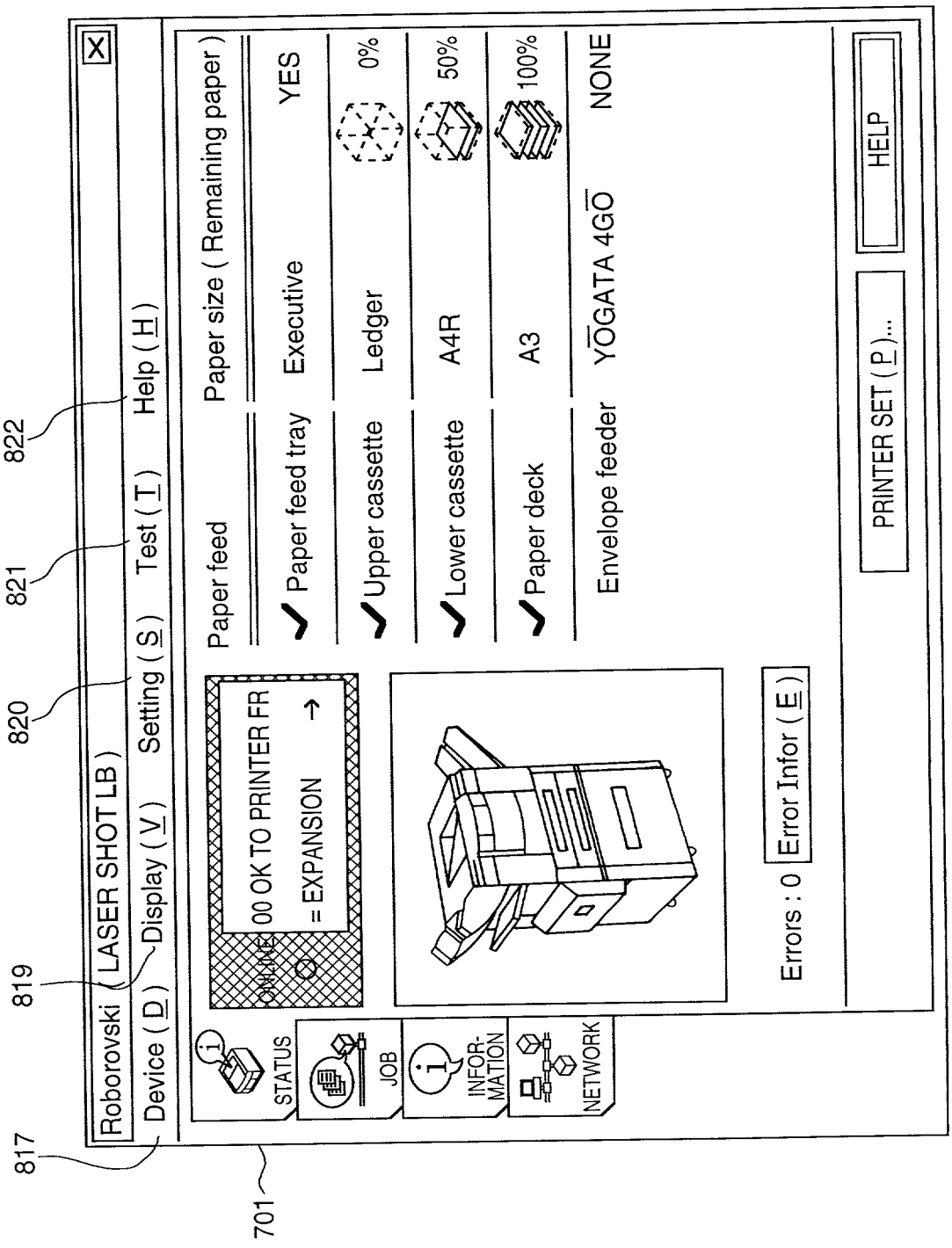

817
819
820
821
822
701
Roborovski (LASER SHOT LB)
Device (D)
Display (V)
Setting (S)
Test (T)
Help (H)
STATUS
JOB
INFOR-MATION
NETWORK
ONLINE
00 OK TO PRINTER FR
= EXPANSION
Paper feed
Paper size (Remaining paper)
Paper feed tray
Executive
YES
Upper cassette
Ledger
0%
Lower cassette
A4R
50%
Paper deck
A3
100%
Envelope feeder
YŌGATA 4GŌ
NONE
Errors : 0
Error Infor (E)
PRINTER SET (P)...
HELP

FIG. 44

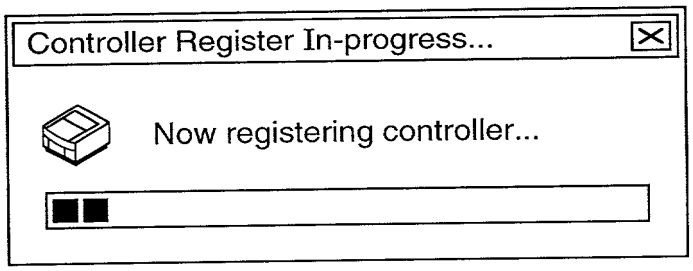

Controller Register In-progress...
Now registering controller...

FIG. 45

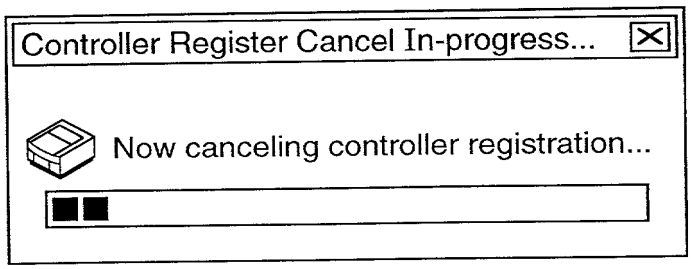

Controller Register Cancel In-progress...
Now canceling controller registration...

FIG. 46

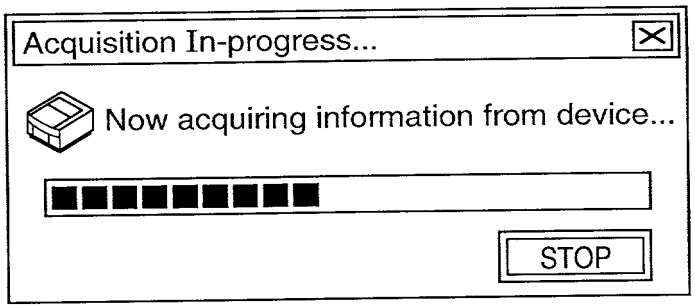


FIG. 47

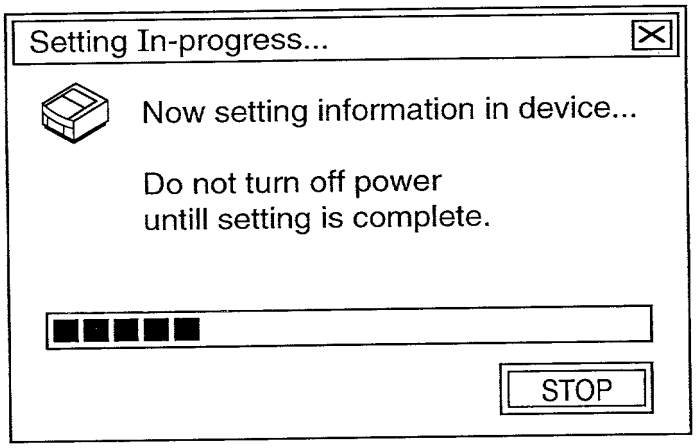


FIG. 48

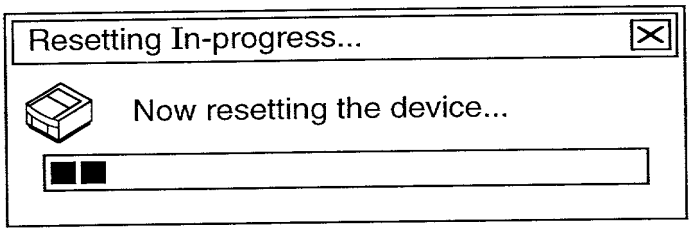


FIG. 49

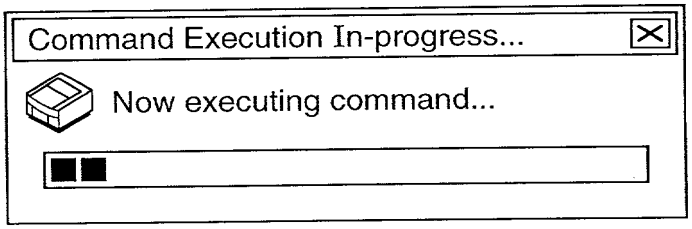


FIG. 50

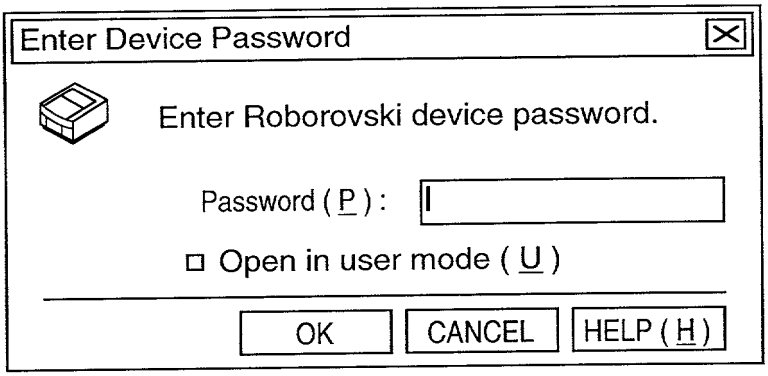


FIG. 51

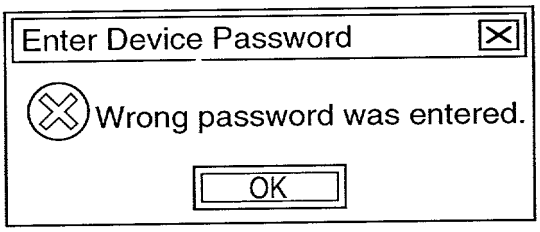


FIG. 52

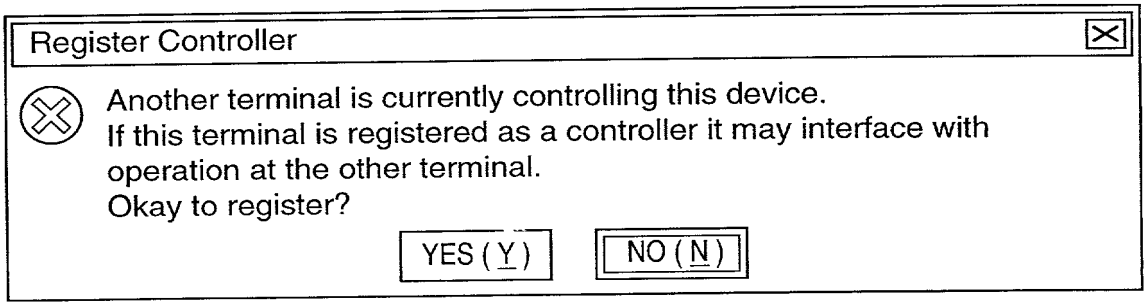


FIG. 53

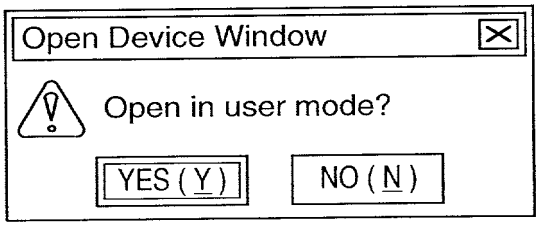


FIG. 54

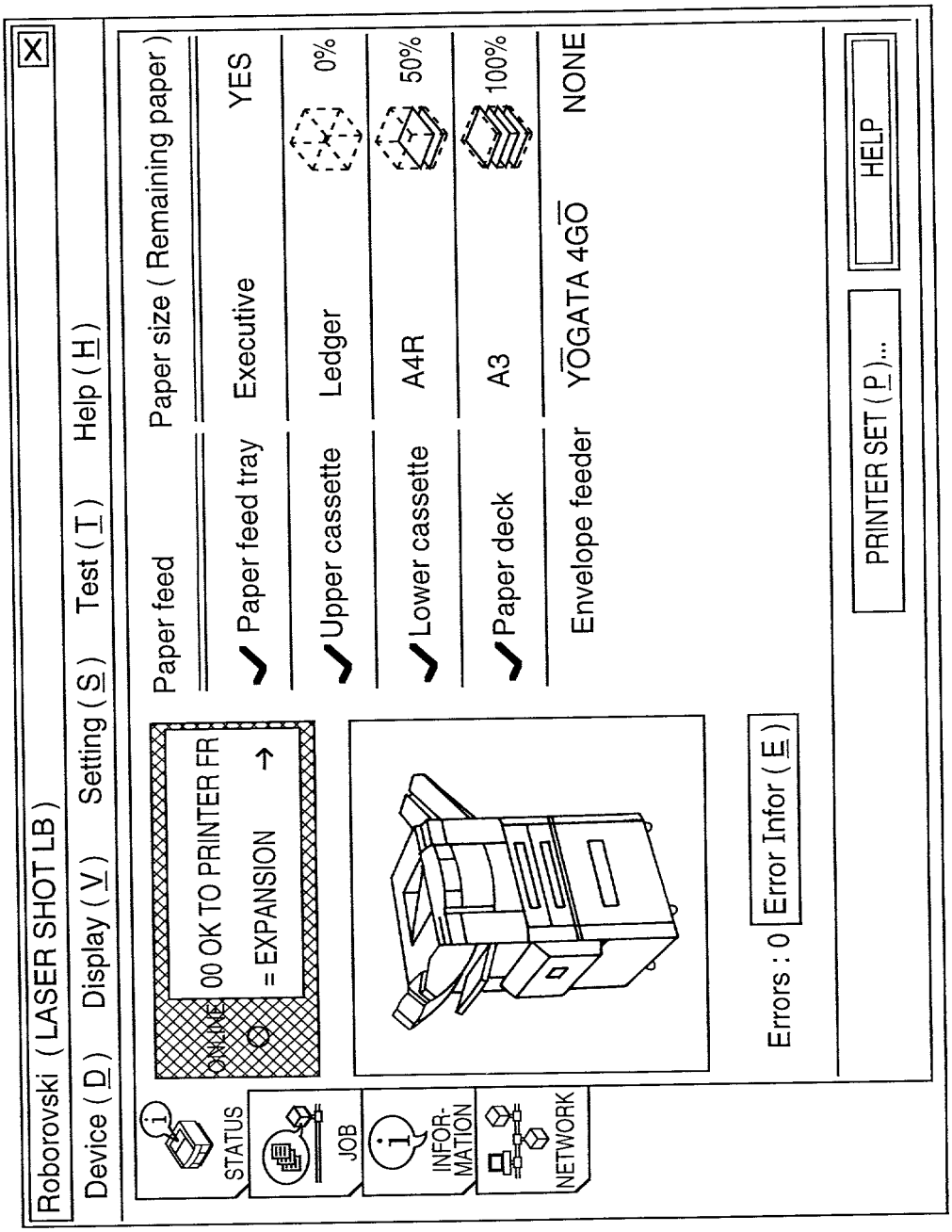

Roborovski (LASER SHOT LB)
Device (D) Display (V) Setting (S) Test (T) Help (H)
STATUS
JOB
INFOR-MATION
NETWORK
ONLINE
00 OK TO PRINTER FR
= EXPANSION →
Paper feed
Paper size (Remaining paper)
Paper feed tray
Executive
YES
Upper cassette
Ledger
0%
Lower cassette
A4R
50%
Paper deck
A3
100%
Envelope feeder
YŌGATA 4GŌ
NONE
Errors : 0
Error Infor (E)
PRINTER SET (P)...
HELP

FIG. 55

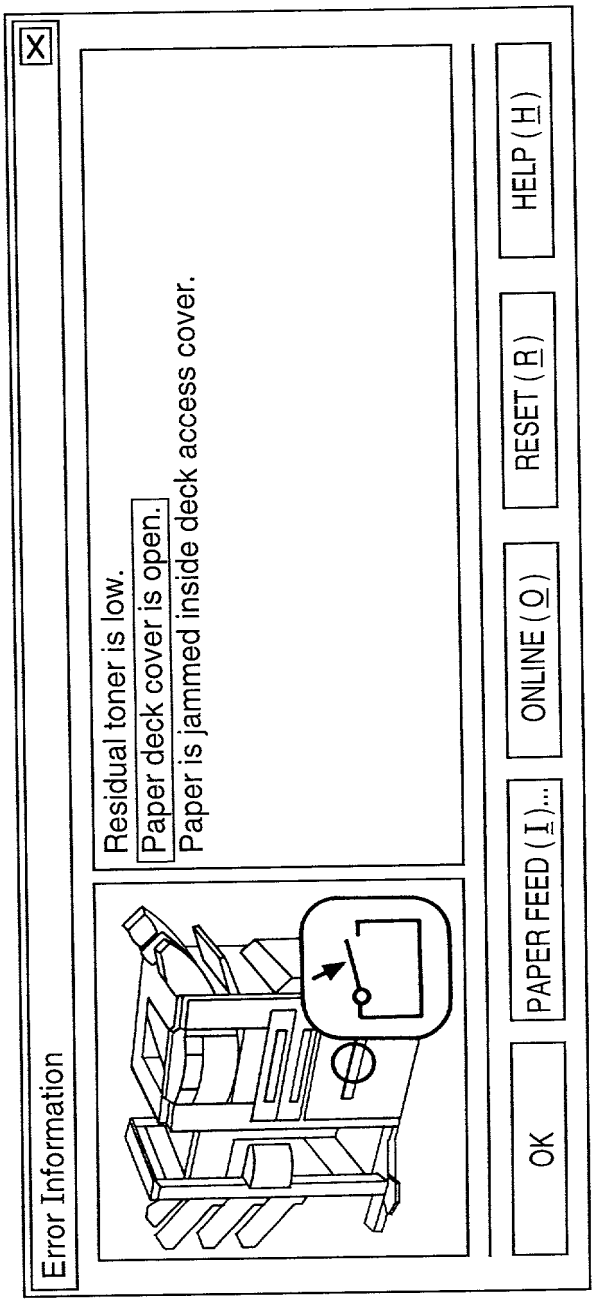

Error Information
X
Residual toner is low.
Paper deck cover is open.
Paper is jammed inside deck access cover.
OK
PAPER FEED (I)...
ONLINE (O)
RESET (R)
HELP (H)

FIG. 56

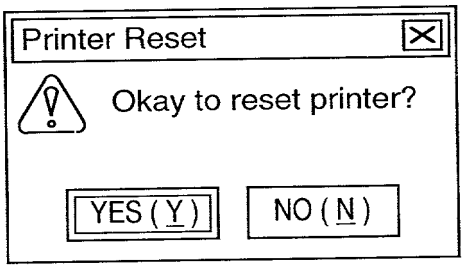
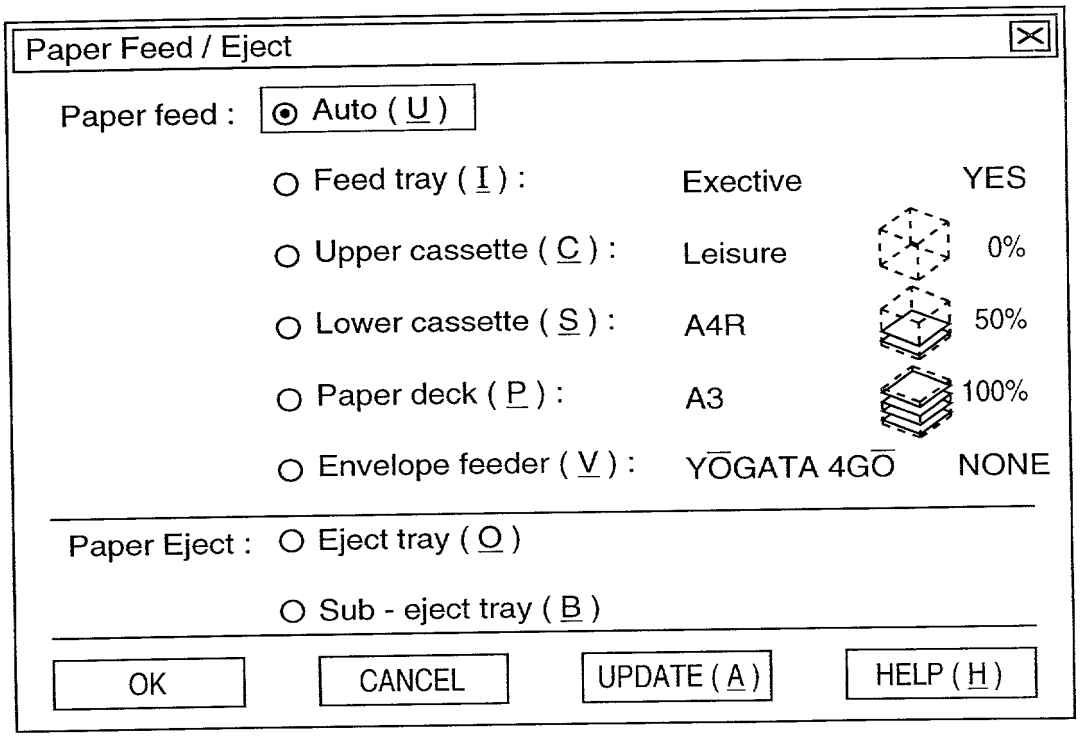

Printer Reset
Okay to reset printer?
YES (Y)
NO (N)

FIG. 57


Paper Feed / Eject
Paper feed :
Auto (U)
Feed tray (I) :
Exective
YES
Upper cassette (C) :
Leisure
0%
Lower cassette (S) :
A4R
50%
Paper deck (P) :
A3
100%
Envelope feeder (V) :
YŌGATA 4GŌ
NONE
Paper Eject :
Eject tray (O)
Sub - eject tray (B)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

EP 0 634 710 A2

FIG. 58

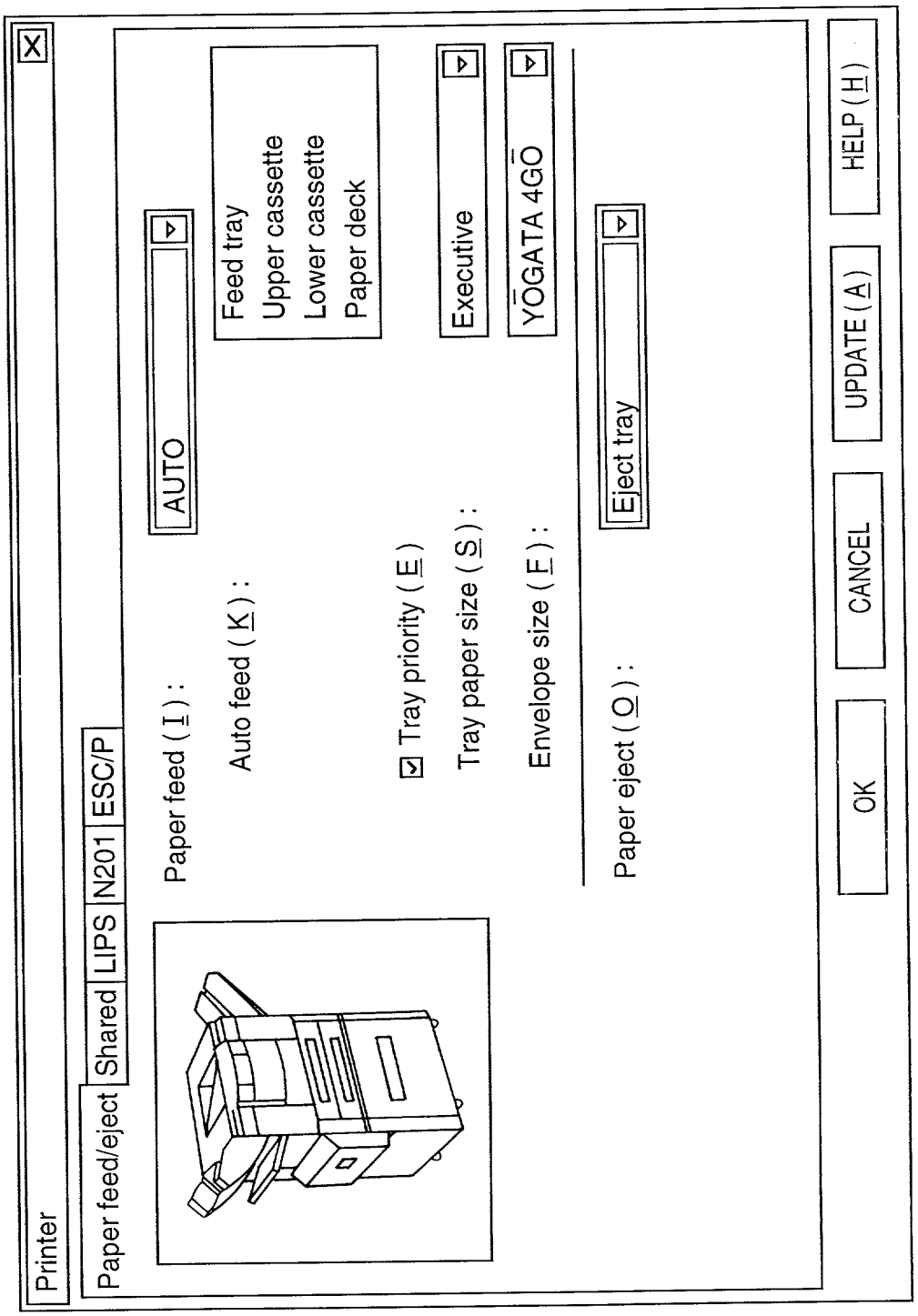


FIG. 59

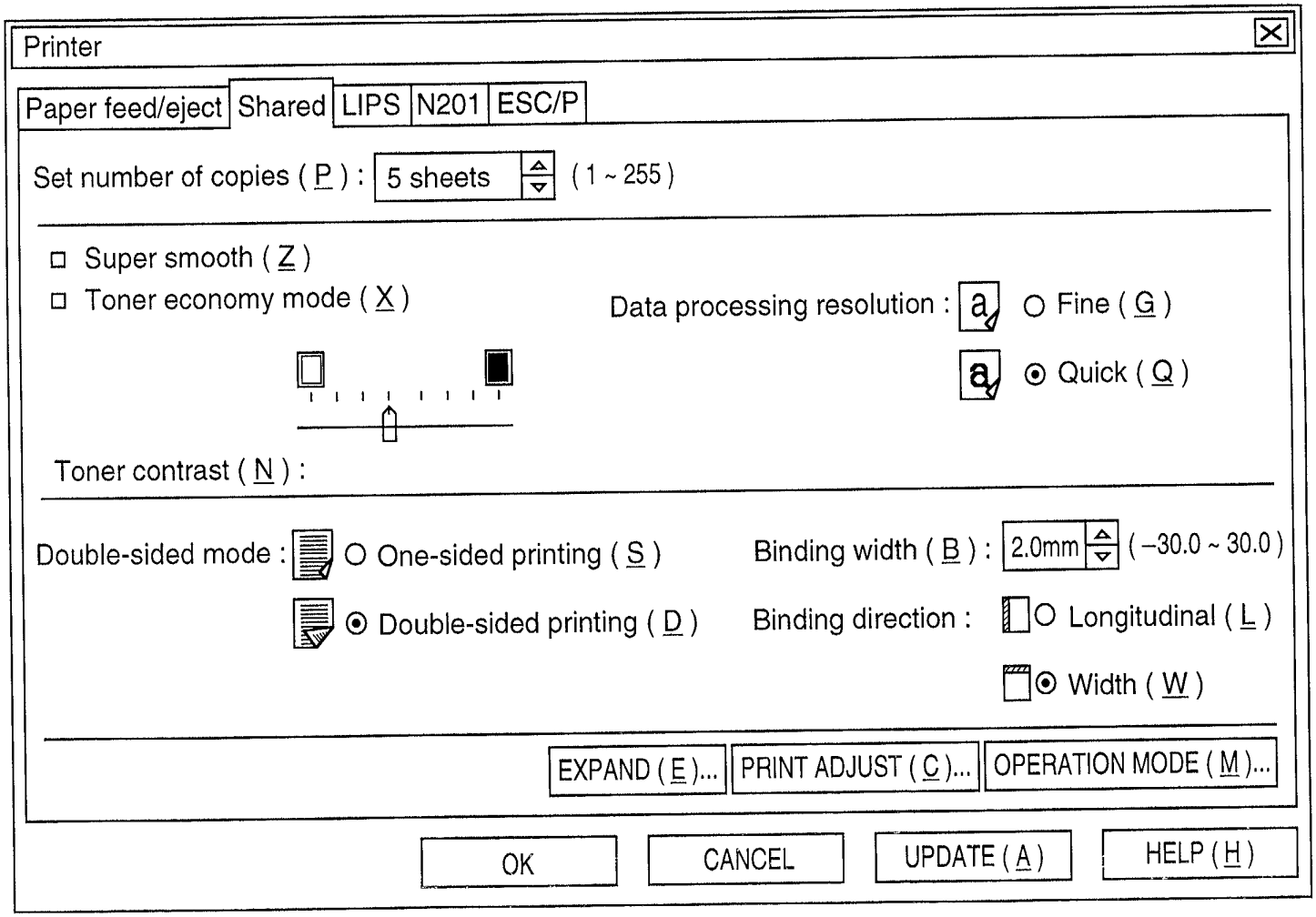

Printer
Paper feed/eject
Shared
LIPS
N201
ESC/P
Set number of copies (P) :
5 sheets
(1 ~ 255)
Super smooth (Z)
Toner economy mode (X)
Data processing resolution :
Fine (G)
Quick (Q)
Toner contrast (N) :
Double-sided mode :
One-sided printing (S)
Double-sided printing (D)
Binding width (B) :
2.0mm
(-30.0 ~ 30.0)
Binding direction :
Longitudinal (L)
Width (W)
EXPAND (E)...
PRINT ADJUST (C)...
OPERATION MODE (M)...
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 60

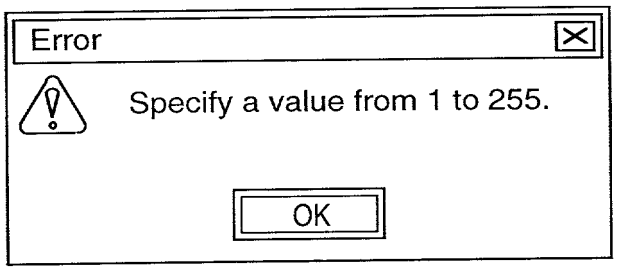


FIG. 61

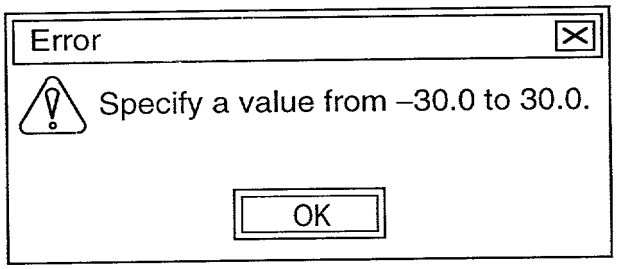


FIG. 62

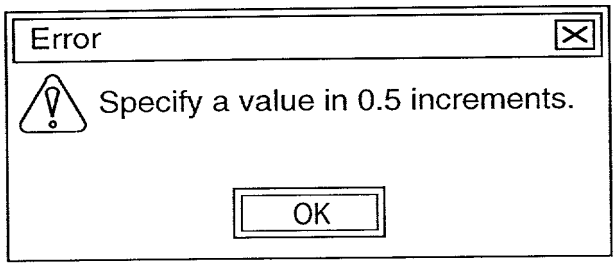


FIG. 63

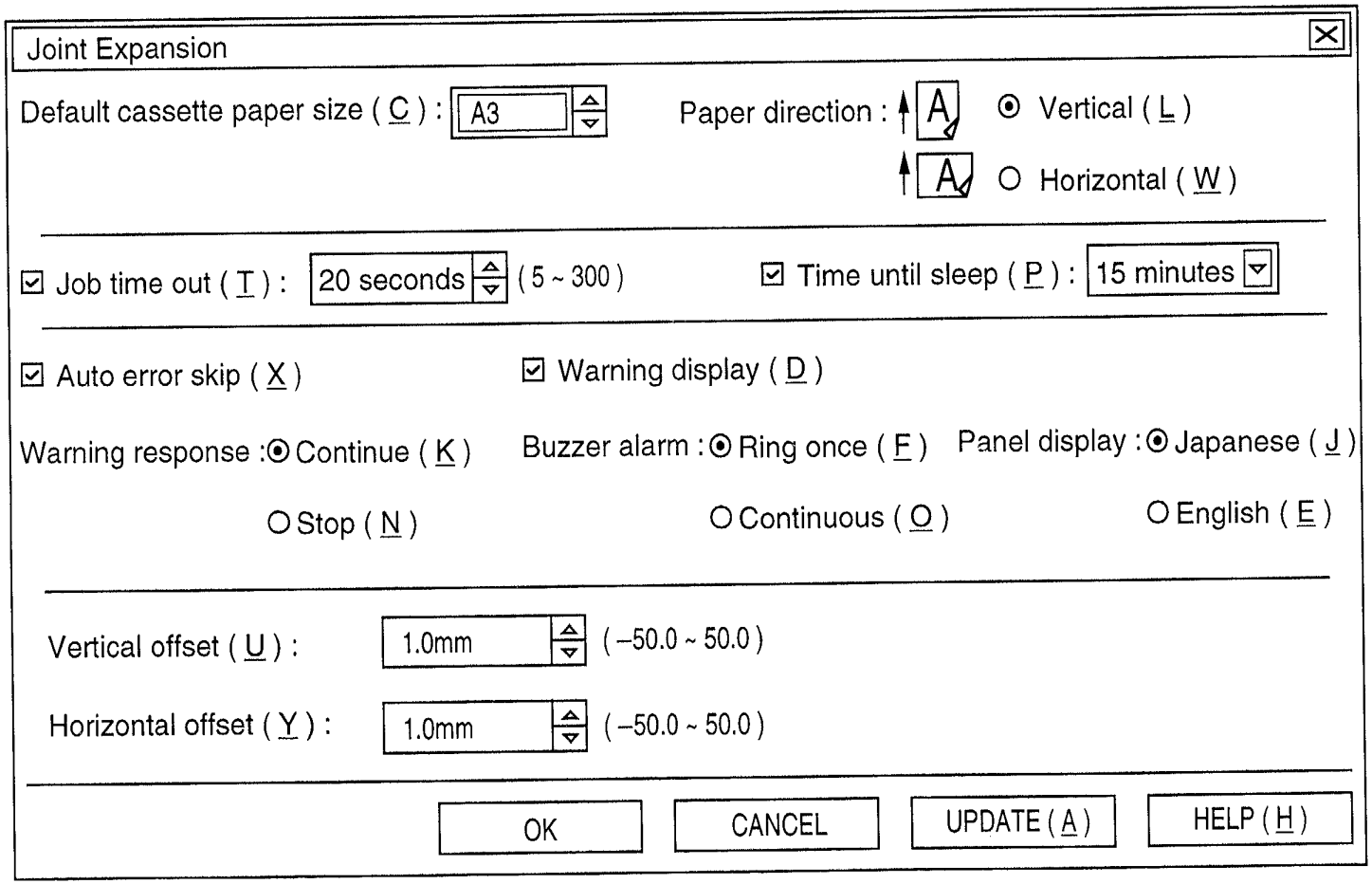

Joint Expansion
Default cassette paper size (C) : A3
Paper direction : A
Vertical (L)
A
Horizontal (W)
Job time out (T) : 20 seconds (5 ~ 300)
Time until sleep (P) : 15 minutes
Auto error skip (X)
Warning display (D)
Warning response : Continue (K)
Stop (N)
Buzzer alarm : Ring once (F)
Continuous (O)
Panel display : Japanese (J)
English (E)
Vertical offset (U) : 1.0mm (–50.0 ~ 50.0)
Horizontal offset (Y) : 1.0mm (–50.0 ~ 50.0)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 64

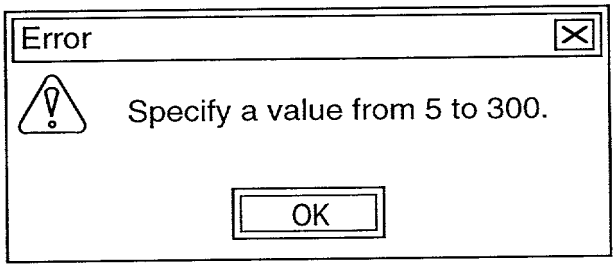


FIG. 65

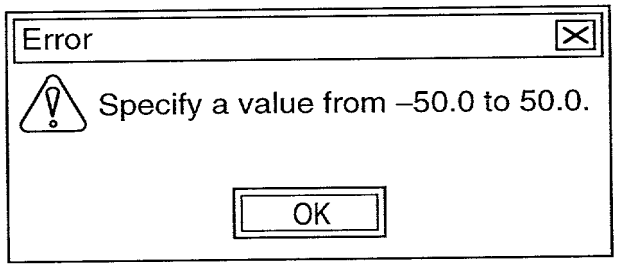


FIG. 66

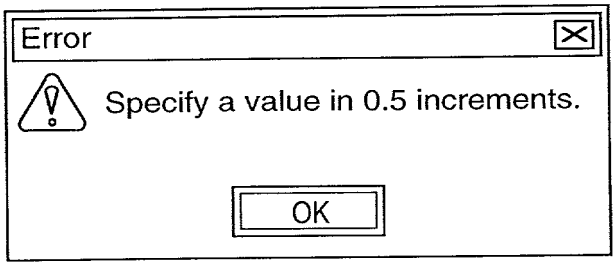


FIG. 67

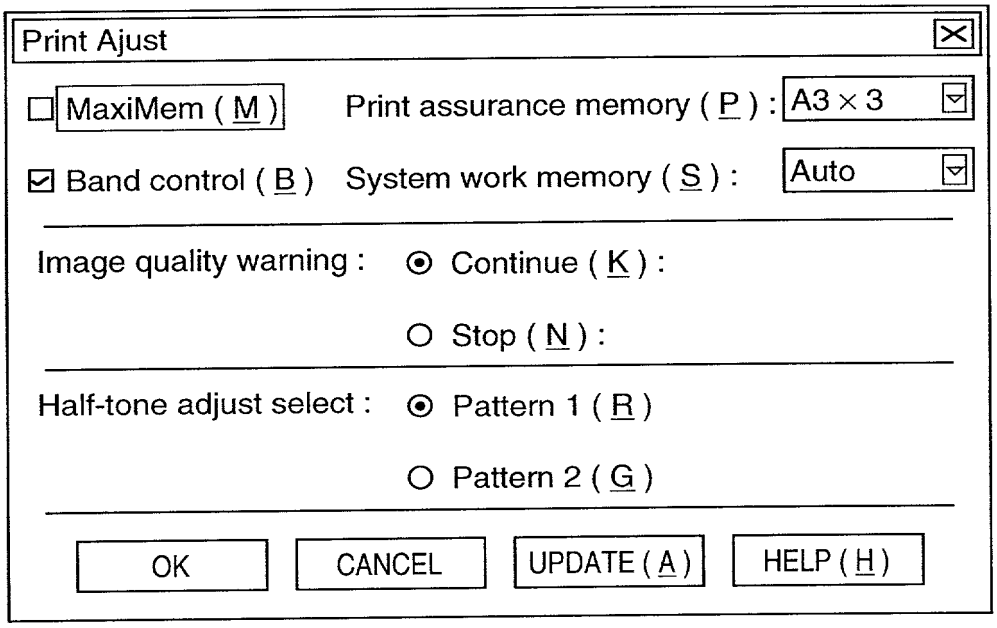

Print Ajust
MaxiMem (M)
Print assurance memory (P) :
A3 × 3
Band control (B)
System work memory (S) :
Auto
Image quality warning :
Continue (K) :
Stop (N) :
Half-tone adjust select :
Pattern 1 (R)
Pattern 2 (G)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 68

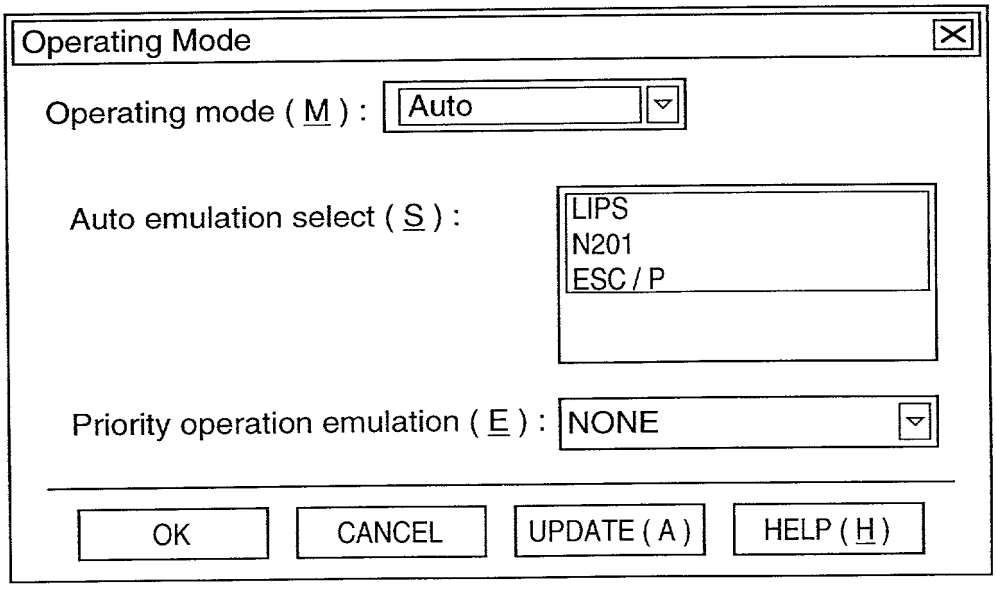

Operating Mode
Operating mode (M) :
Auto
Auto emulation select (S) :
LIPS
N201
ESC / P
Priority operation emulation (E) :
NONE
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 69

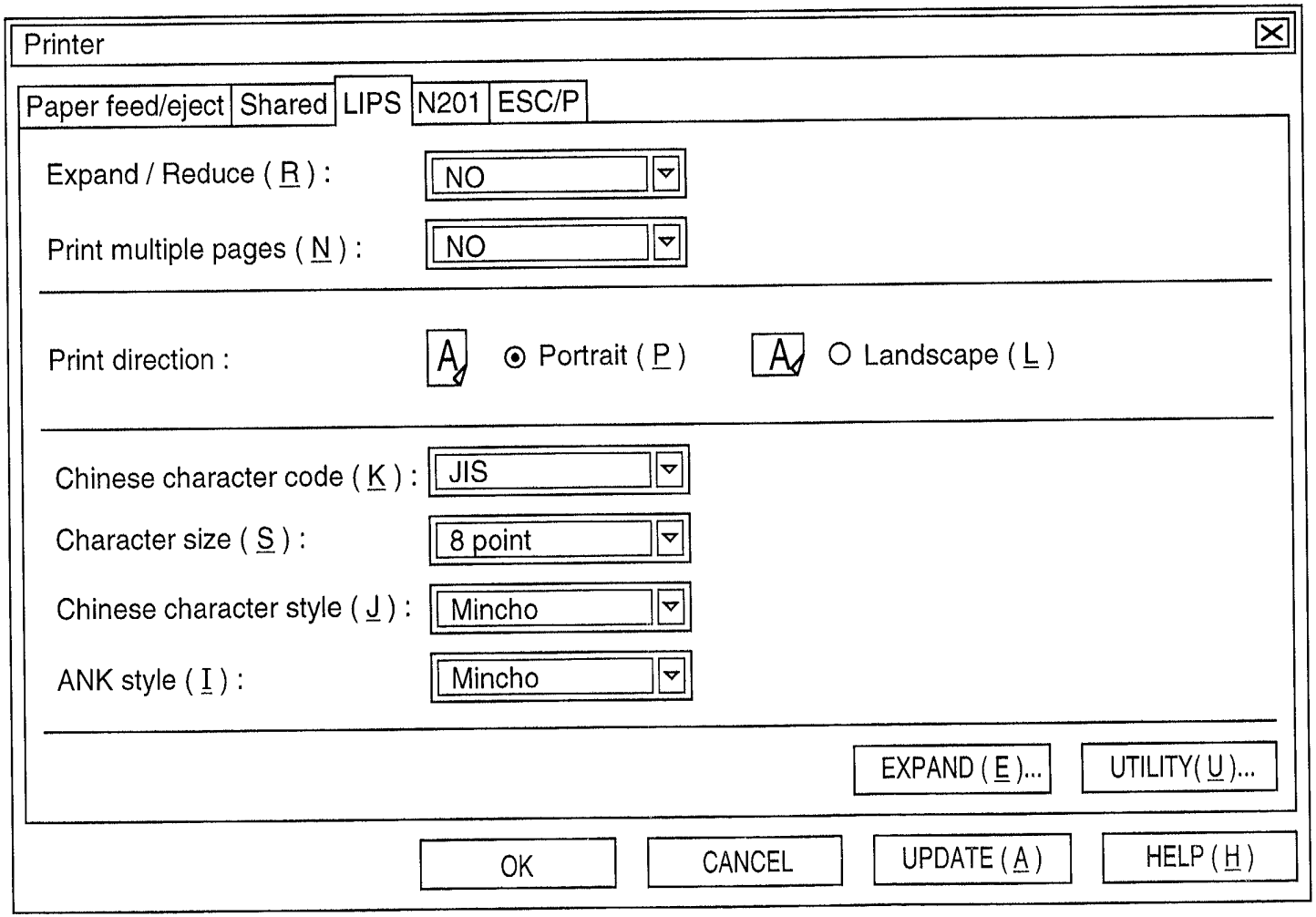

Printer
Paper feed/eject
Shared
LIPS
N201
ESC/P
Expand / Reduce (R) :
NO
Print multiple pages (N) :
NO
Print direction :
Portrait (P)
Landscape (L)
Chinese character code (K) :
JIS
Character size (S) :
8 point
Chinese character style (J) :
Mincho
ANK style (I) :
Mincho
EXPAND (E)...
UTILITY(U)...
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 70

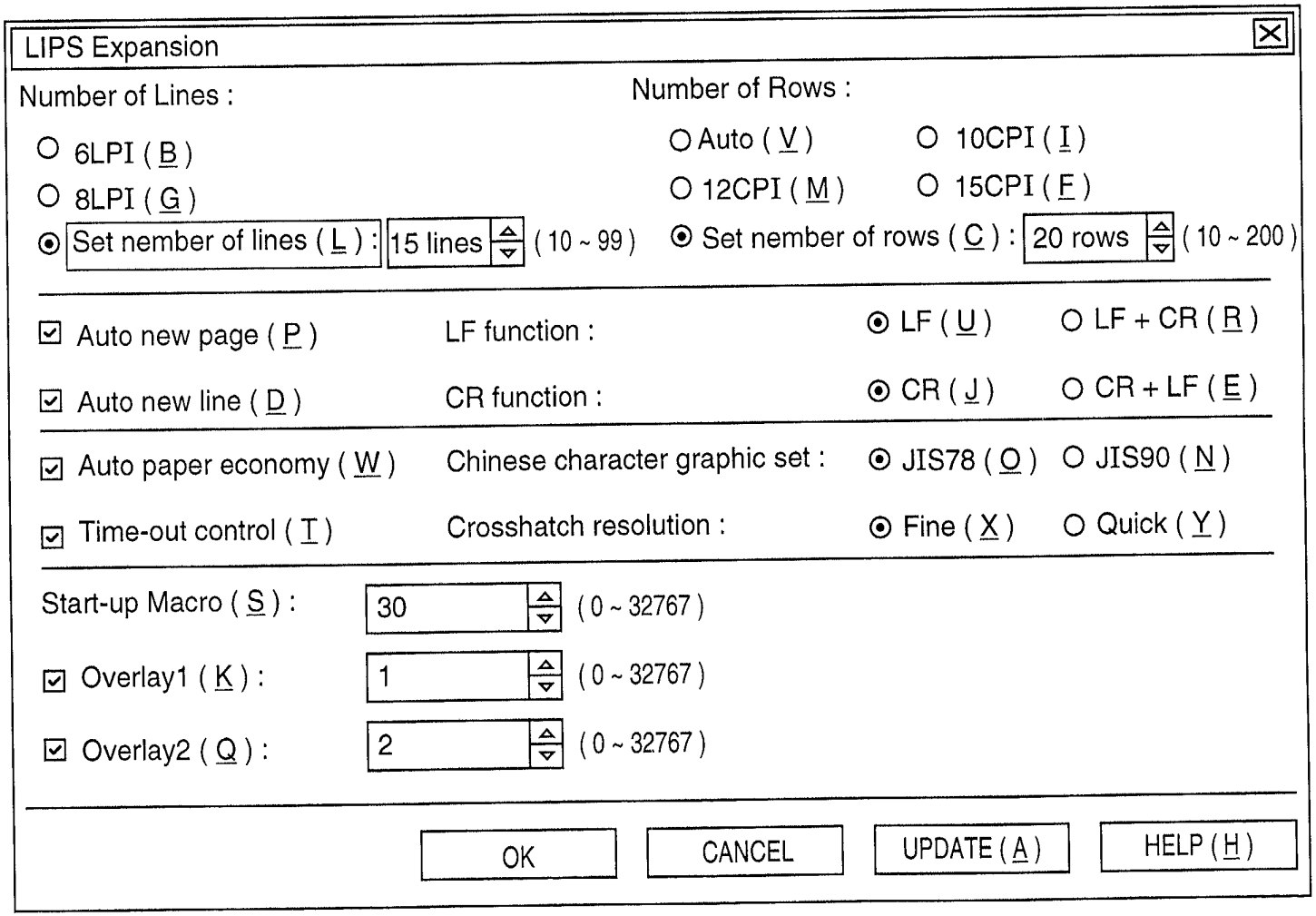

LIPS Expansion
Number of Lines :
6LPI (B)
8LPI (G)
Set nember of lines (L) : 15 lines (10 ~ 99)
Number of Rows :
Auto (V)
10CPI (I)
12CPI (M)
15CPI (F)
Set nember of rows (C) : 20 rows (10 ~ 200)
Auto new page (P)
Auto new line (D)
LF function :
LF (U)
LF + CR (R)
CR function :
CR (J)
CR + LF (E)
Auto paper economy (W)
Time-out control (T)
Chinese character graphic set :
JIS78 (O)
JIS90 (N)
Crosshatch resolution :
Fine (X)
Quick (Y)
Start-up Macro (S) : 30 (0 ~ 32767)
Overlay1 (K) : 1 (0 ~ 32767)
Overlay2 (Q) : 2 (0 ~ 32767)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 71

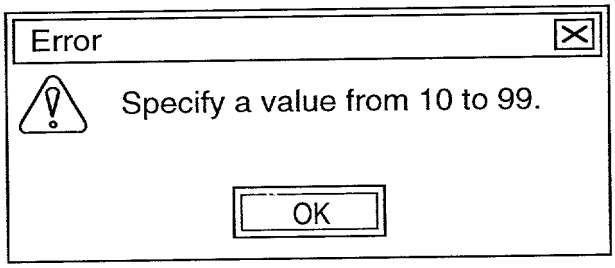

Error
Specify a value from 10 to 99.
OK

FIG. 72

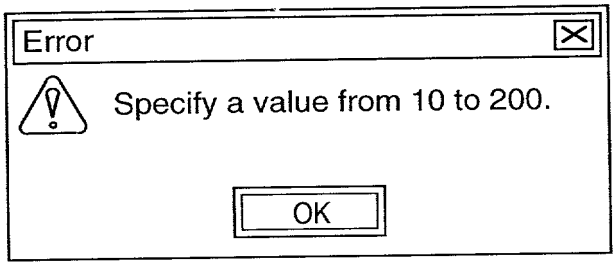

Error
Specify a value from 10 to 200.
OK

FIG. 73

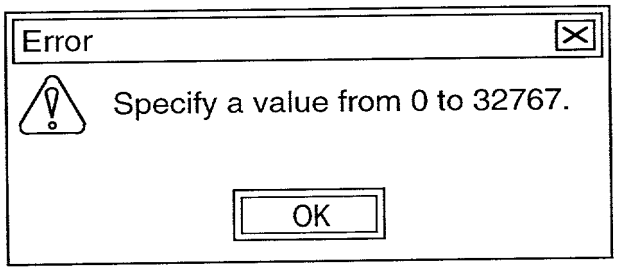


FIG. 74

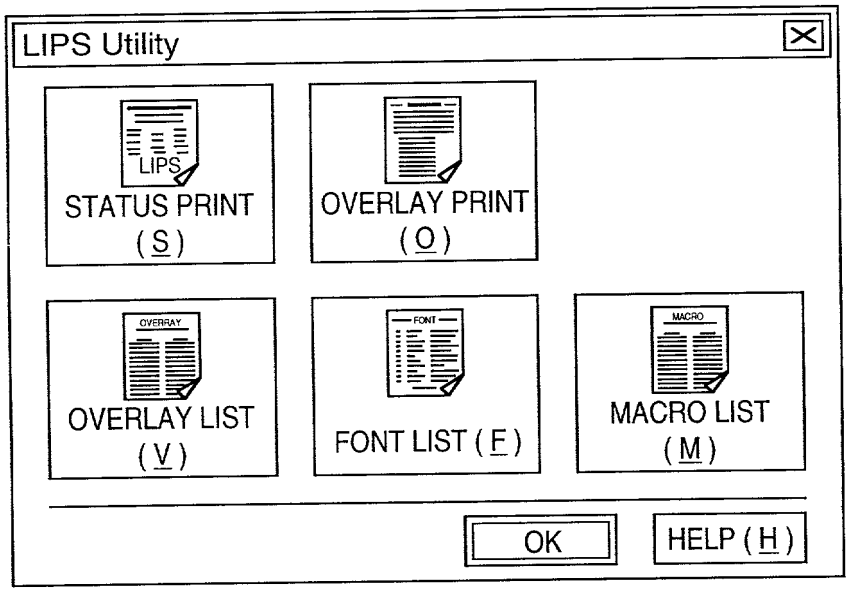


FIG. 75

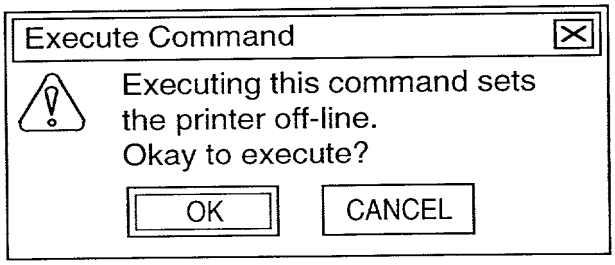


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FIG. 76

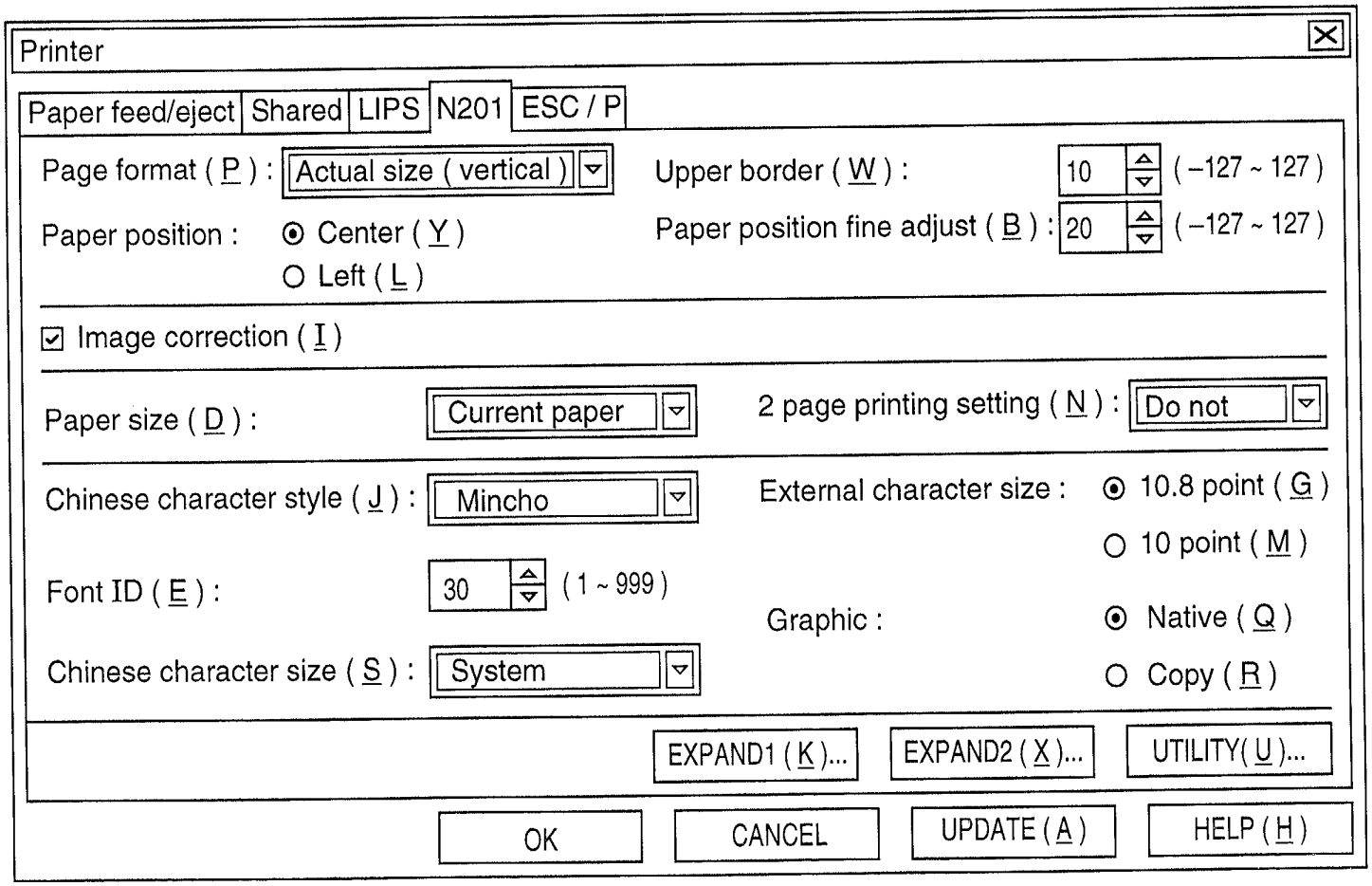
Printer
Paper feed/eject
Shared
LIPS
N201
ESC / P
Page format (P) :
Actual size (vertical)
Upper border (W) :
10
(–127 ~ 127)
Paper position :
Center (Y)
Left (L)
Paper position fine adjust (B) :
20
(–127 ~ 127)
Image correction (I)
Paper size (D) :
Current paper
2 page printing setting (N) :
Do not
Chinese character style (J) :
Mincho
External character size :
10.8 point (G)
10 point (M)
Font ID (E) :
30
(1 ~ 999)
Graphic :
Native (Q)
Copy (R)
Chinese character size (S) :
System
EXPAND1 (K)...
EXPAND2 (X)...
UTILITY(U)...
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 77

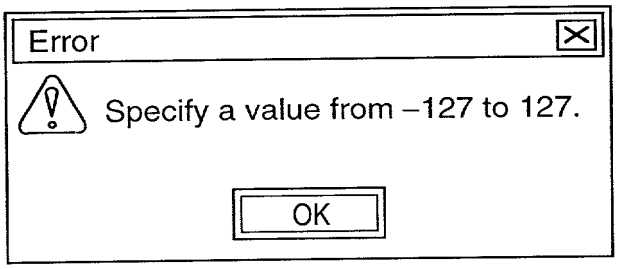

FIG. 78

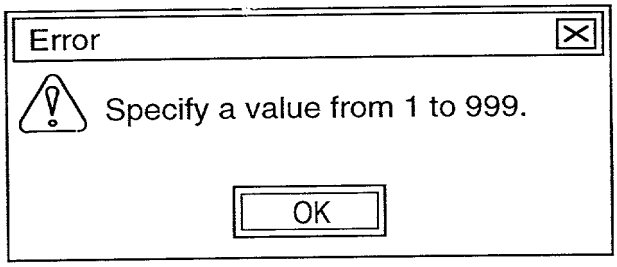

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FIG. 79

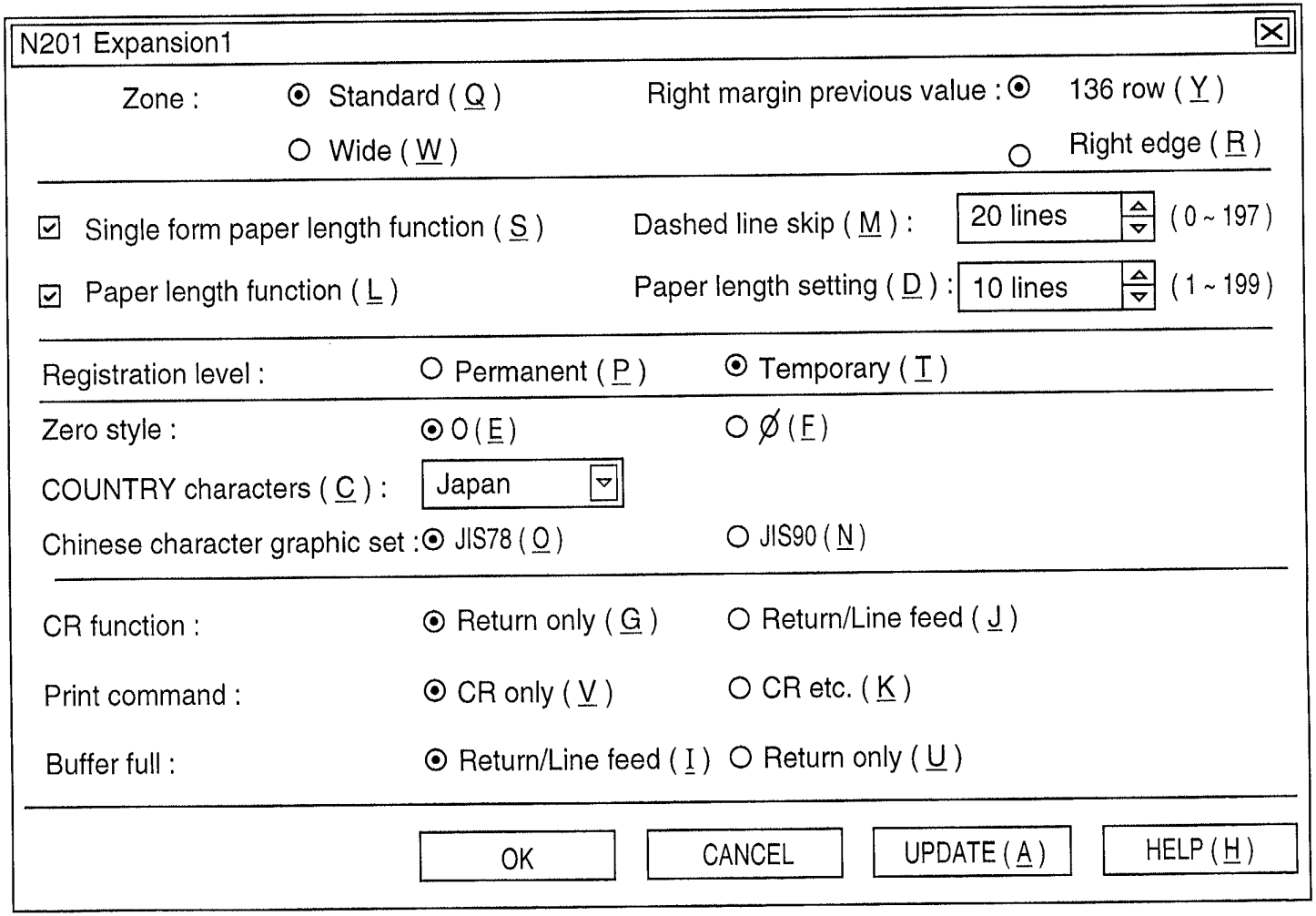
N201 Expansion1
Zone :
Standard (Q)
Wide (W)
Right margin previous value :
136 row (Y)
Right edge (R)
Single form paper length function (S)
Dashed line skip (M) :
20 lines
(0 ~ 197)
Paper length function (L)
Paper length setting (D) :
10 lines
(1 ~ 199)
Registration level :
Permanent (P)
Temporary (T)
Zero style :
0 (E)
Ø (F)
COUNTRY characters (C) :
Japan
Chinese character graphic set :
JIS78 (O)
JIS90 (N)
CR function :
Return only (G)
Return/Line feed (J)
Print command :
CR only (V)
CR etc. (K)
Buffer full :
Return/Line feed (I)
Return only (U)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 80

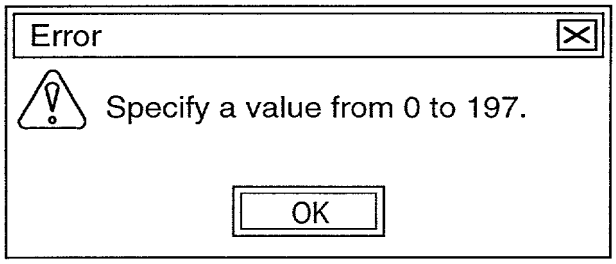
Error
Specify a value from 0 to 197.
OK

FIG. 81

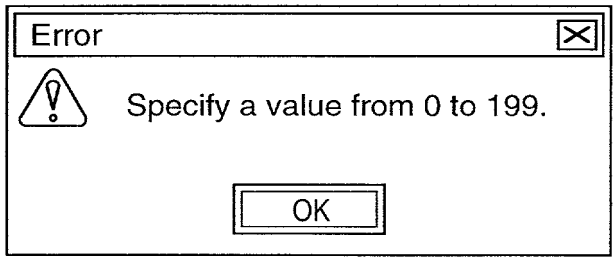
Error
Specify a value from 0 to 199.
OK

FIG. 82

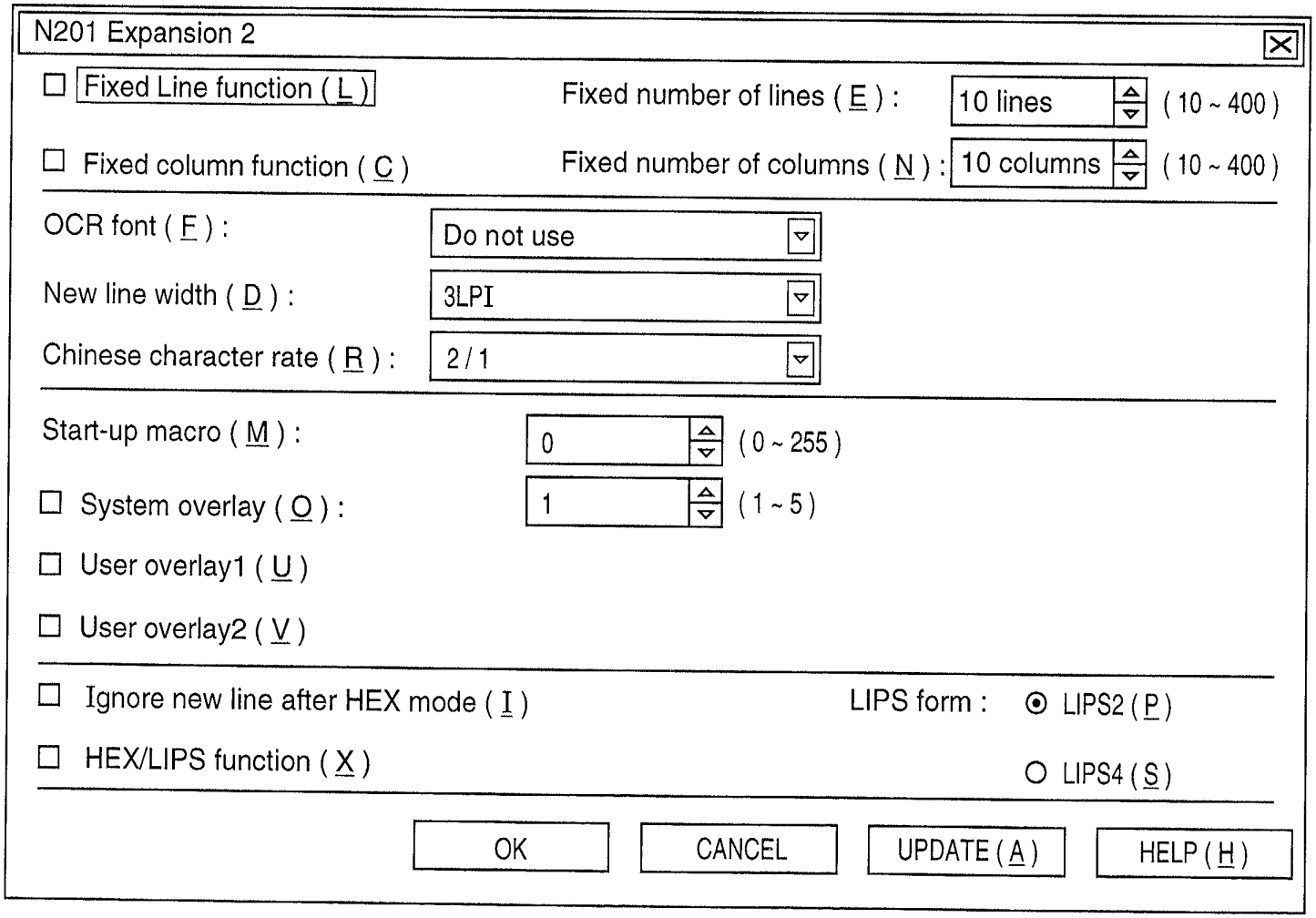
N201 Expansion 2
Fixed Line function (L)
Fixed number of lines (E) :
10 lines
(10 ~ 400)
Fixed column function (C)
Fixed number of columns (N) :
10 columns
(10 ~ 400)
OCR font (F) :
Do not use
New line width (D) :
3LPI
Chinese character rate (R) :
2 / 1
Start-up macro (M) :
0
(0 ~ 255)
System overlay (O) :
1
(1 ~ 5)
User overlay1 (U)
User overlay2 (V)
Ignore new line after HEX mode (I)
LIPS form :
LIPS2 (P)
HEX/LIPS function (X)
LIPS4 (S)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

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FIG. 83

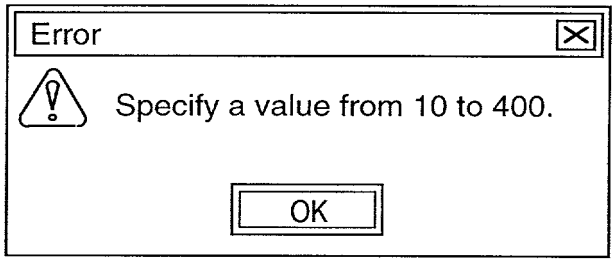

FIG. 84

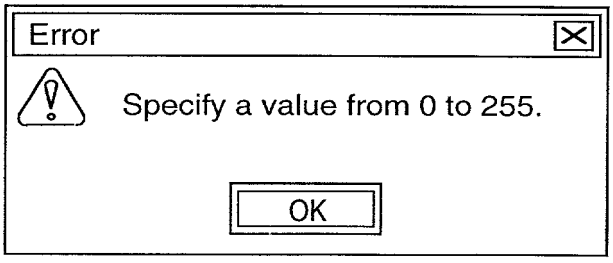

FIG. 85

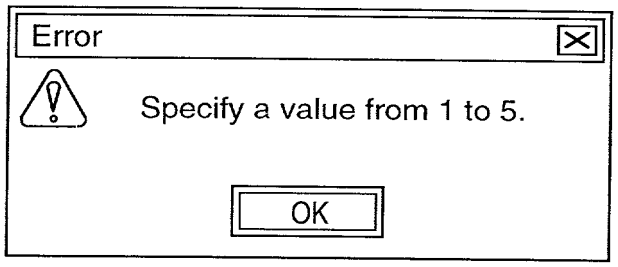

FIG. 86

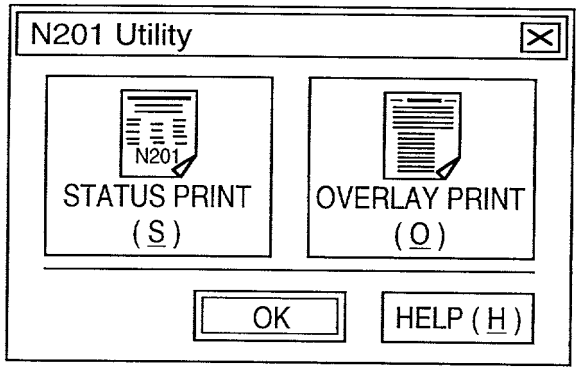

FIG. 87

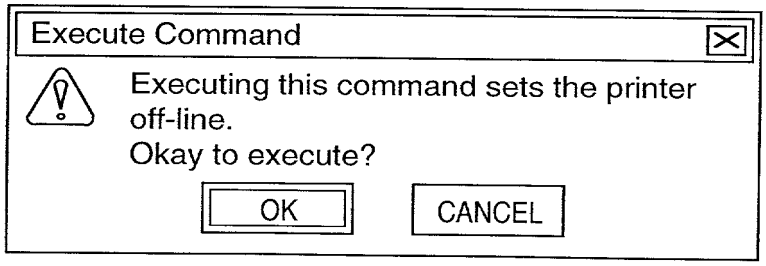

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FIG. 88

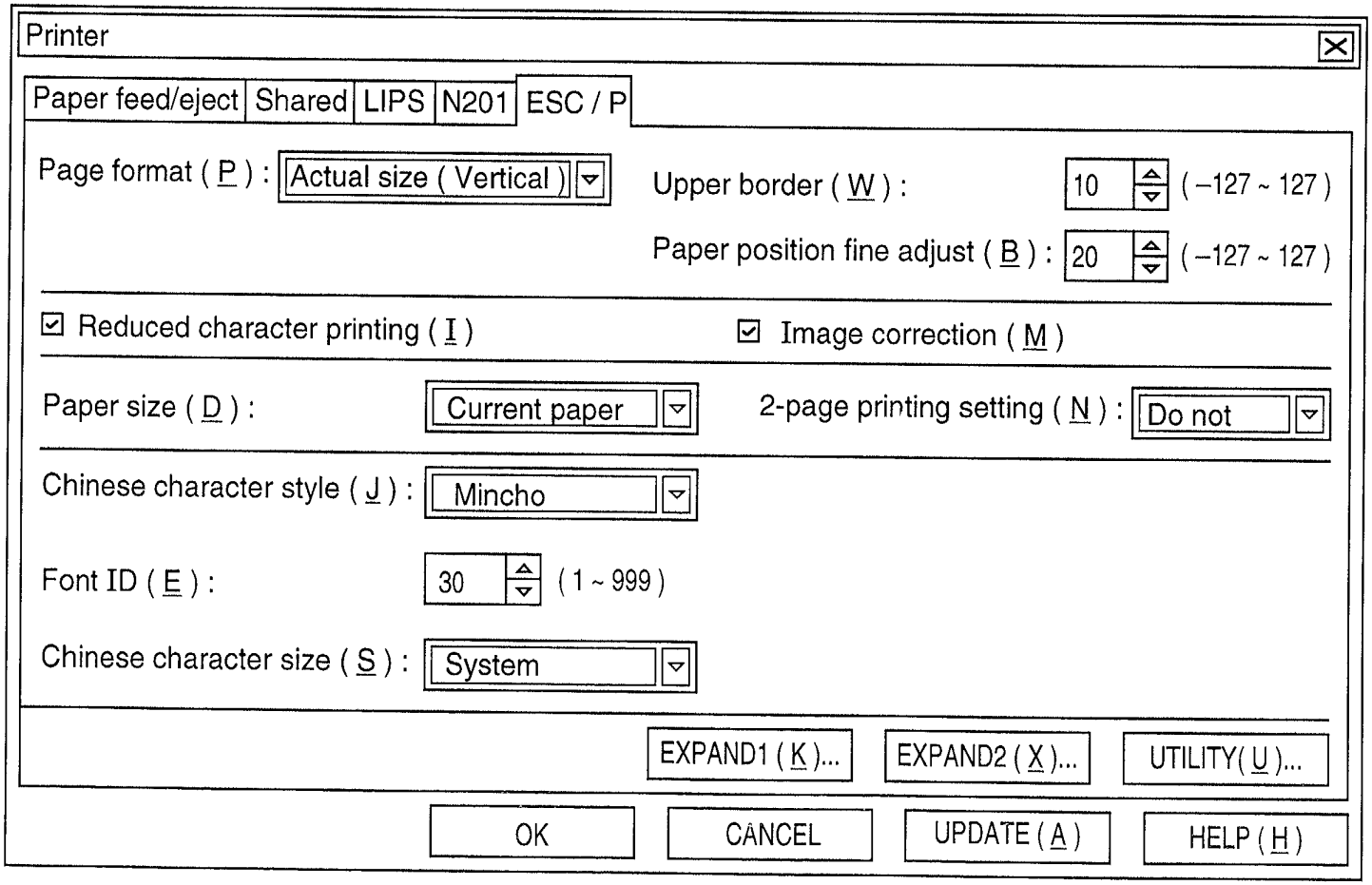
Printer
Paper feed/eject
Shared
LIPS
N201
ESC / P
Page format (P) :
Actual size (Vertical)
Upper border (W) :
10
(–127 ~ 127)
Paper position fine adjust (B) :
20
(–127 ~ 127)
Reduced character printing (I)
Image correction (M)
Paper size (D) :
Current paper
2-page printing setting (N) :
Do not
Chinese character style (J) :
Mincho
Font ID (E) :
30
(1 ~ 999)
Chinese character size (S) :
System
EXPAND1 (K)...
EXPAND2 (X)...
UTILITY(U)...
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 89

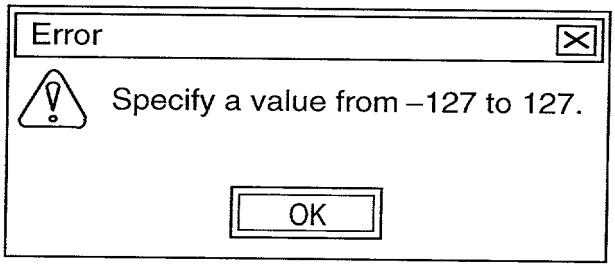
Error
Specify a value from –127 to 127.
OK

FIG. 90

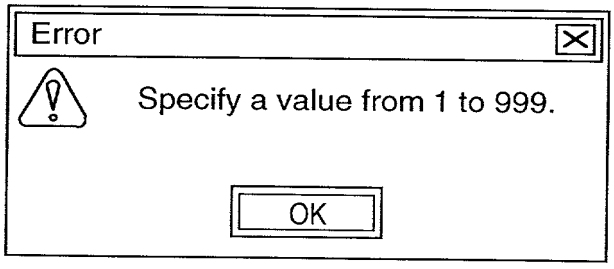
Error
Specify a value from 1 to 999.
OK

FIG. 91

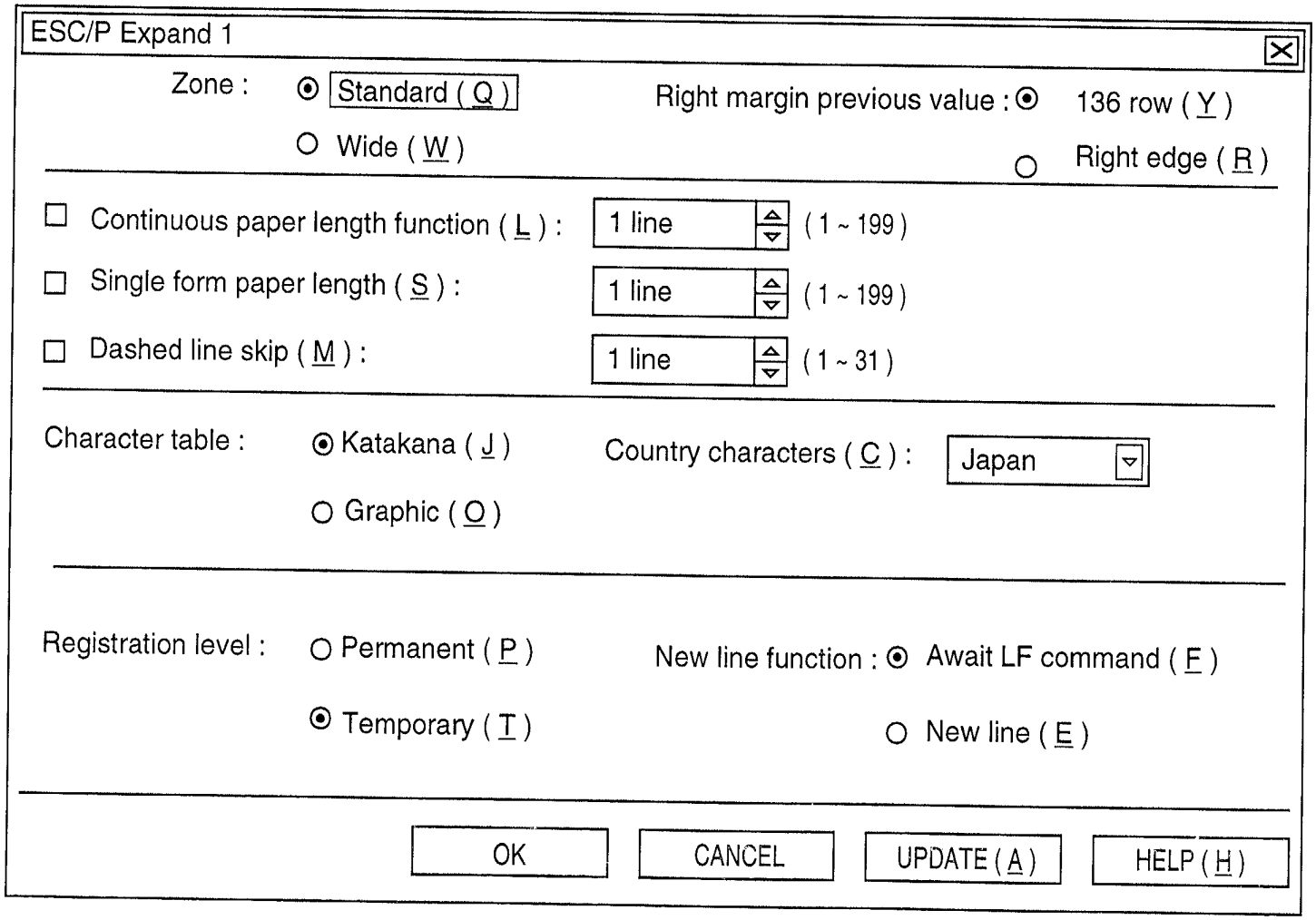
ESC/P Expand 1
Zone :
Standard (Q)
Wide (W)
Right margin previous value :
136 row (Y)
Right edge (R)
Continuous paper length function (L) :
1 line
(1 ~ 199)
Single form paper length (S) :
1 line
(1 ~ 199)
Dashed line skip (M) :
1 line
(1 ~ 31)
Character table :
Katakana (J)
Graphic (O)
Country characters (C) :
Japan
Registration level :
Permanent (P)
Temporary (T)
New line function :
Await LF command (F)
New line (E)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 92

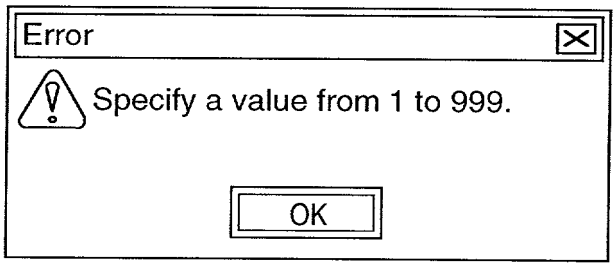
Error
Specify a value from 1 to 999.
OK

FIG. 93

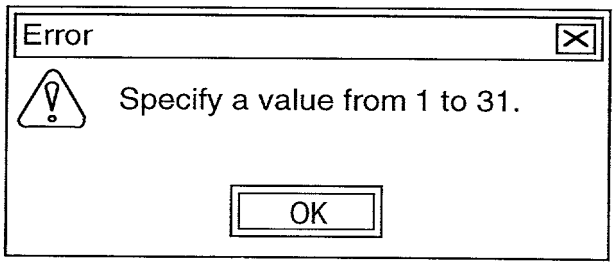
Error
Specify a value from 1 to 31.
OK

FIG. 94

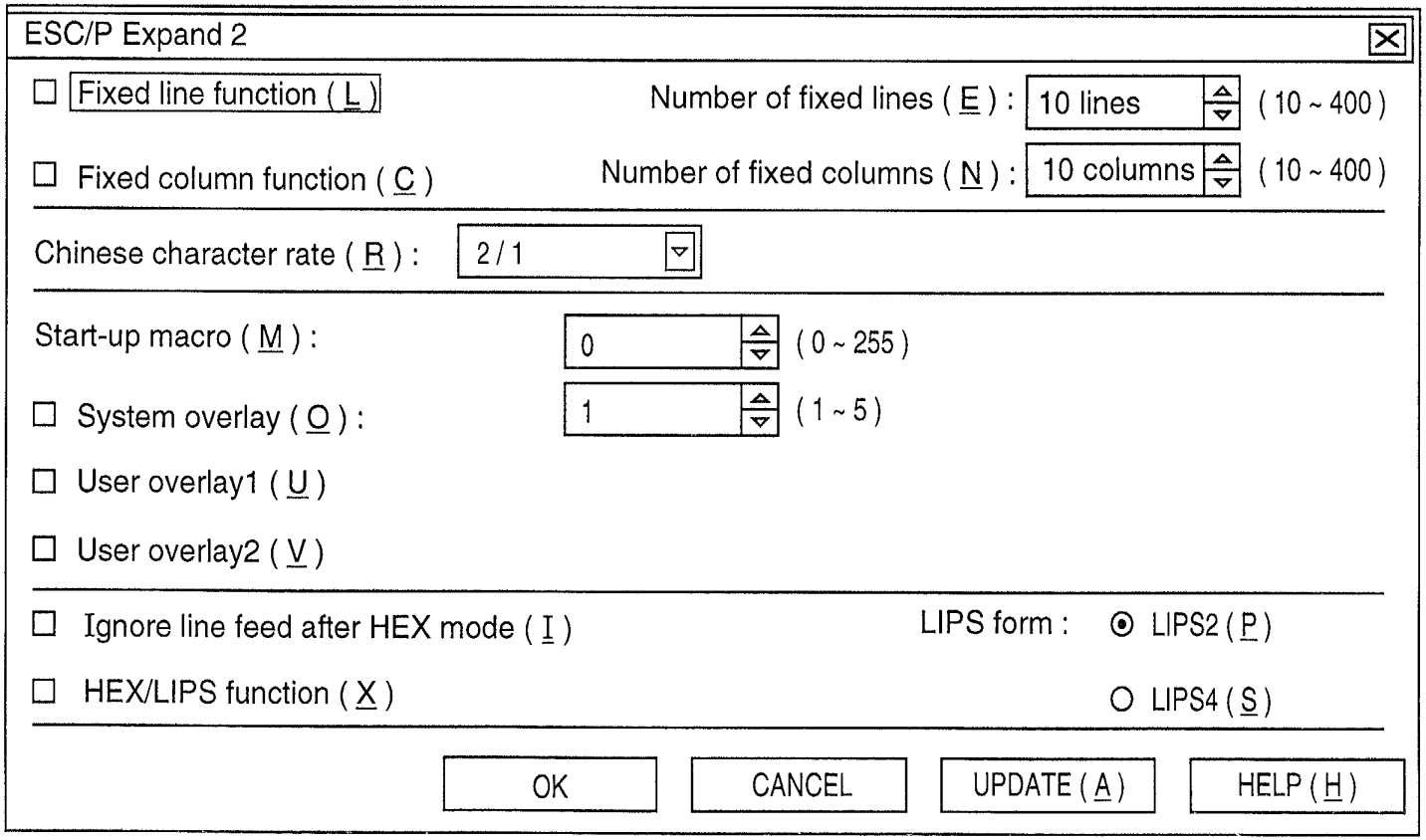
ESC/P Expand 2
Fixed line function (L)
Number of fixed lines (E) :
10 lines
(10 ~ 400)
Fixed column function (C)
Number of fixed columns (N) :
10 columns
(10 ~ 400)
Chinese character rate (R) :
2 / 1
Start-up macro (M) :
0
(0 ~ 255)
System overlay (O) :
1
(1 ~ 5)
User overlay1 (U)
User overlay2 (V)
Ignore line feed after HEX mode (I)
LIPS form :
LIPS2 (P)
HEX/LIPS function (X)
LIPS4 (S)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 95

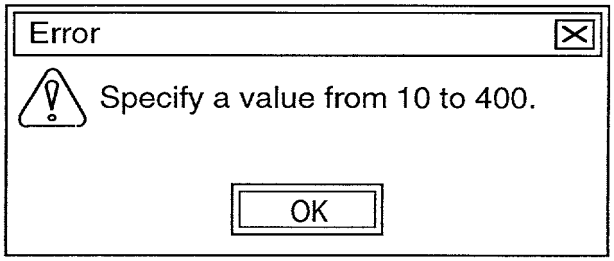

FIG. 96

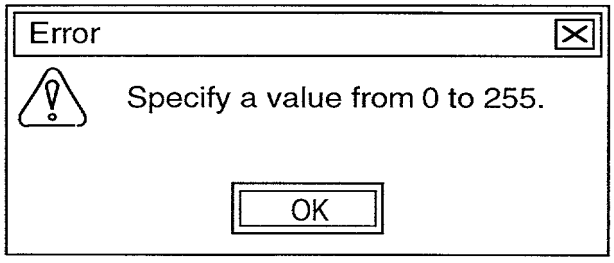

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FIG. 97

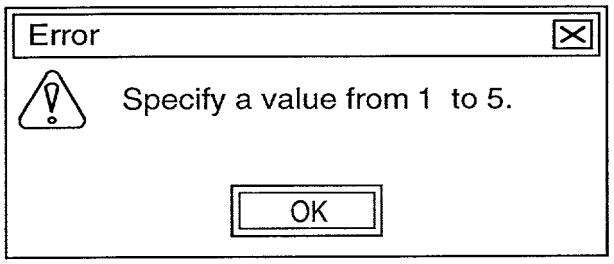

FIG. 98

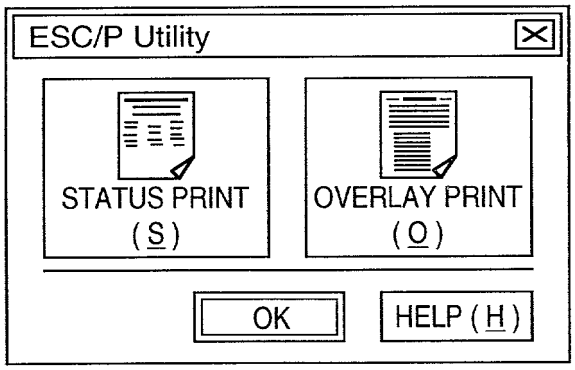

FIG. 99

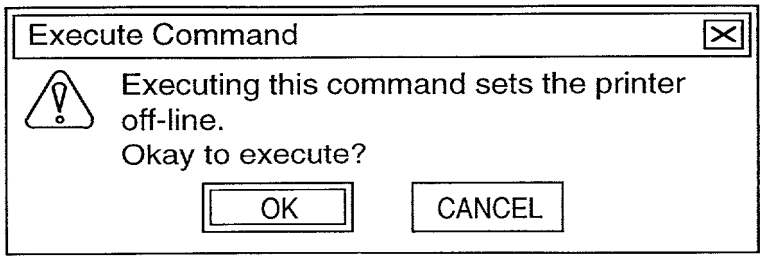

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FIG. 100

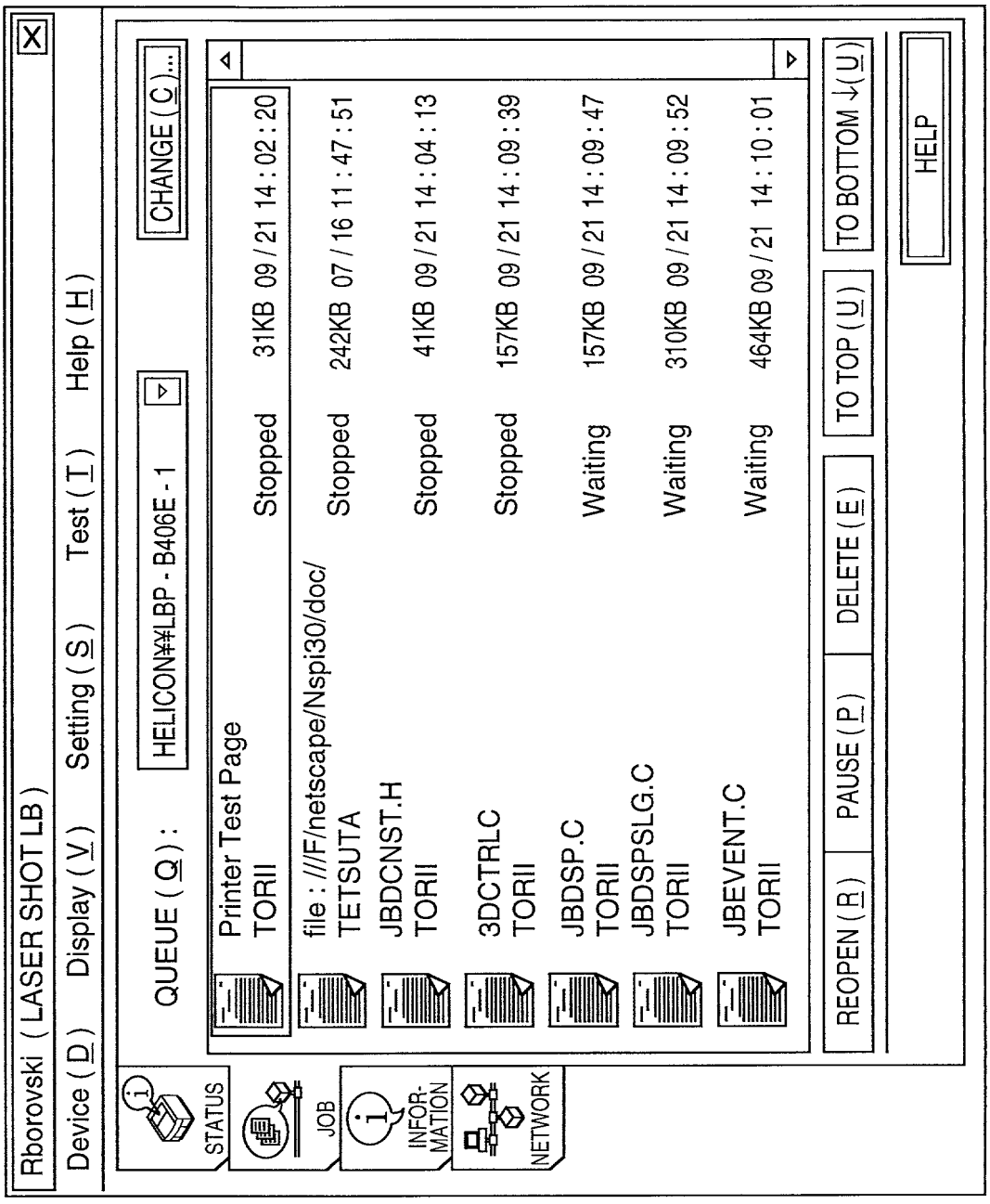

FIG. 101

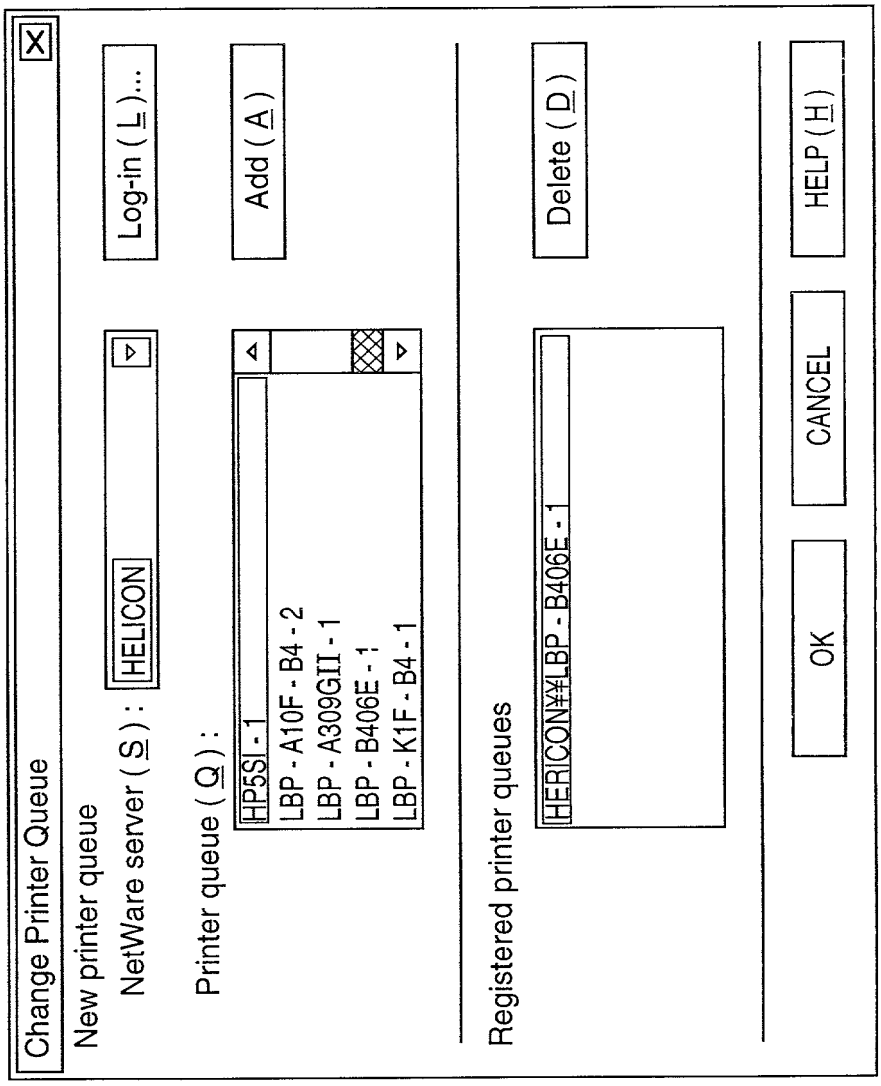
Change Printer Queue
New printer queue
NetWare server (S) :
HELICON
Log-in (L)...
Printer queue (Q) :
HP5SI - 1
LBP - A10F - B4 - 2
LBP - A309GII - 1
LBP - B406E - 1
LBP - K1F - B4 - 1
Add (A)
Registered printer queues
HERICON¥¥LBP - B406E - 1
Delete (D)
OK
CANCEL
HELP (H)

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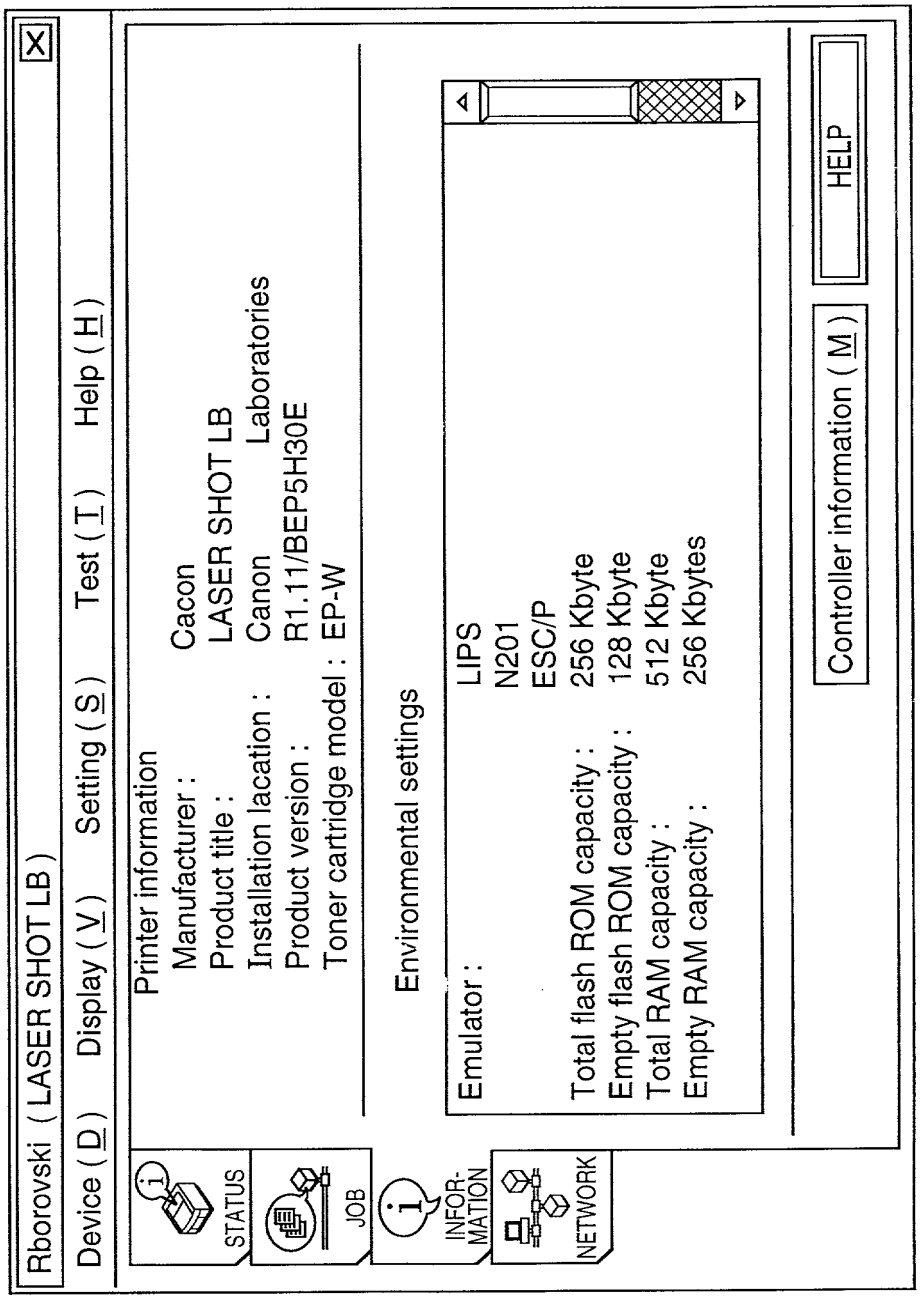
FIG. 102



EP 0 952 552 A2 99/43/EP 1069

FIG. 103

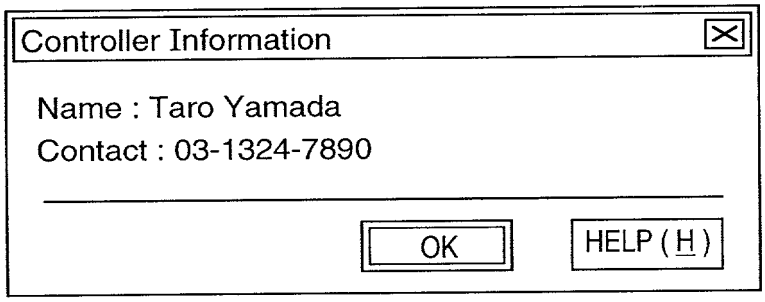


FIG. 104

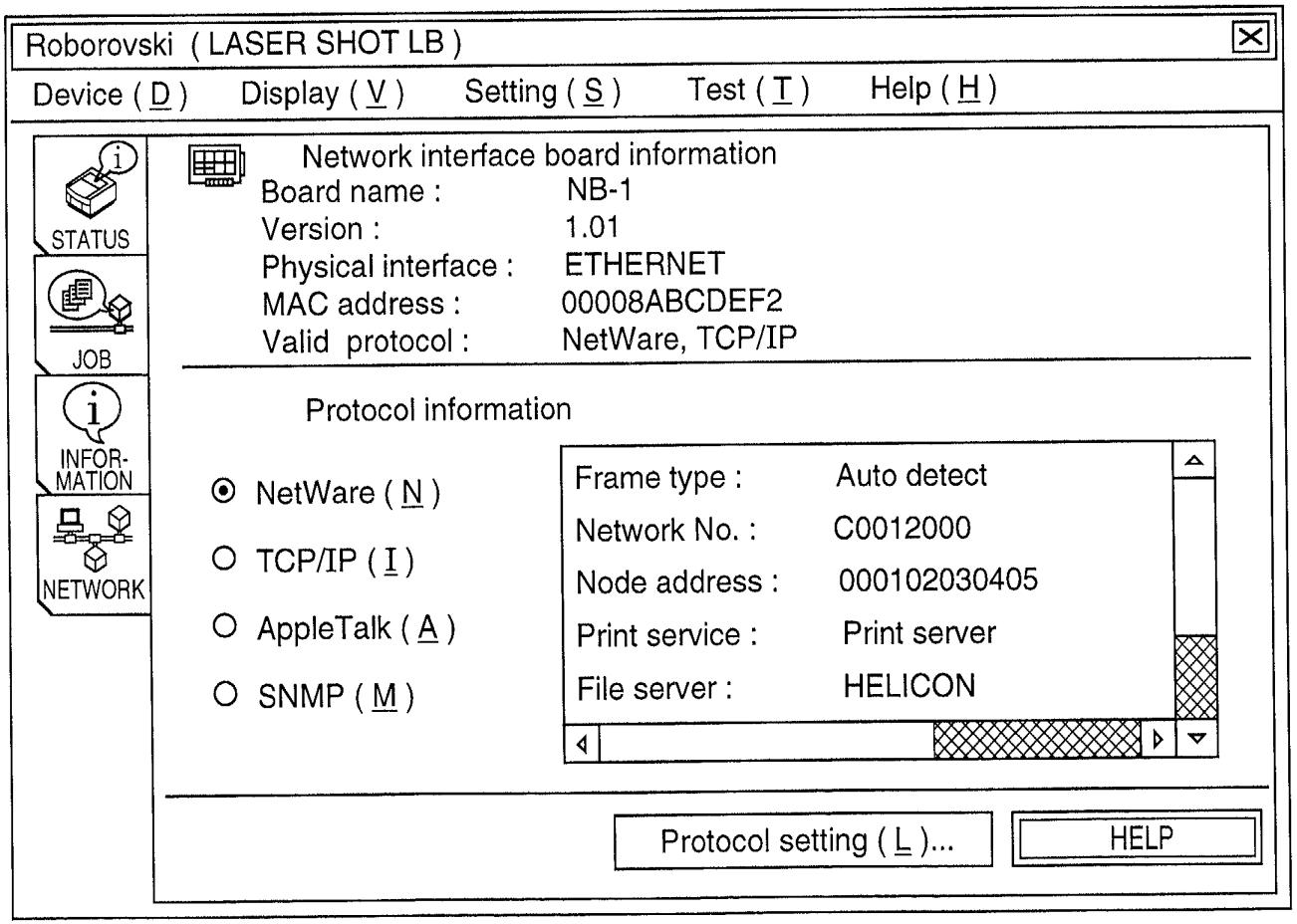

Roborovski (LASER SHOT LB)
Device (D)
Display (V)
Setting (S)
Test (T)
Help (H)
STATUS
JOB
INFOR-MATION
NETWORK
Network interface board information
Board name : NB-1
Version : 1.01
Physical interface : ETHERNET
MAC address : 00008ABCDEF2
Valid protocol : NetWare, TCP/IP
Protocol information
NetWare (N)
TCP/IP (I)
AppleTalk (A)
SNMP (M)
Frame type : Auto detect
Network No. : C0012000
Node address : 000102030405
Print service : Print server
File server : HELICON
Protocol setting (L)...
HELP

FIG. 105

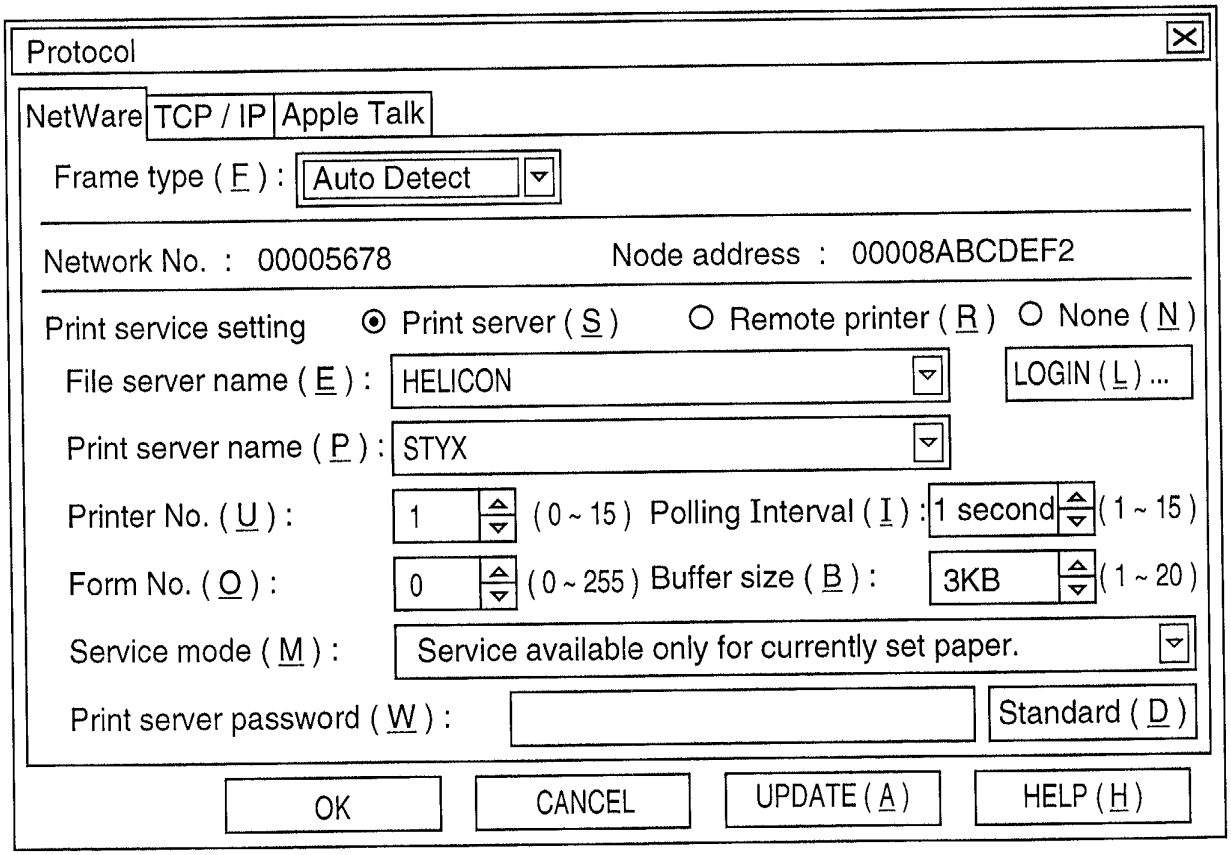

Protocol
NetWare
TCP / IP
Apple Talk
Frame type (F) :
Auto Detect
Network No. : 00005678
Node address : 00008ABCDEF2
Print service setting
Print server (S)
Remote printer (R)
None (N)
File server name (E) :
HELICON
LOGIN (L) ...
Print server name (P) :
STYX
Printer No. (U) :
1
(0 ~ 15)
Polling Interval (I) :
1 second
(1 ~ 15)
Form No. (O) :
0
(0 ~ 255)
Buffer size (B) :
3KB
(1 ~ 20)
Service mode (M) :
Service available only for currently set paper.
Print server password (W) :
Standard (D)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 106

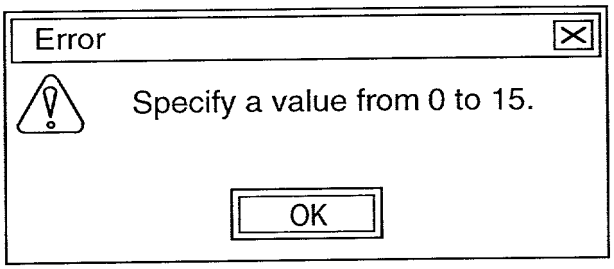


FIG. 107

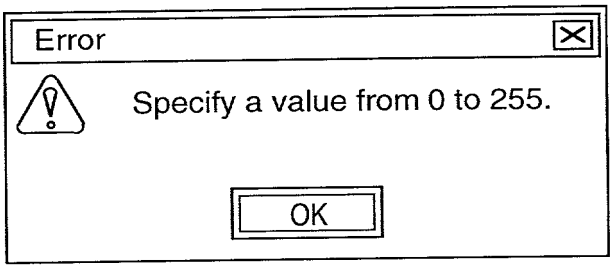


FIG. 108

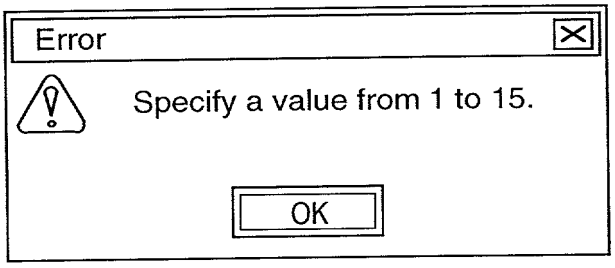


FIG. 109

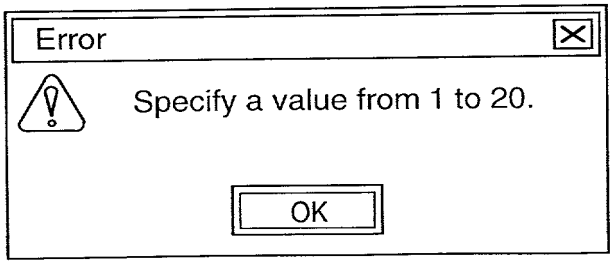


FIG. 110

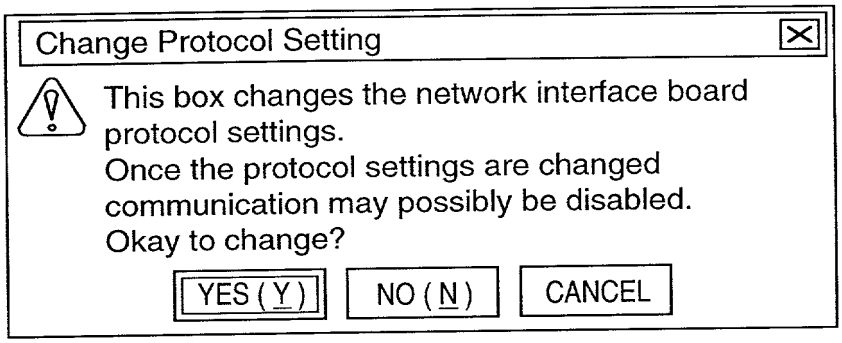


FIG. 111

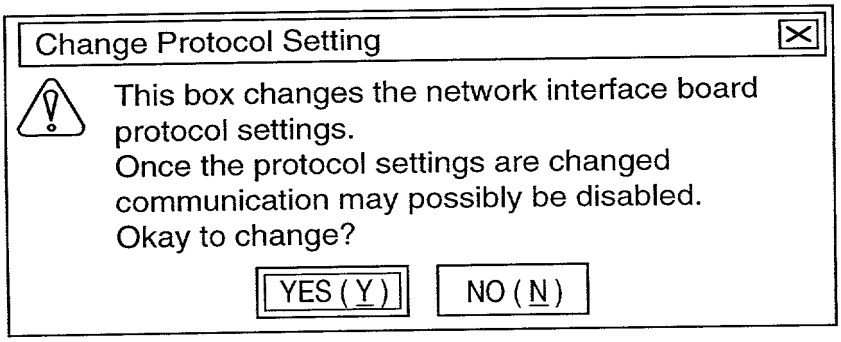


FIG. 112

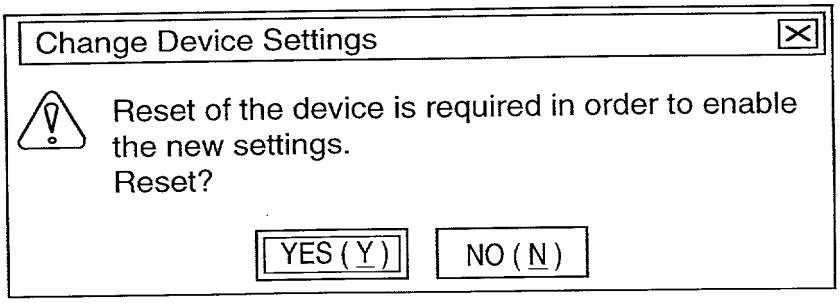


FIG. 113

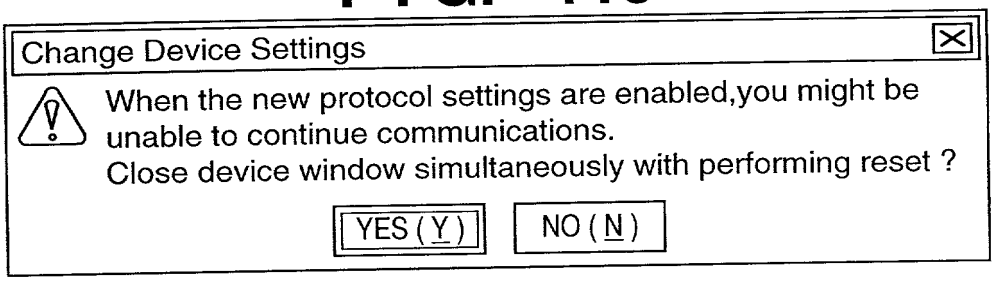

Change Device Settings
When the new protocol settings are enabled,you might be unable to continue communications.
Close device window simultaneously with performing reset ?
YES (Y)
NO (N)

FIG. 114

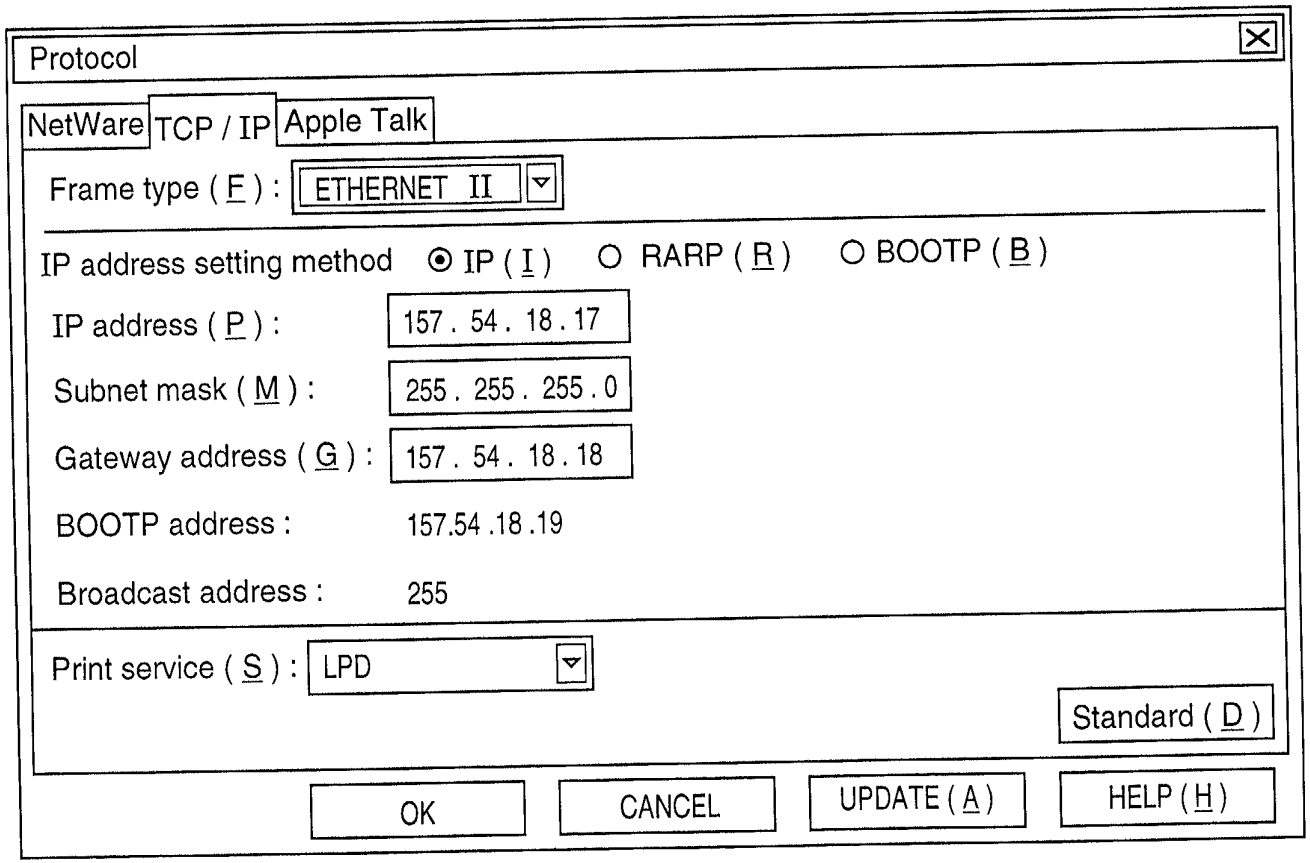

Protocol
NetWare
TCP / IP
Apple Talk
Frame type (F) :
ETHERNET II
IP address setting method
IP (I)
RARP (R)
BOOTP (B)
IP address (P) :
157 . 54 . 18 . 17
Subnet mask (M) :
255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Gateway address (G) :
157 . 54 . 18 . 18
BOOTP address :
157.54 .18 .19
Broadcast address :
255
Print service (S) :
LPD
Standard (D)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 115

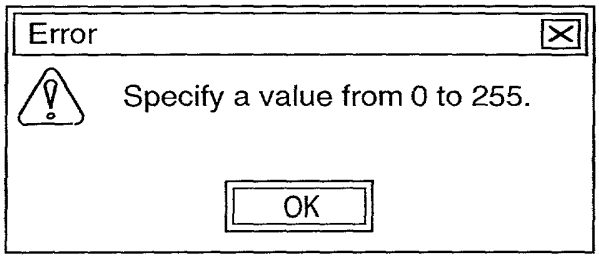


FIG. 116

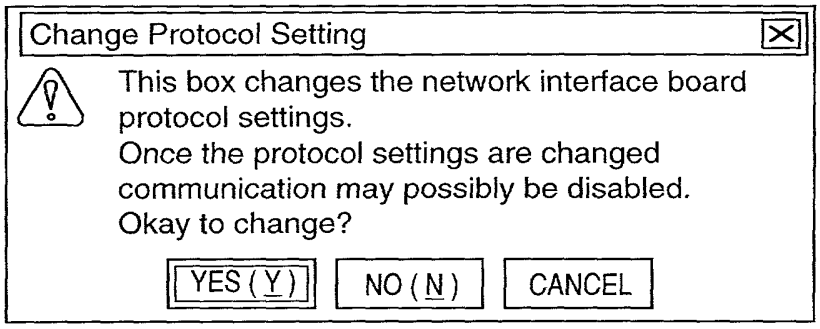


FIG. 117

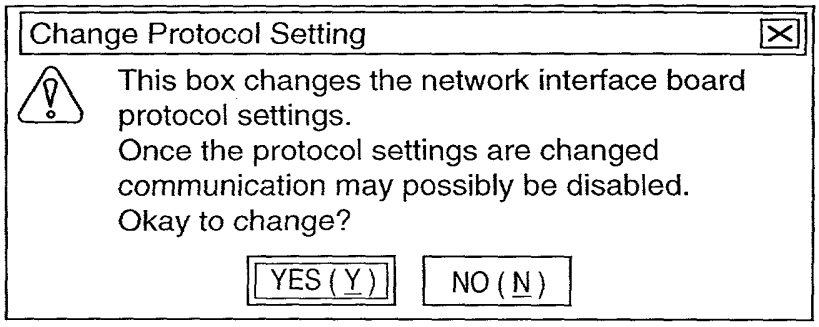


FIG. 118

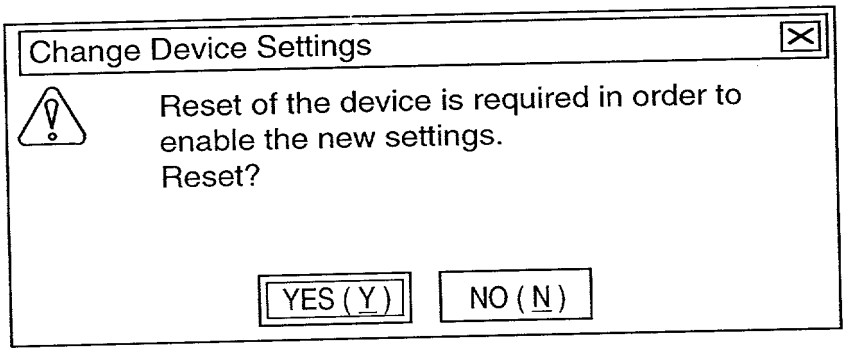


FIG. 119

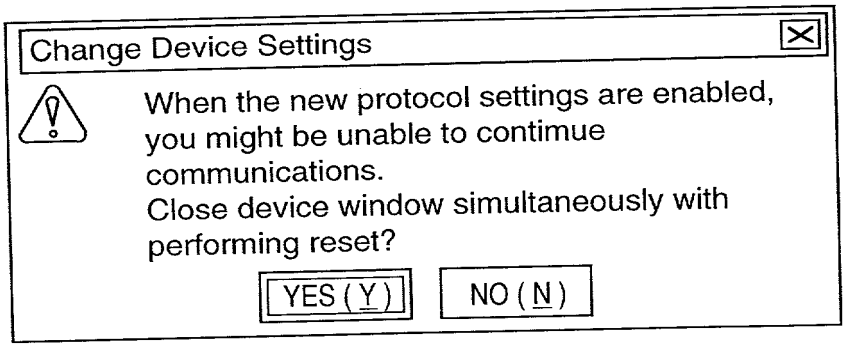


FIG. 120

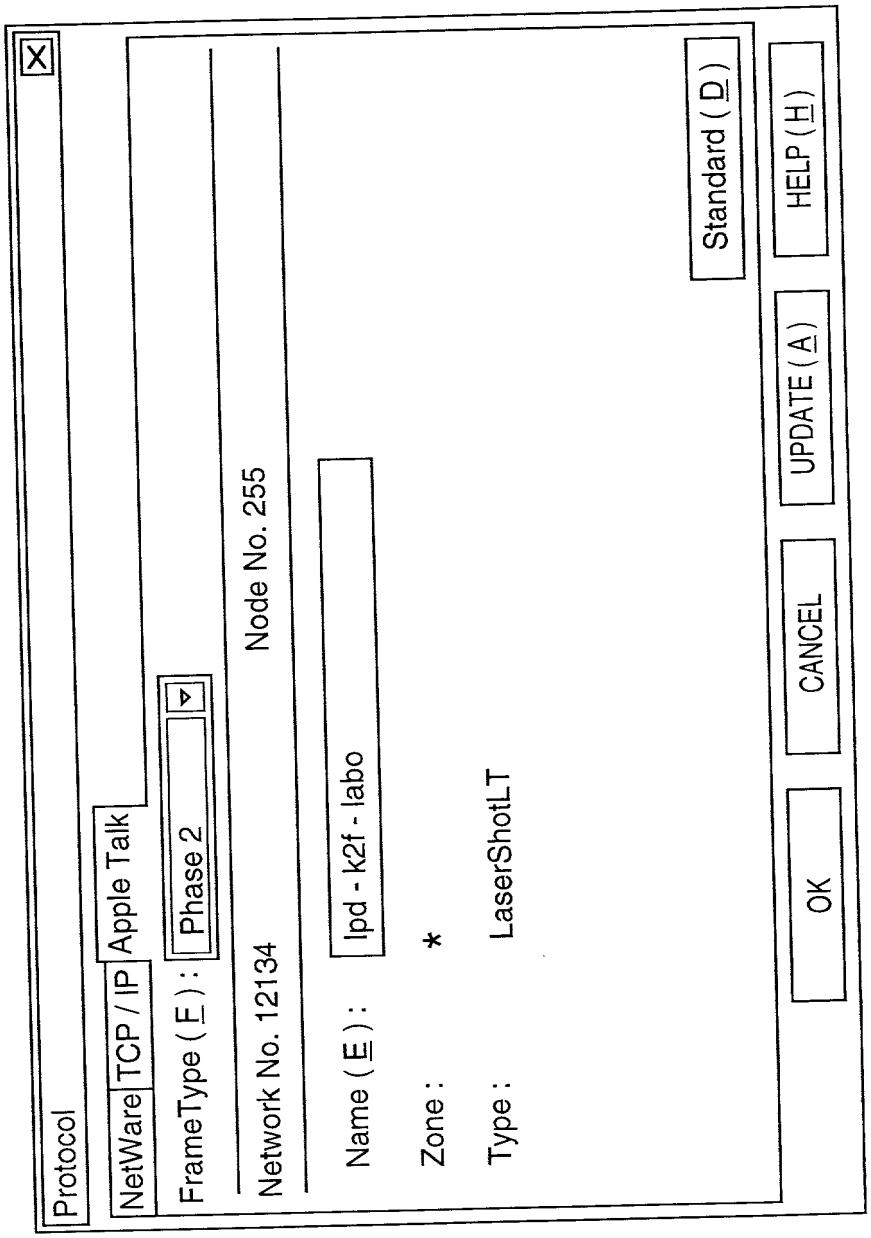

Protocol
NetWare
TCP / IP
Apple Talk
FrameType (F) :
Phase 2
Network No. 12134
Node No. 255
Name (E) :
lpd - k2f - labo
Zone :
*
Type :
LaserShotLT
Standard (D)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 121

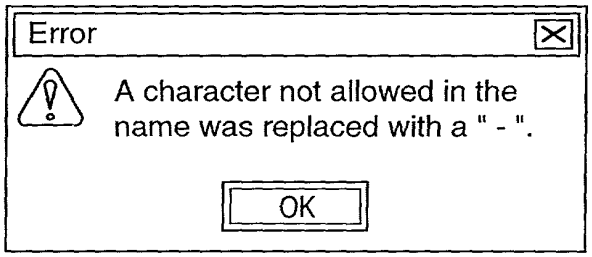


FIG. 122

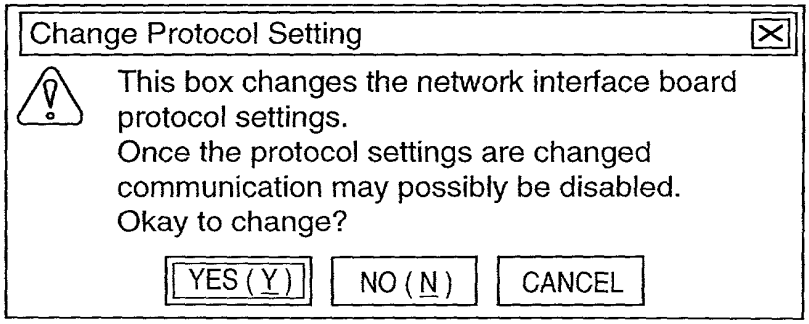


FIG. 123

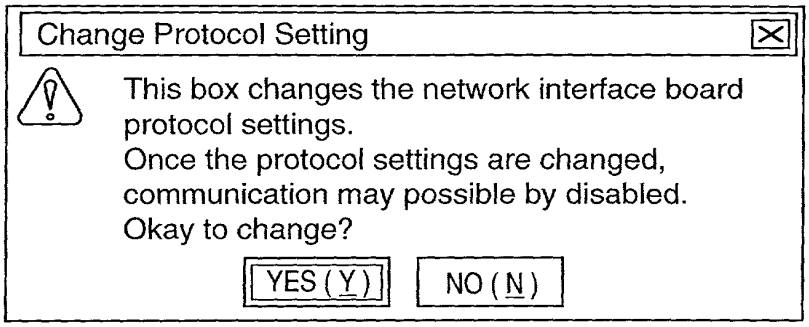


FIG. 124

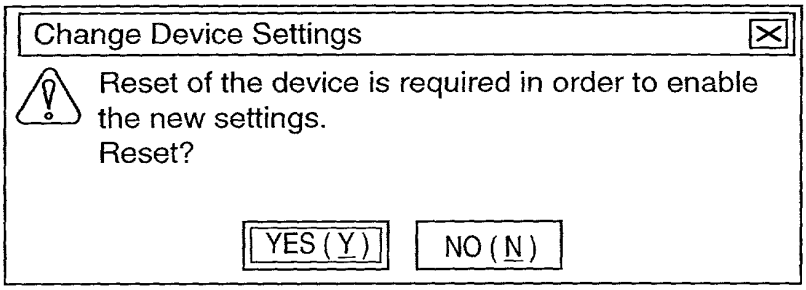


FIG. 125

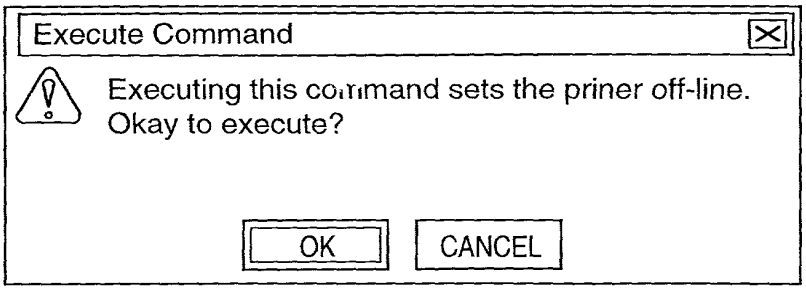


FIG. 126

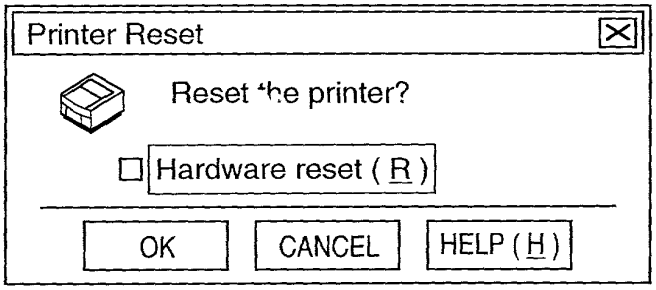


FIG. 127

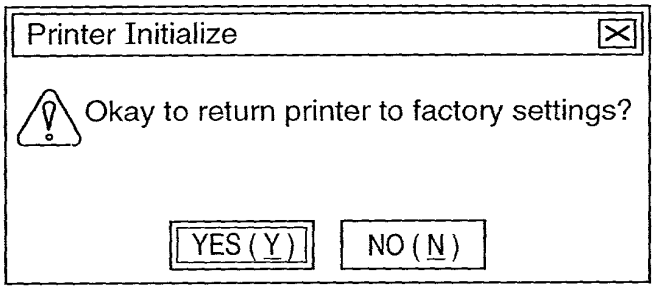


FIG. 128

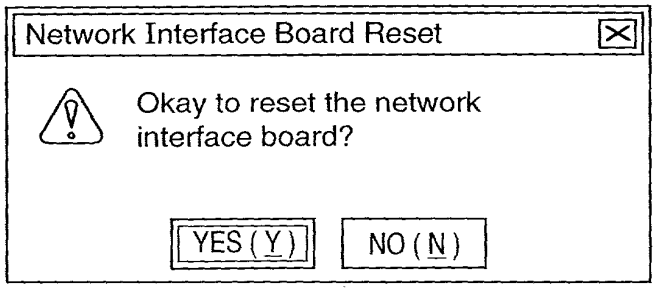


FIG. 129

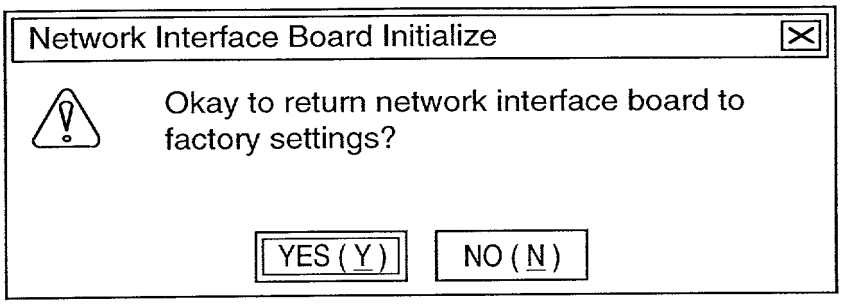


FIG. 130

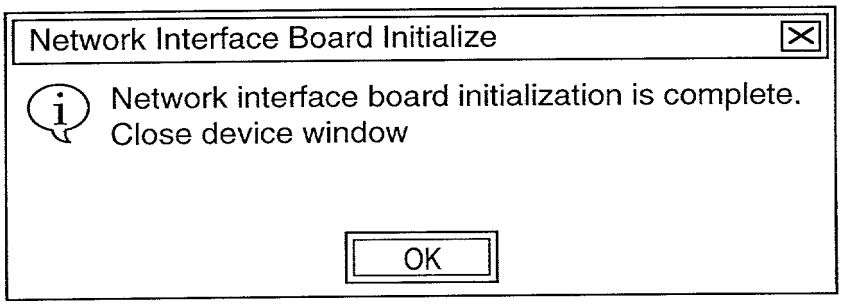


FIG. 131

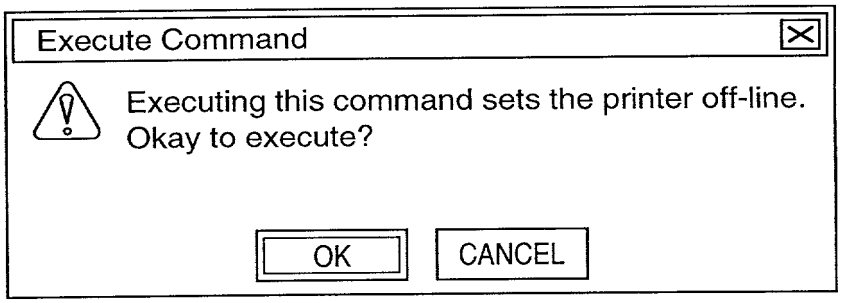


FIG. 132

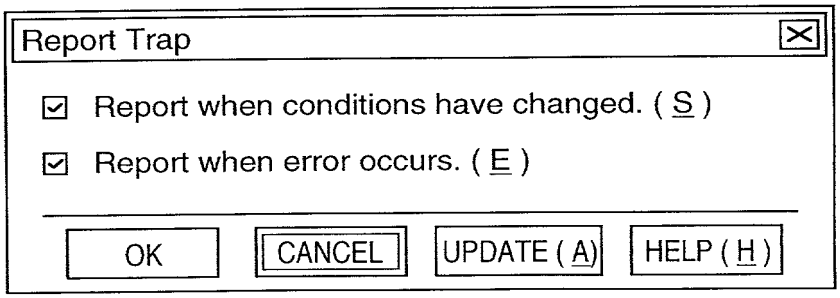


FIG. 133

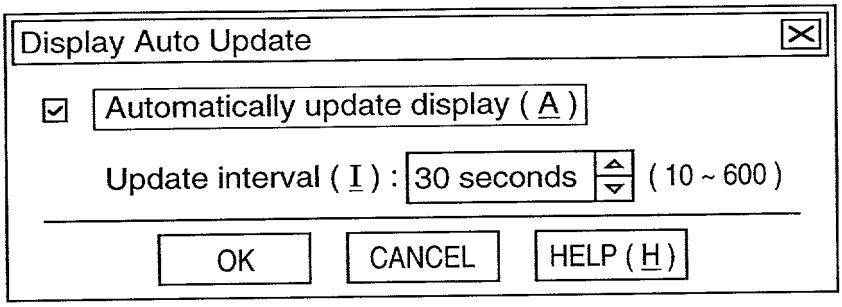


FIG. 134

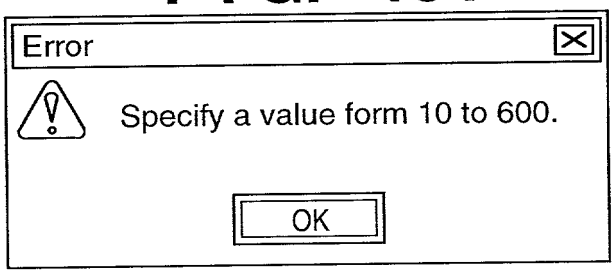


FIG. 135

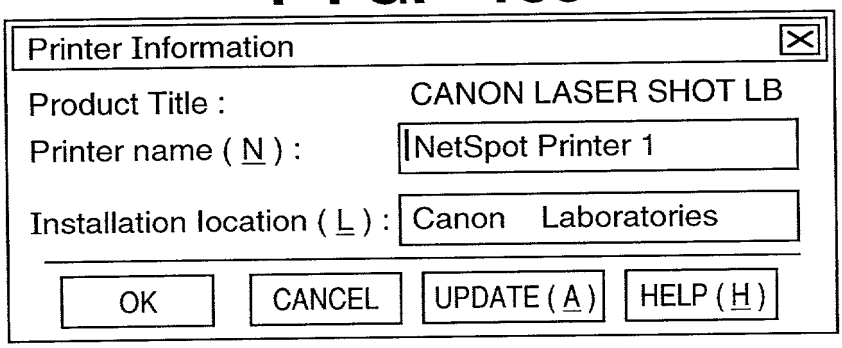


FIG. 136

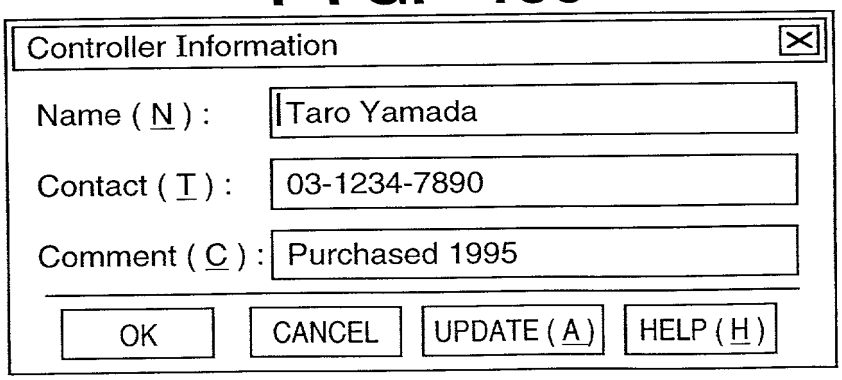


FIG. 137

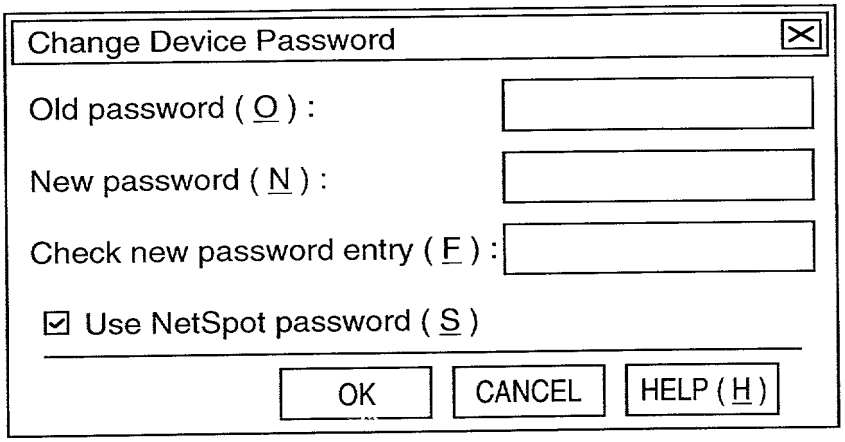


FIG. 138

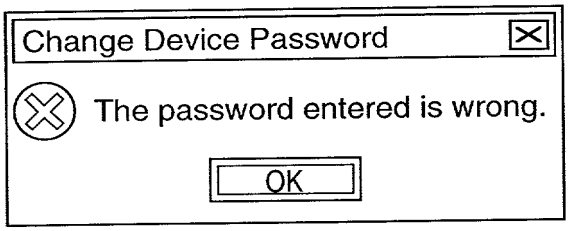


FIG. 139

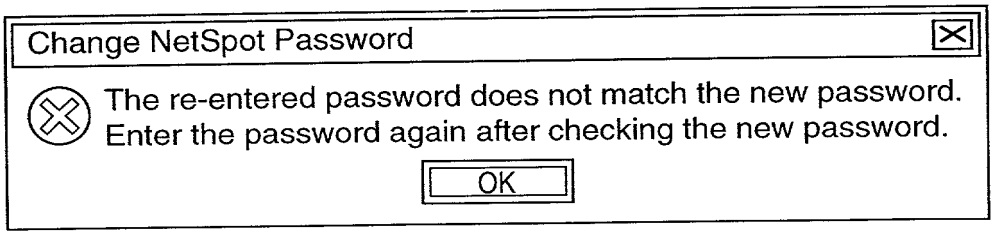


FIG. 140

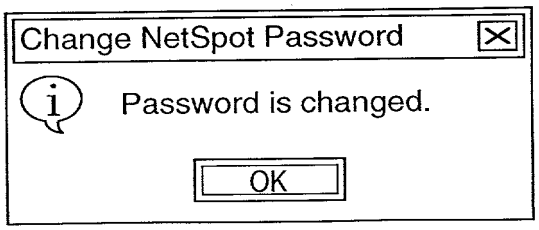


FIG. 141

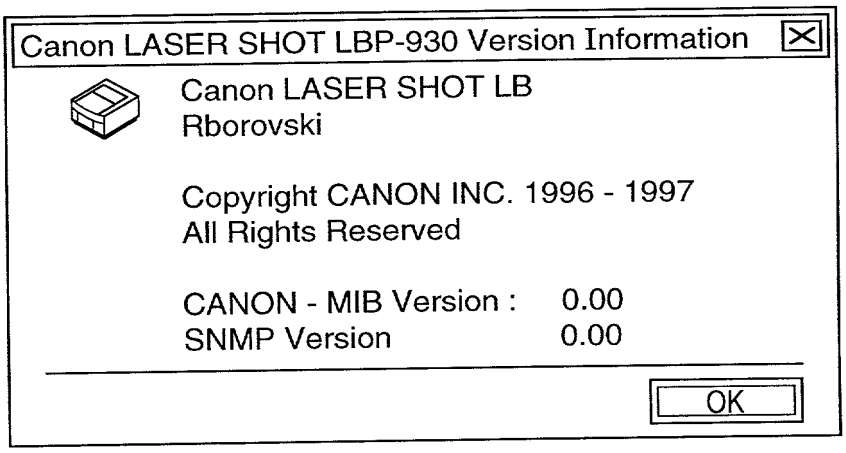


FIG. 142

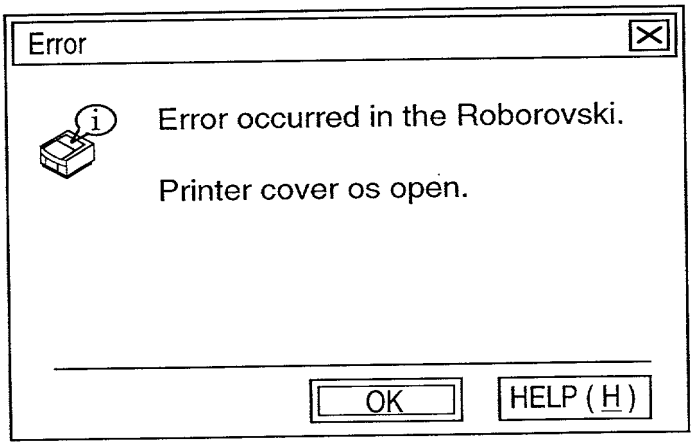


FIG. 143

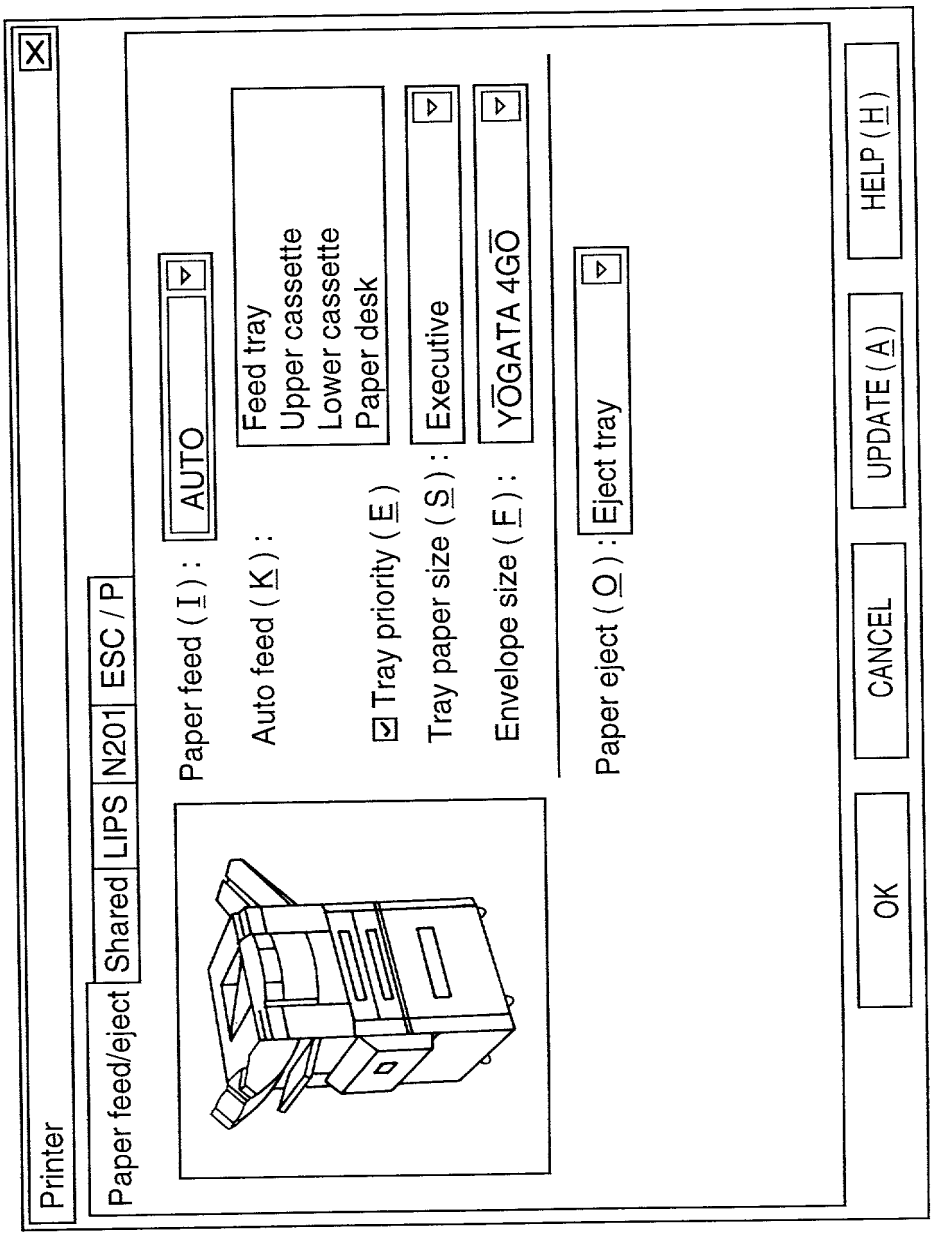

Printer
Paper feed/eject
Shared
LIPS
N201
ESC / P
Paper feed (I) :
AUTO
Auto feed (K) :
Feed tray
Upper cassette
Lower cassette
Paper desk
Tray priority (E)
Tray paper size (S) :
Executive
Envelope size (F) :
YŌGATA 4GŌ
Paper eject (O) :
Eject tray
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 144

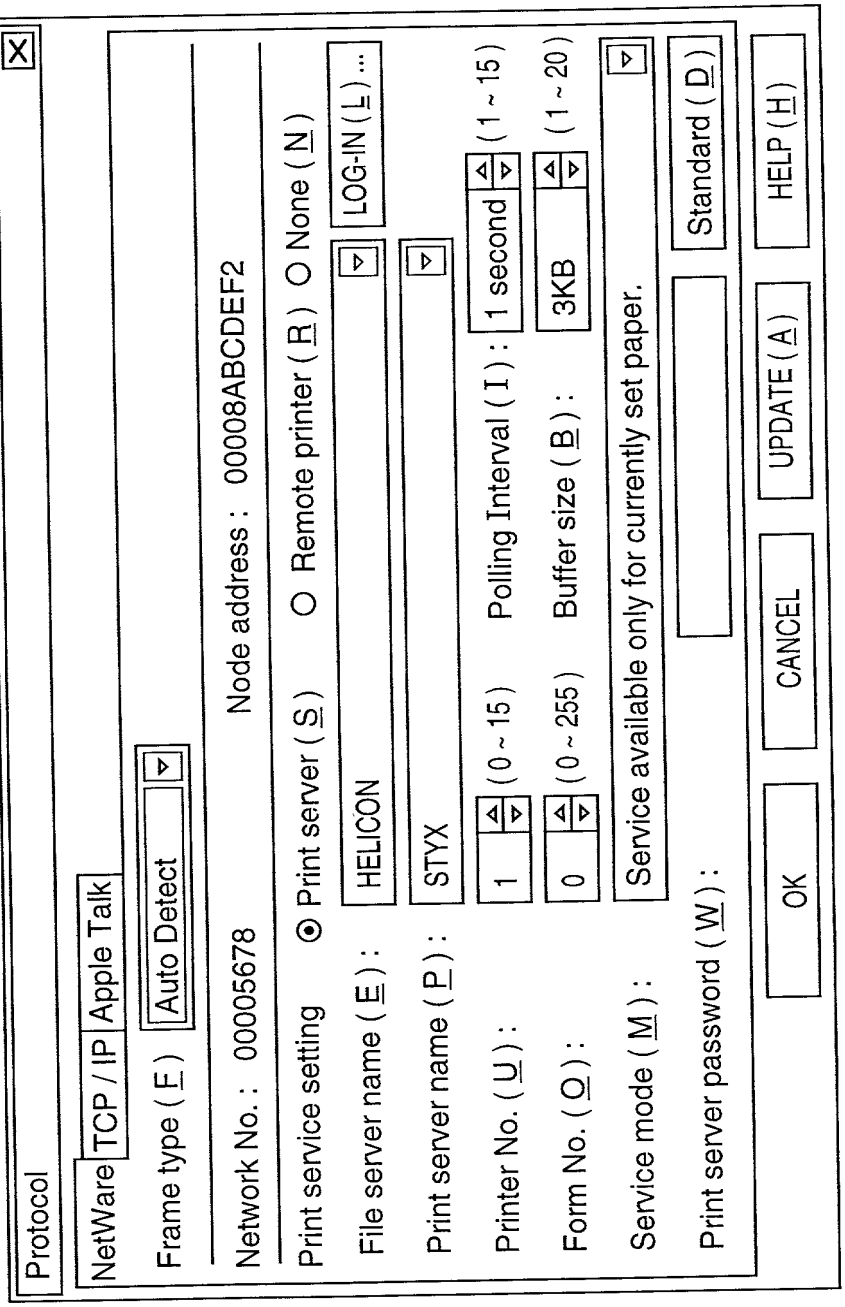

Protocol
NetWare
TCP / IP
Apple Talk
Frame type (F)
Auto Detect
Network No. : 00005678
Node address : 00008ABCDEF2
Print service setting
Print server (S)
Remote printer (R)
None (N)
File server name (E) :
HELICON
LOG-IN (L) ...
Print server name (P) :
STYX
Printer No. (U) :
1
(0 ~ 15)
Polling Interval (I) :
1 second
(1 ~ 15)
Form No. (O) :
0
(0 ~ 255)
Buffer size (B) :
3KB
(1 ~ 20)
Service mode (M) :
Service available only for currently set paper.
Print server password (W) :
Standard (D)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 145

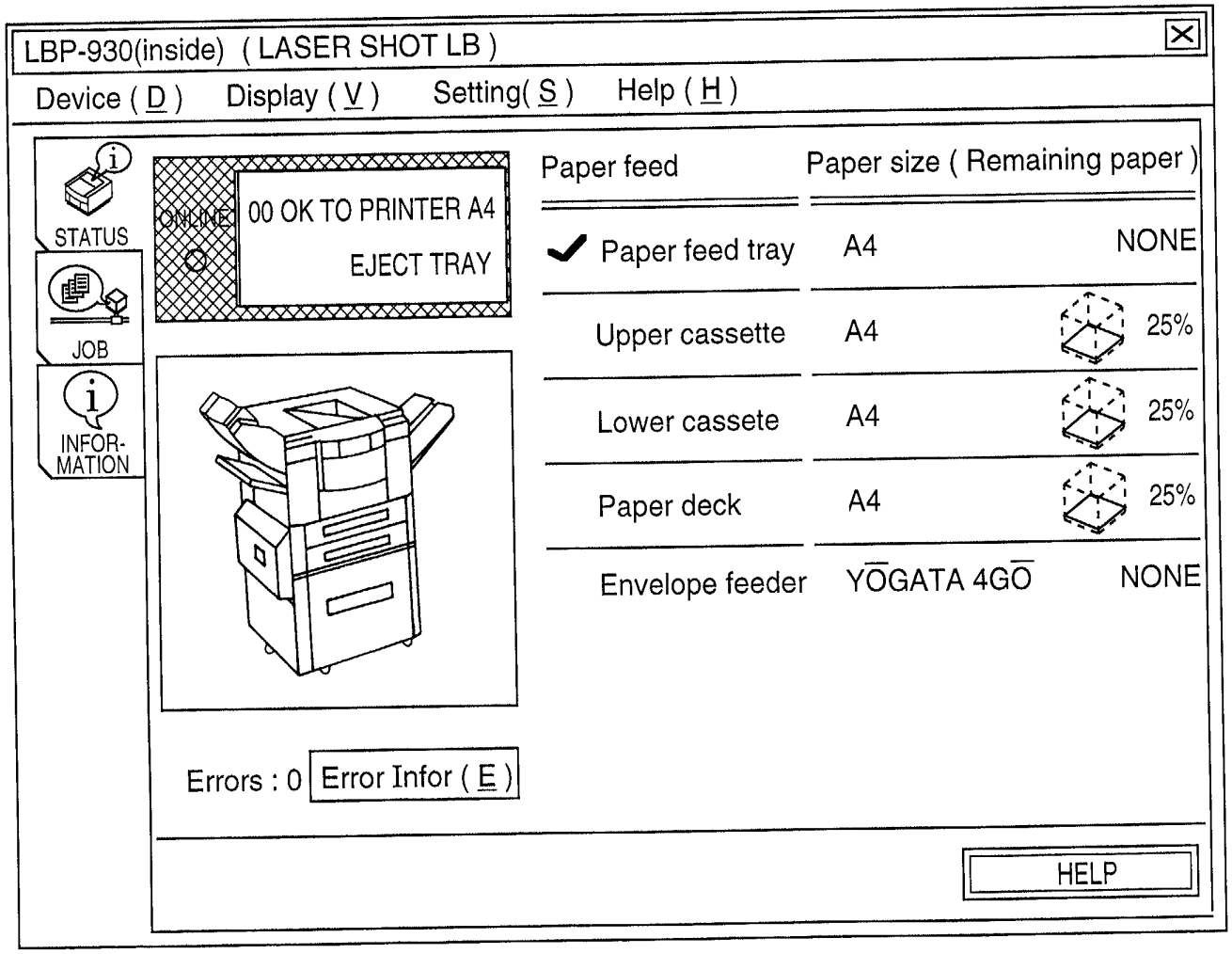

LBP-930(inside) (LASER SHOT LB)
Device (D) Display (V) Setting(S) Help (H)
STATUS
JOB
INFOR-MATION
ONLINE
00 OK TO PRINTER A4
EJECT TRAY
Paper feed
Paper size (Remaining paper)
Paper feed tray A4 NONE
Upper cassette A4 25%
Lower cassete A4 25%
Paper deck A4 25%
Envelope feeder YŌGATA 4GŌ NONE
Errors : 0
Error Infor (E)
HELP

FIG. 144

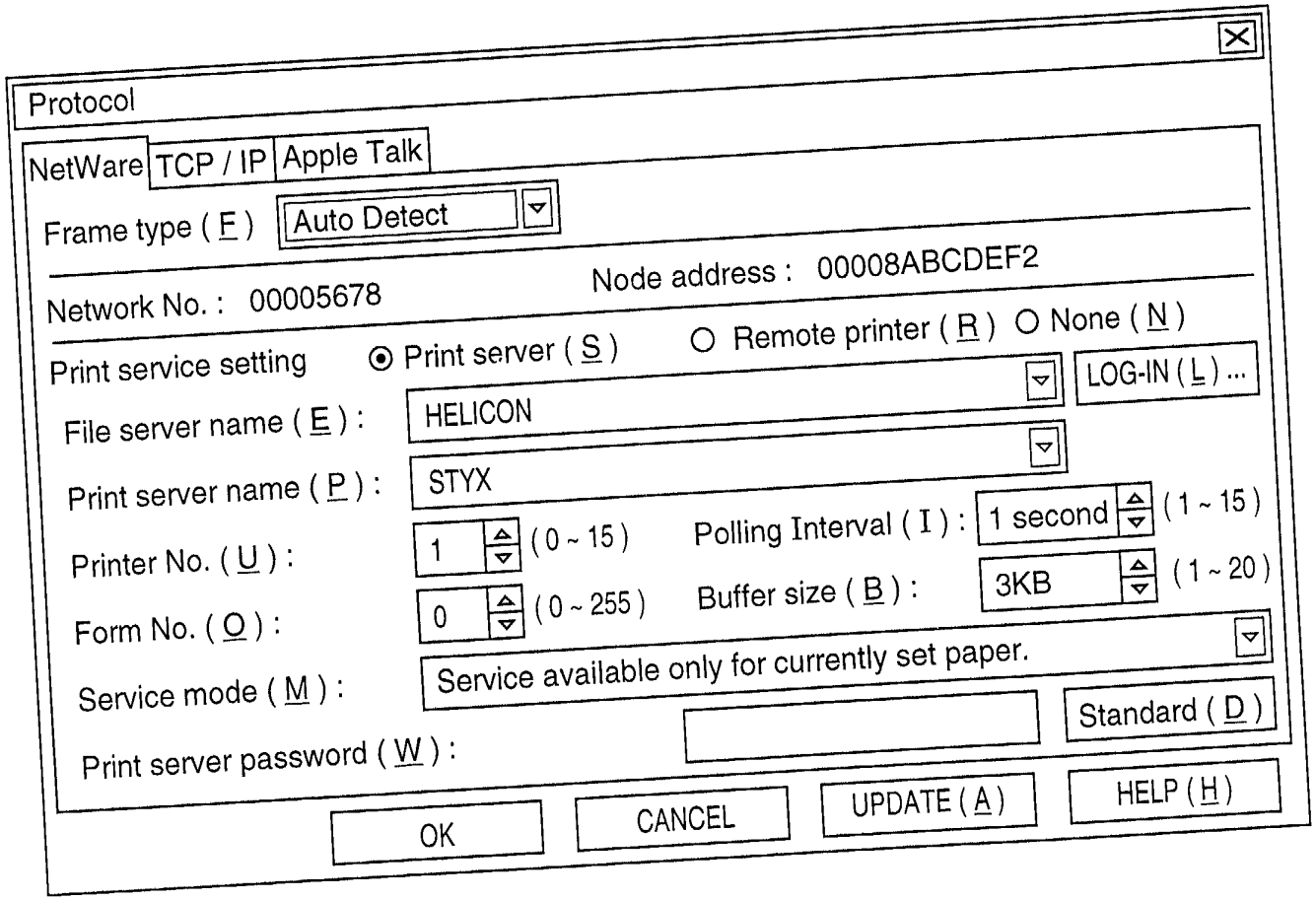

Protocol
NetWare
TCP / IP
Apple Talk
Frame type (F)
Auto Detect
Network No. : 00005678
Node address : 00008ABCDEF2
Print service setting
Print server (S)
Remote printer (R)
None (N)
File server name (E) :
HELICON
LOG-IN (L) ...
Print server name (P) :
STYX
Printer No. (U) :
1
(0 ~ 15)
Polling Interval (I) :
1 second
(1 ~ 15)
Form No. (O) :
0
(0 ~ 255)
Buffer size (B) :
3KB
(1 ~ 20)
Service mode (M) :
Service available only for currently set paper.
Print server password (W) :
Standard (D)
OK
CANCEL
UPDATE (A)
HELP (H)

FIG. 145

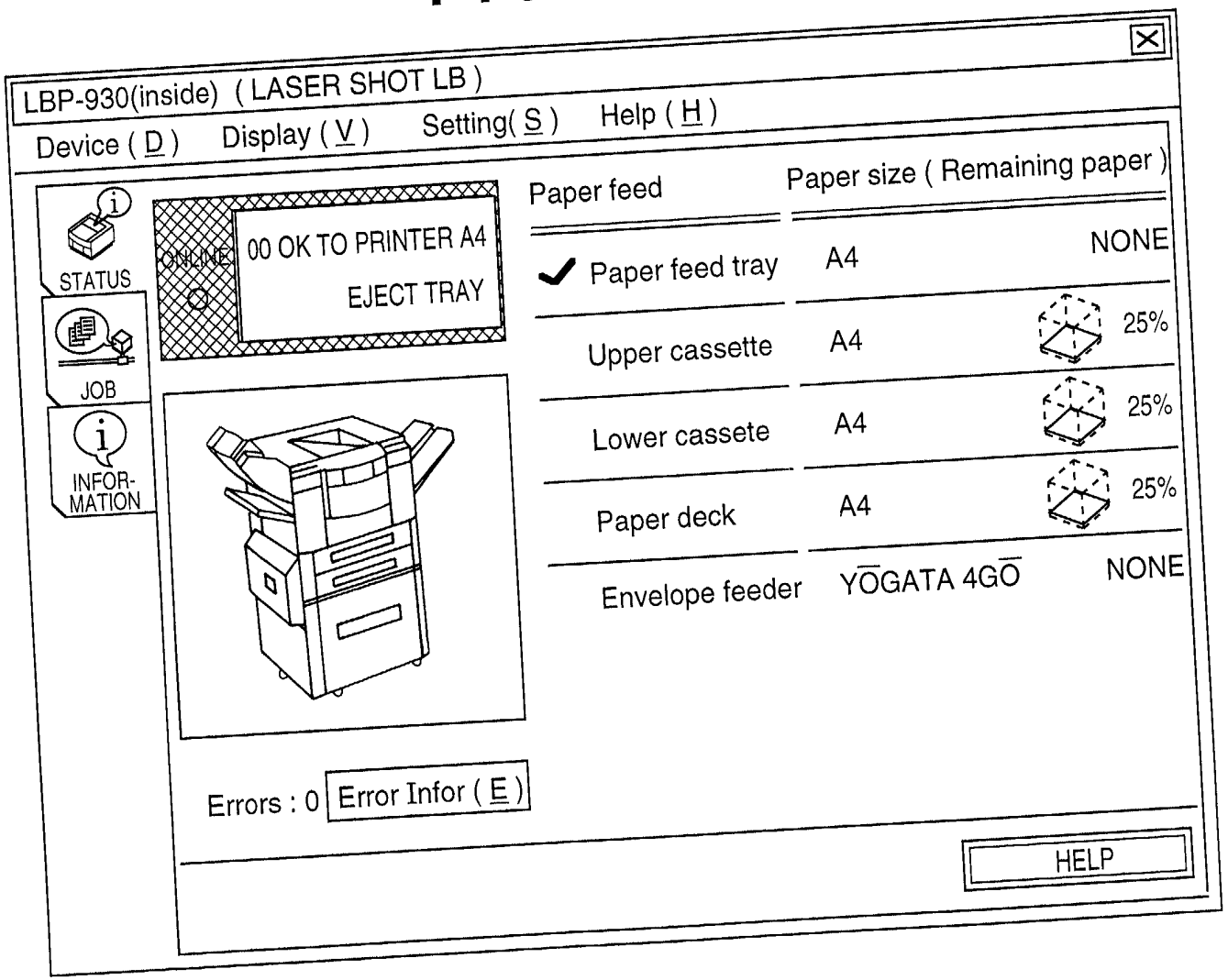

LBP-930(inside) (LASER SHOT LB)
Device (D) Display (V) Setting(S) Help (H)
STATUS
JOB
INFOR-MATION
ONLINE
00 OK TO PRINTER A4
EJECT TRAY
Paper feed
Paper size (Remaining paper)
Paper feed tray A4 NONE
Upper cassette A4 25%
Lower cassete A4 25%
Paper deck A4 25%
Envelope feeder YŌGATA 4GŌ NONE
Errors : 0
Error Infor (E)
HELP

FIG. 146

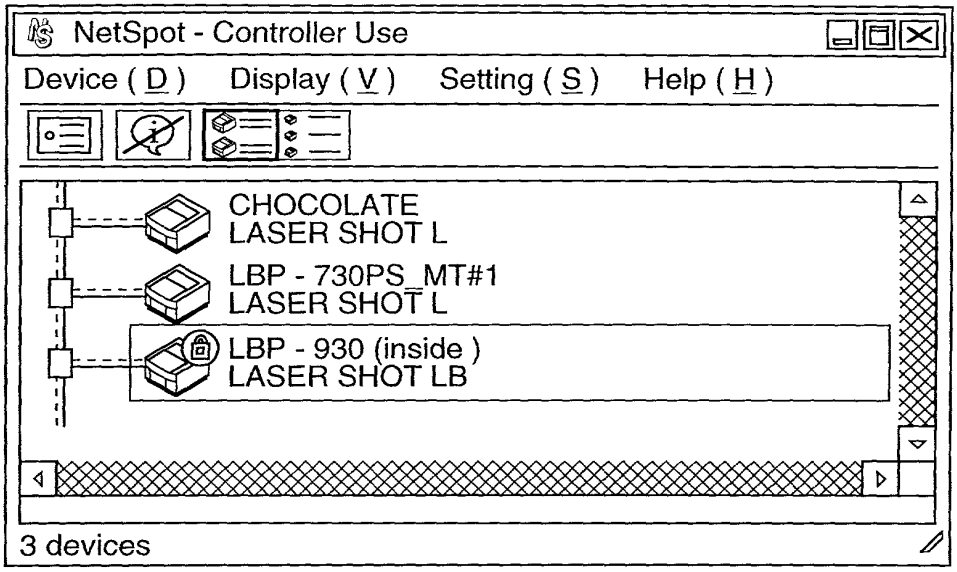


FIG. 147

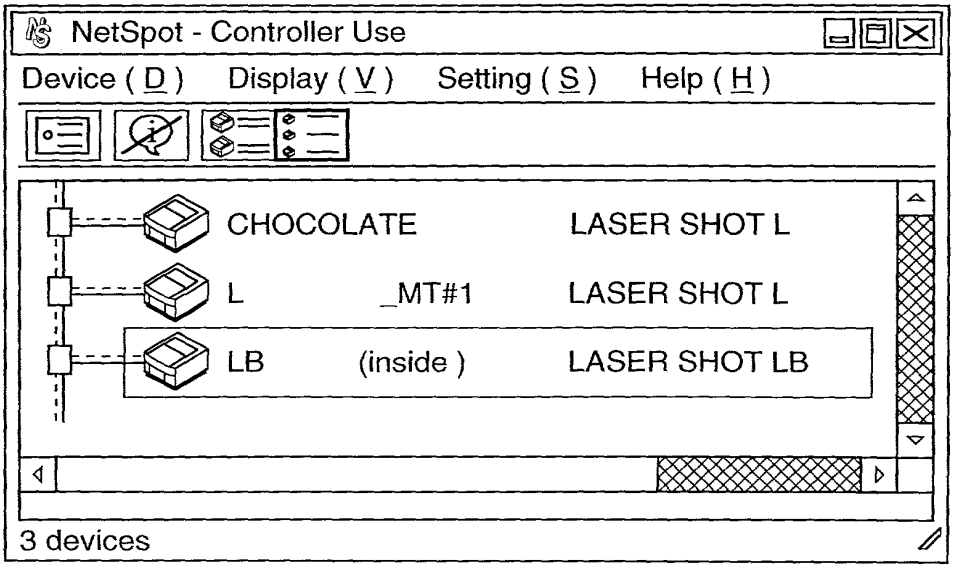


FIG. 148

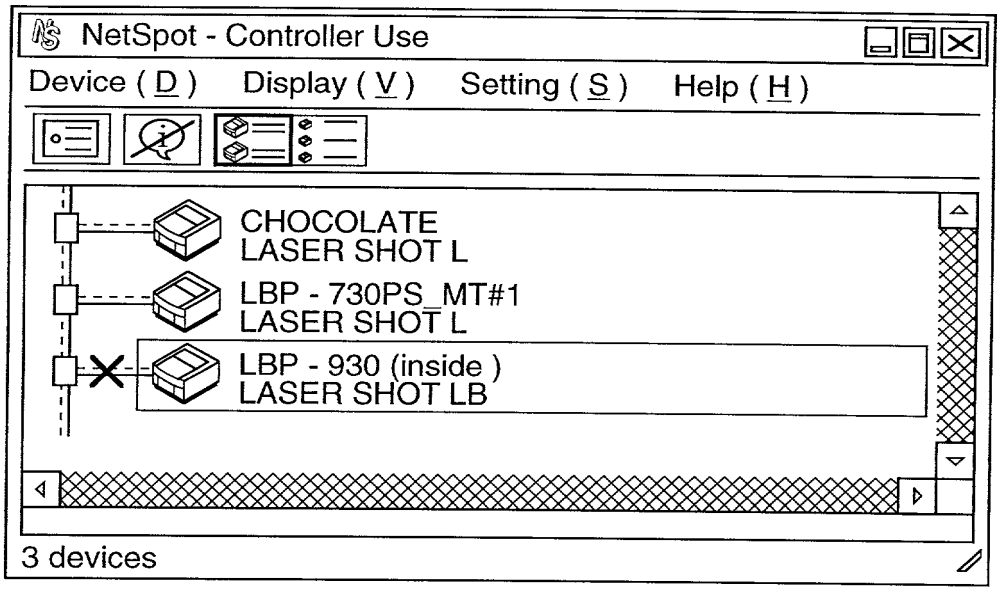


FIG. 149

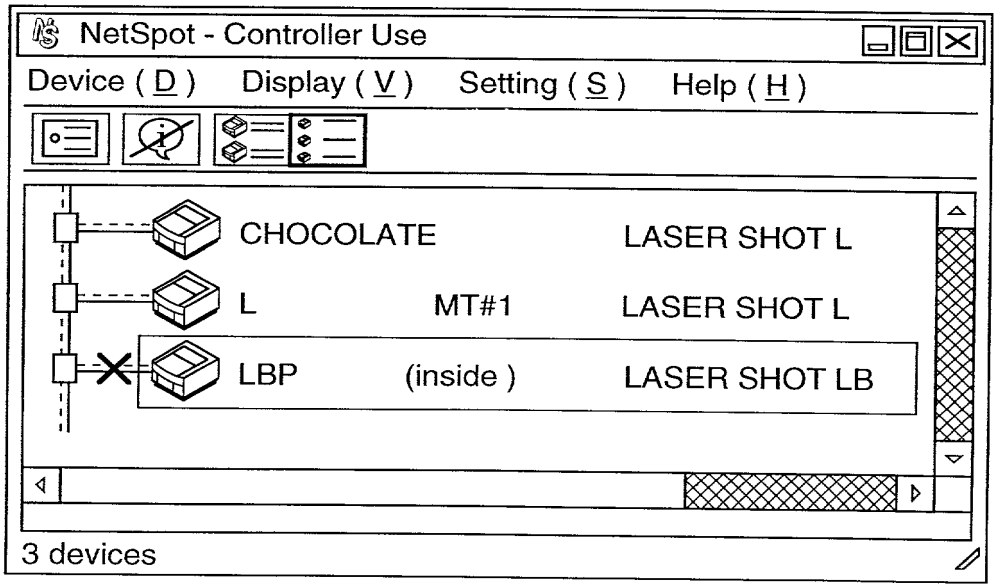


FIG. 150

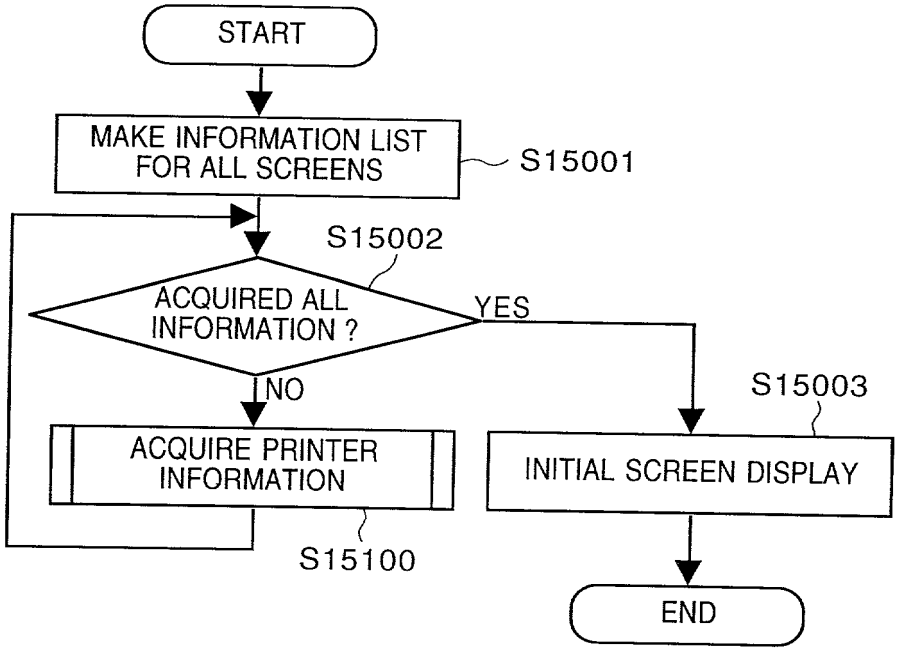
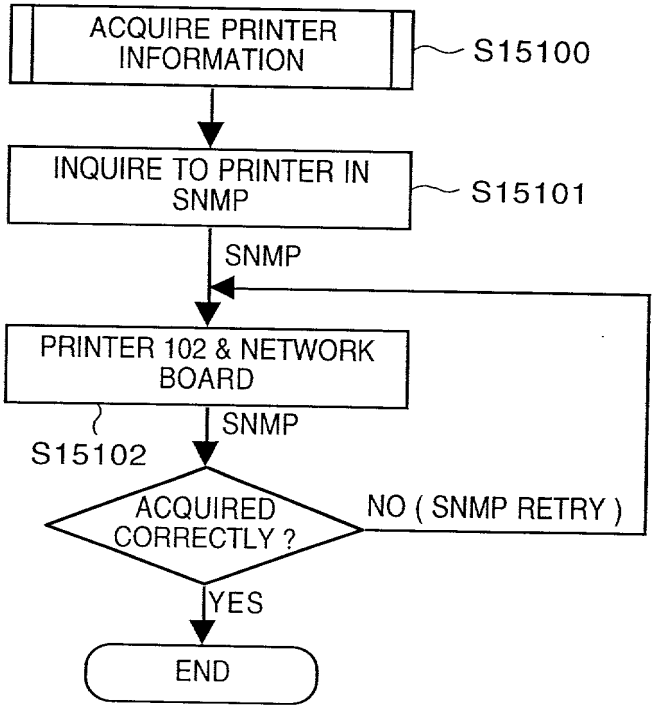


FIG. 151



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F I G. 152

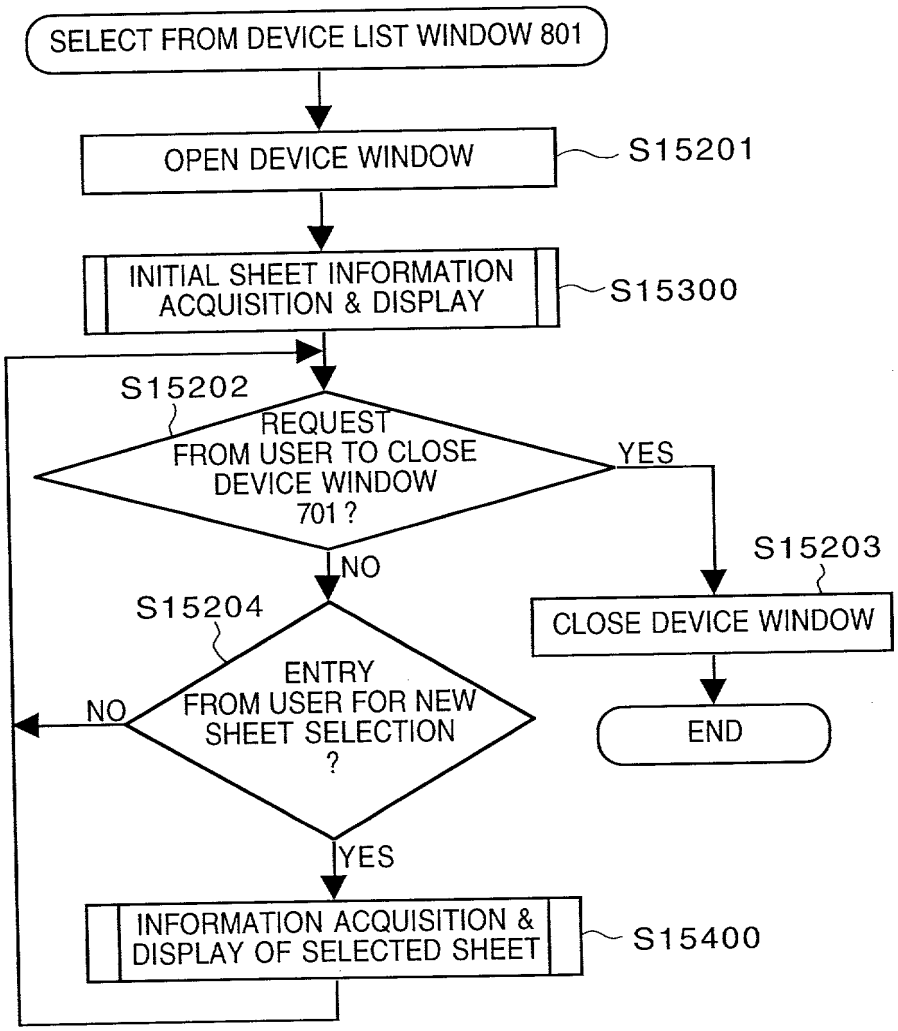
SELECT FROM DEVICE LIST WINDOW 801
OPEN DEVICE WINDOW
S15201
INITIAL SHEET INFORMATION ACQUISITION & DISPLAY
S15300
S15202
REQUEST FROM USER TO CLOSE DEVICE WINDOW 701 ?
YES
NO
S15203
CLOSE DEVICE WINDOW
END
S15204
ENTRY FROM USER FOR NEW SHEET SELECTION ?
NO
YES
INFORMATION ACQUISITION & DISPLAY OF SELECTED SHEET
S15400

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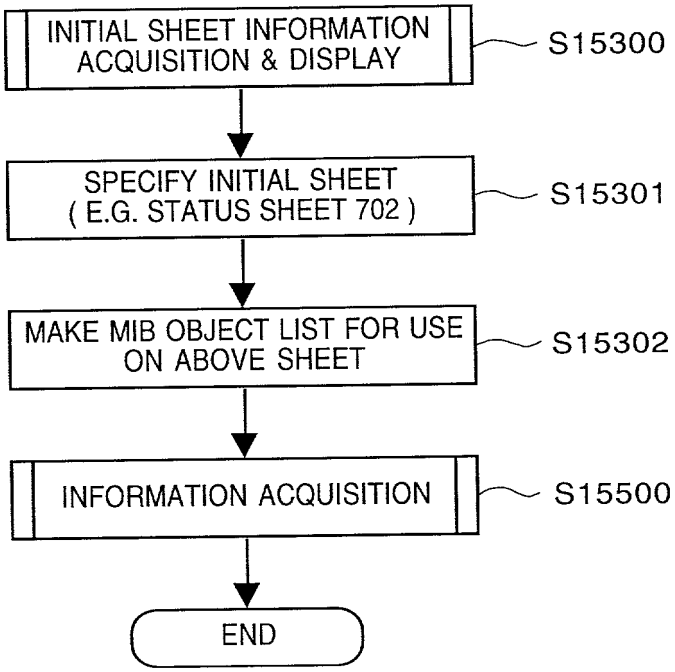
FIG. 153



2004/0205808

FIG. 154

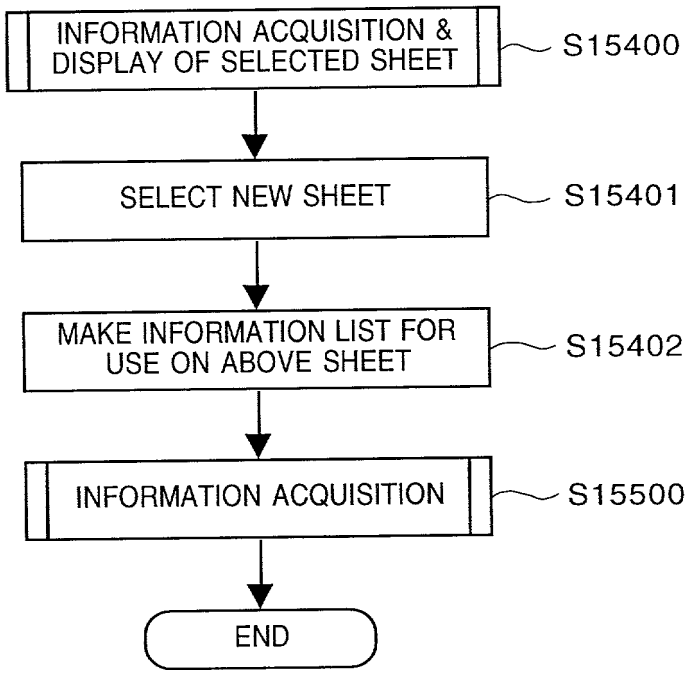
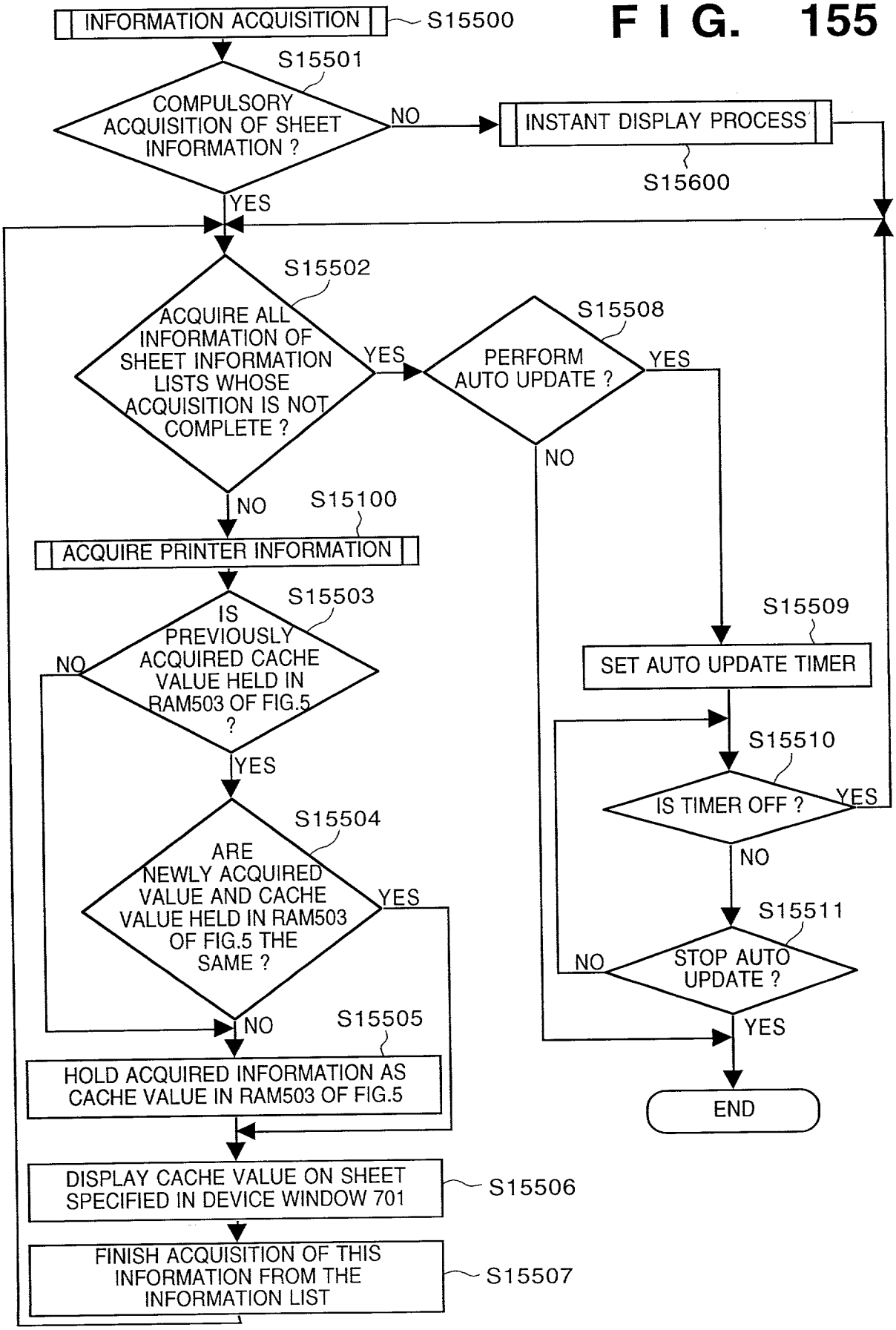


FIG. 155



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F I G. 156

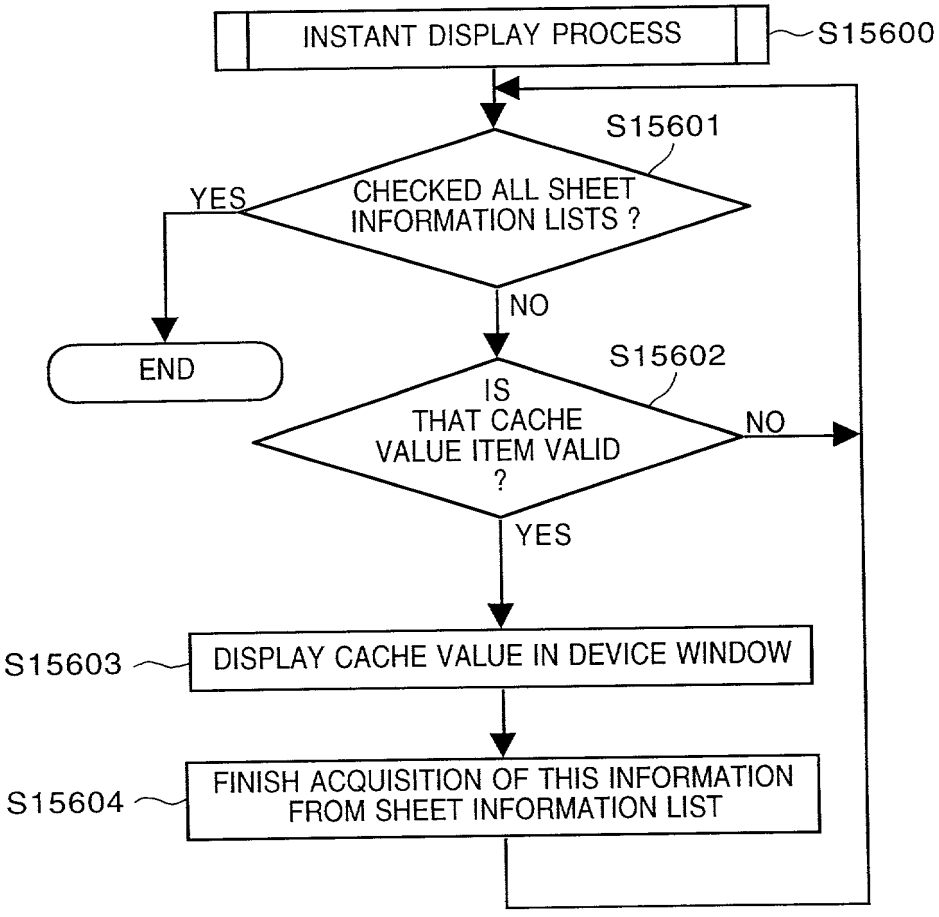


FIG. 157

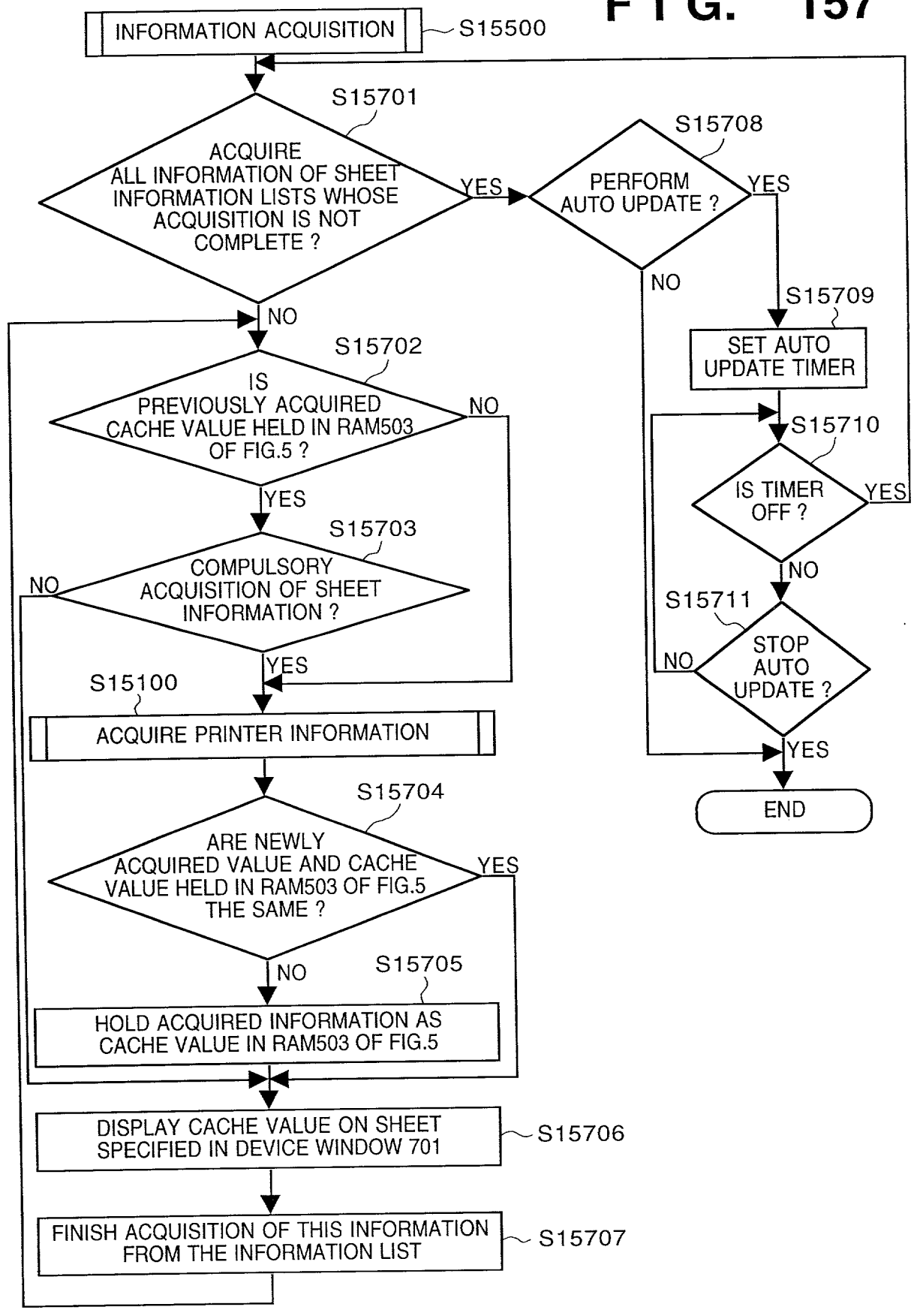

INFORMATION ACQUISITION
S15500
S15701
ACQUIRE ALL INFORMATION OF SHEET INFORMATION LISTS WHOSE ACQUISITION IS NOT COMPLETE ?
YES
NO
S15708
PERFORM AUTO UPDATE ?
YES
NO
S15709
SET AUTO UPDATE TIMER
S15710
IS TIMER OFF ?
YES
NO
S15711
STOP AUTO UPDATE ?
NO
YES
END
S15702
IS PREVIOUSLY ACQUIRED CACHE VALUE HELD IN RAM503 OF FIG.5 ?
NO
YES
S15703
COMPULSORY ACQUISITION OF SHEET INFORMATION ?
NO
YES
S15100
ACQUIRE PRINTER INFORMATION
S15704
ARE NEWLY ACQUIRED VALUE AND CACHE VALUE HELD IN RAM503 OF FIG.5 THE SAME ?
YES
NO
S15705
HOLD ACQUIRED INFORMATION AS CACHE VALUE IN RAM503 OF FIG.5
DISPLAY CACHE VALUE ON SHEET SPECIFIED IN DEVICE WINDOW 701
S15706
FINISH ACQUISITION OF THIS INFORMATION FROM THE INFORMATION LIST
S15707

FIG. 158

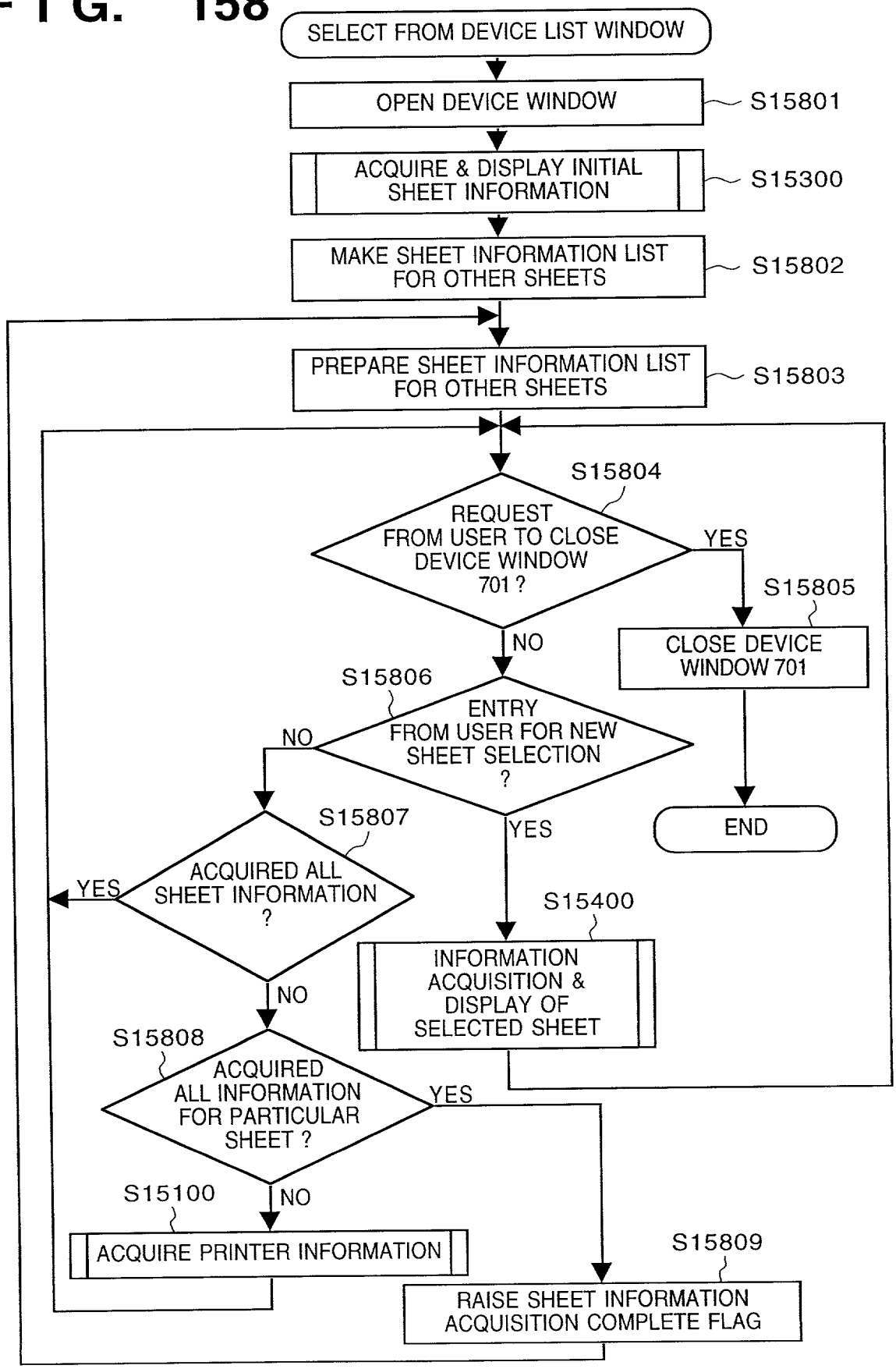

SELECT FROM DEVICE LIST WINDOW
OPEN DEVICE WINDOW
S15801
ACQUIRE & DISPLAY INITIAL SHEET INFORMATION
S15300
MAKE SHEET INFORMATION LIST FOR OTHER SHEETS
S15802
PREPARE SHEET INFORMATION LIST FOR OTHER SHEETS
S15803
S15804
REQUEST FROM USER TO CLOSE DEVICE WINDOW 701 ?
YES
S15805
CLOSE DEVICE WINDOW 701
NO
S15806
ENTRY FROM USER FOR NEW SHEET SELECTION ?
NO
YES
END
S15807
ACQUIRED ALL SHEET INFORMATION ?
YES
S15400
INFORMATION ACQUISITION & DISPLAY OF SELECTED SHEET
NO
S15808
ACQUIRED ALL INFORMATION FOR PARTICULAR SHEET ?
YES
S15100
NO
ACQUIRE PRINTER INFORMATION
S15809
RAISE SHEET INFORMATION ACQUISITION COMPLETE FLAG

FIG. 159

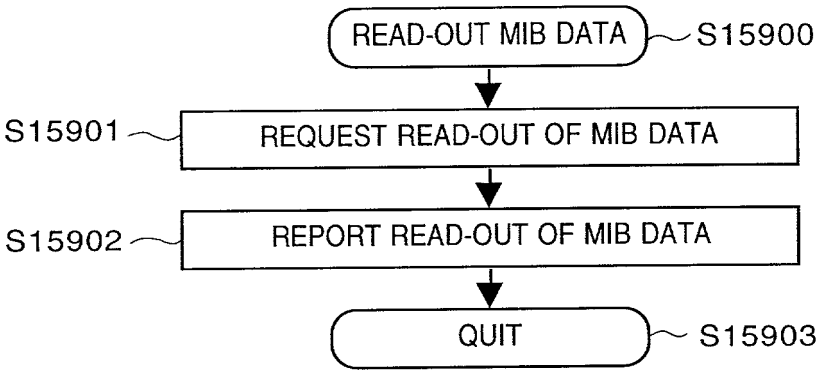


FIG. 160

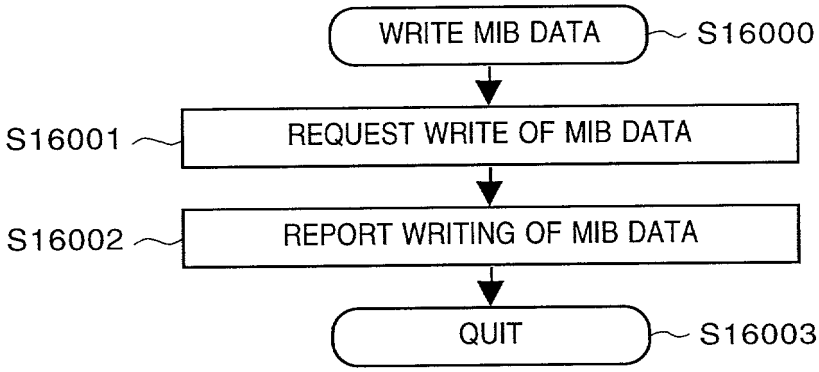
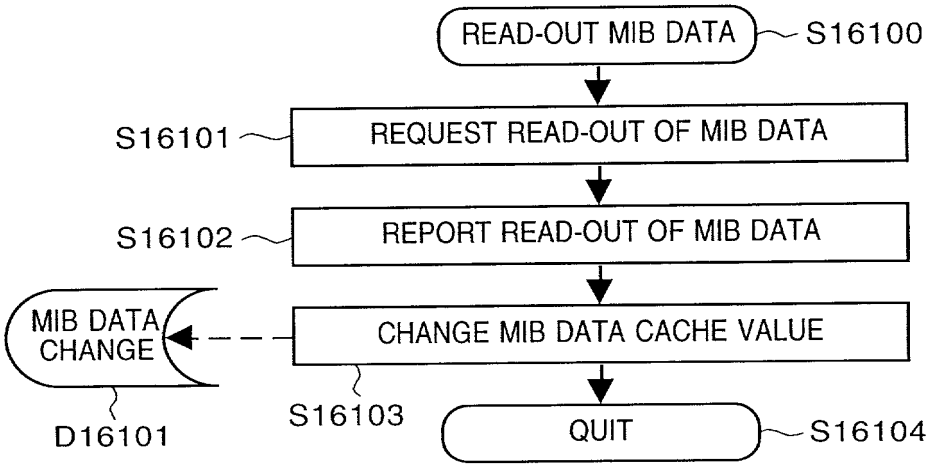
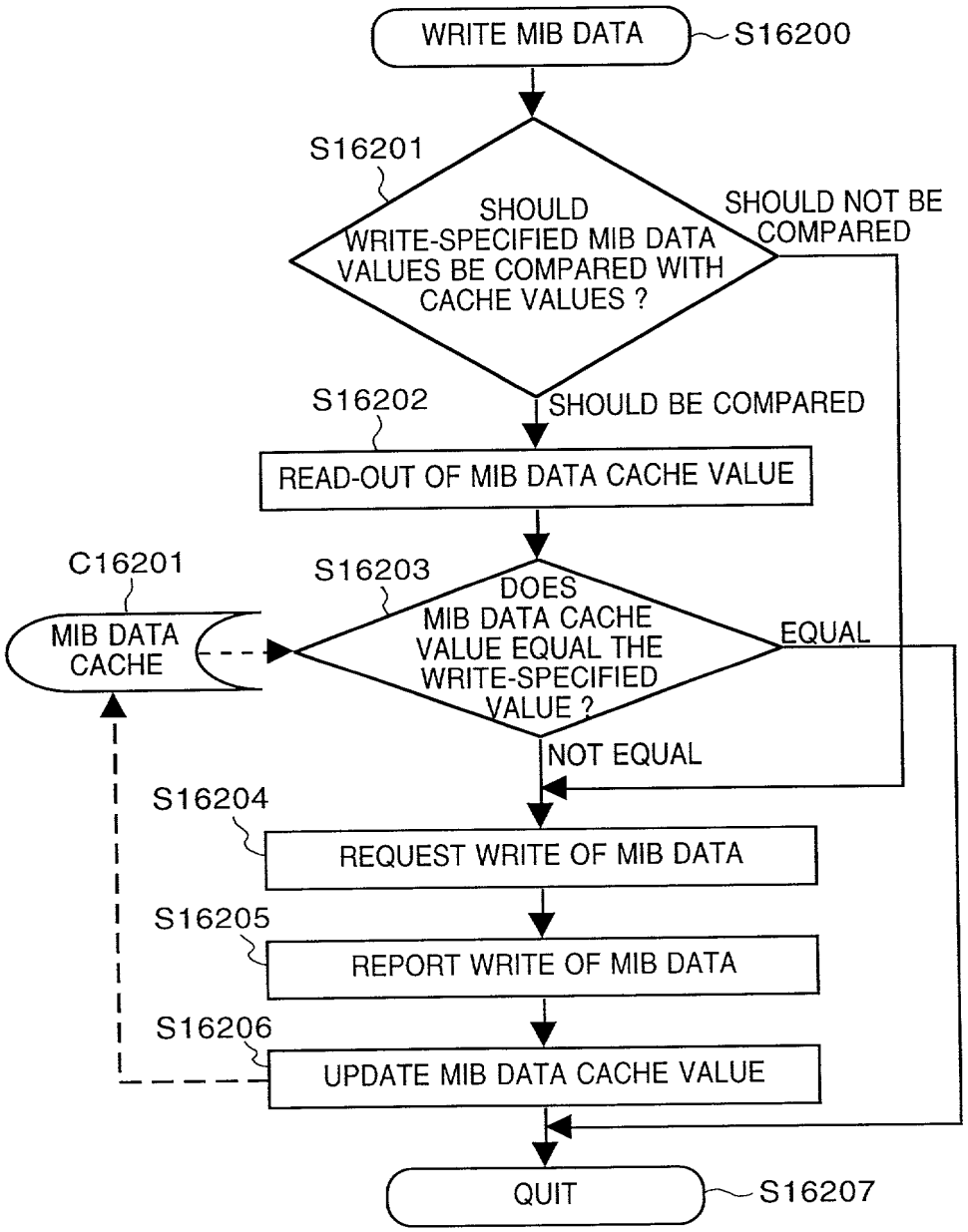


FIG. 161



F I G. 162


WRITE MIB DATA
S16200
S16201
SHOULD WRITE-SPECIFIED MIB DATA VALUES BE COMPARED WITH CACHE VALUES ?
SHOULD NOT BE COMPARED
SHOULD BE COMPARED
S16202
READ-OUT OF MIB DATA CACHE VALUE
C16201
MIB DATA CACHE
S16203
DOES MIB DATA CACHE VALUE EQUAL THE WRITE-SPECIFIED VALUE ?
EQUAL
NOT EQUAL
S16204
REQUEST WRITE OF MIB DATA
S16205
REPORT WRITE OF MIB DATA
S16206
UPDATE MIB DATA CACHE VALUE
QUIT
S16207

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